ARCHITECTURE THESIS REPORT 2019-20

SUSTAINABLE CONVENTION CENTRE ,GAUTAM BUDDHA NAGAR, UTTAR PRADESH

A THESIS SUBMITTED IN PARTIAL FULFILLMENT OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF

BACHELOR OF ARCHITECTURE IN ARCHITECTURE

by SWADHA SRIVASTAVA (Enrollment No.- 1150101078)

Under the Supervision of AR. PUJA VERMA

to the School of Architecture

BABU BANARASI DAS UNIVERSITY LUCKNOW

May, 2020

SCHOOL OF ARCHITECTURE AND PLANNING BABU BANARASI DAS UNIVERSITY, LUCKNOW (U.P.).

CERTIFICATE

I hereby recommend that the thesis entitled, " **SUSTAINABLE CONVENTION CENTRE, GAUTAM BUDDHA NAAGAR, UTTAR PRADESH** " under the supervision, is the bonafide work of the student and can be accepted as partial fulfillment of the requirement for the degree of Bachelor's degree in architecture, School of Architecture and Planning, BBDU, Lucknow.

Prof. Mohit Kumar Agarwal Dean of Department -----

Prof. Sangeeta Sharma Head of Department

Recommendation

Accepted

Not Accepted

External Examiner

External Examiner

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1. Name: 2. Roll No				
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5. Faculty of the University to which the thesis is submitted.				
6. Thesis Preparation Guide was referred to for preparing the thesis. YES NO				
7. Specifications regarding thesis format have been closely followed. YES NO				
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> THANK YOU SWADHA SRIVASTAVA

BABU BANARASI DAS UNIVERSITY, LUCKNOW B.ARCH THESIS 2019-20 CERTIFICATE

DEPARTMENT THESIS TITLE THESIS GUIDE REMARKS : STATISFACTORY / NOT S satisfactory give comment	
Signature of thesis guide	Signature of External Examiner :- 1
Signature of thesis coordinator	Signature of External Examiner :- 2
Signature of Head of Department	Signature of Dean of School

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INTRODUCTION SUSTAINABLE CONVENTION <u>CENTRE</u>

(NOIDA, UTTAR PRADESH)

WHAT IS CONVENTION CENTRE ??

- A convention is a gathering of individuals who meet at an arranged place and time to discuss or engage in some common interest.
- Conventions are often planned and coordinated by professional meeting and convention planners, generally by staff of the convention's hosting company.
- Most large cities will have a convention centre dedicated to hosting such events. The term MICE - Meetings Incentives Conventions and Exhibitions is widely used in Asia as a description of the industry.
- There are various types of conventions; the most common conventions are based upon industry, profession and fandom. They can be typically described as –
- <u>TRADE CONVENTION</u> It typically lays focus on a particular industry or industry segment, and feature keynote speakers, vendor displays, and other information and activities of interest to the event organizers and attendees.
- **PROFESSIONAL CONVENTIONS** They focus on issue of concern to the profession and advancements in the profession. Such conventions are generally organized by societies dedicated to promotion of the topic of interest.
- <u>FAN CONVENTIONS</u> They usually feature displays, shows, and sales based on pop cultures and guest celebrities.
- <u>SEMINARS</u> They are meetings organized to celebrate major events and religious ceremonies. Common social events include - anniversaries, weddings and birthdays.
- <u>TRADE SHOWS / EXHIBITIONS</u> They are an opportunity for companies to exhibit some of their latest products.

HISTORY AND BACKGROUND -

- The first CONVENTION CENTRES can be traced back to mid-I 9th century Britain. Commonly known as exhibition halls, the centers were designed to bring together people to discuss and explore their mutual interest of a subject.
- These imposing Victorian buildings often covered several acres and were multi-functional incorporating lecture halls, libraries, galleries, theatres and exhibition areas.

• EXAMPLE – I. The Crystal Palace, Hyde Park

Among the first historical convention centers constructed was The Crystal Palace in London's Hyde Park. Providing **92,000 sq.mt.** of exhibition space, the building was erected in 1851 to house The Great Exhibition a grand show case of modern industrial technology and design.

- Organized by Prince Albert and inventor Henry Cole, the Great Exhibition was an international platform for world powers to demonstrate their technological and cultural achievements.
- Although countries all around the world could contribute, British exhibits - from working machinery to scientific and surgical instruments - took center stage, promoting Britain's position as a great industrial power.
- In 1854 the Crystal Palace was dismantled and re-built in Sydenham, an area of south London which by association became known as Crystal Palace. Ravaged by fire in 1936, the building was eventually pulled down.
- EXAMPLE <u>2. Bingley Hall, Birmingham</u>.
- Constructed in 1850 from surplus steels used to build Euston Station, the exhibition hall boasted over an acre of exhibition space and was serviced by ten entrances.

AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE PROJECT -

Following are the objectives which is required in the designing of the convention centre –

- I. To create a place for social and cultural gathering.
- 2. To create a venue for exhibition and interaction
- 3. To design a eco- friendly and ecomically sustainable building
- 4. To create interactive spaces and landscaping to generate public interest.
- 5. To create a landmark through evolving sustainable architectural features.
- 6. To design in a manner to reduce carbon footprint in an environment
- 7. To explore how it proves beneficial for urban growth

SCOPE OF THE PROJECT -

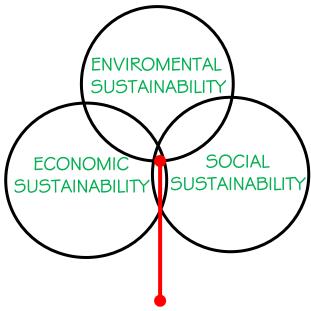
- To evolve a design with forms and spaces with distinct architectural characteristics.
- To mainly focus on space utilization and functions and sustainability
- The project deals with the design which is well adoptable in terms of typology, function and climatic conditions.

LIMITATIONS OF THE PROJECT -

- I. Financial aspect of the project will not be considered, however a rough estimate be provided.
- 2. Work mainly focuses on design, functionality and services.
- 3. Thesis will provide architectural solutions and not other aspects like management and economics .
- 4. The project will be design oriented and detail structural elements and services detailing comes under limitations.

<u>WHAT IS SUSTAINABILITY ??</u> (concept of the project)

- Sustainability can be defined as continued ability of the society, an ecosystem or any such interactive system to function without exhausting key resources and without adversely affecting the environment .
- Sustainable development has been defined by the Brundtland commission (1987) as the development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of the future generations to meet their own needs.



CORE OF SUSTAINABILITY

This building serves as the core of sustainability by satisfying economical, social and environmental conditions

HOW THIS BUILDING IS SUSTAINABLE ?

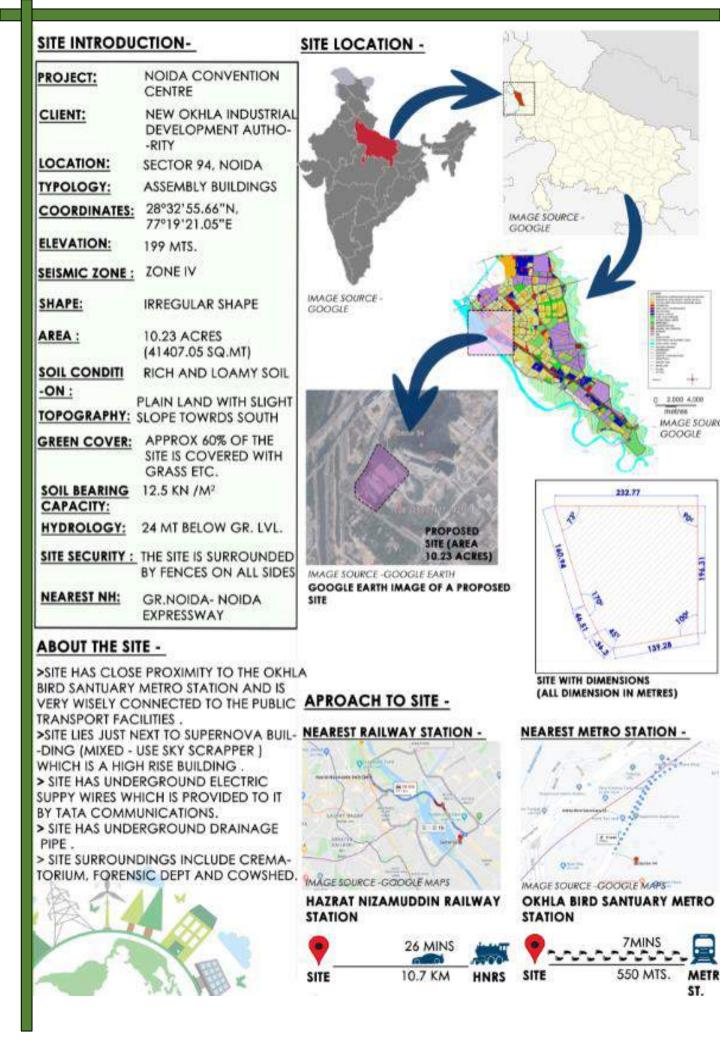
- The designing of the building is based on method of energy efficient manners of designing such as to optimize the resources to be used by future generation .
- The focus has been done on each aspect of designing and simplifying the movement of people and resources .
- There are many methods which has been involved, various passive technologies, use of materials having high thermal mass and various others attempts have been made to make

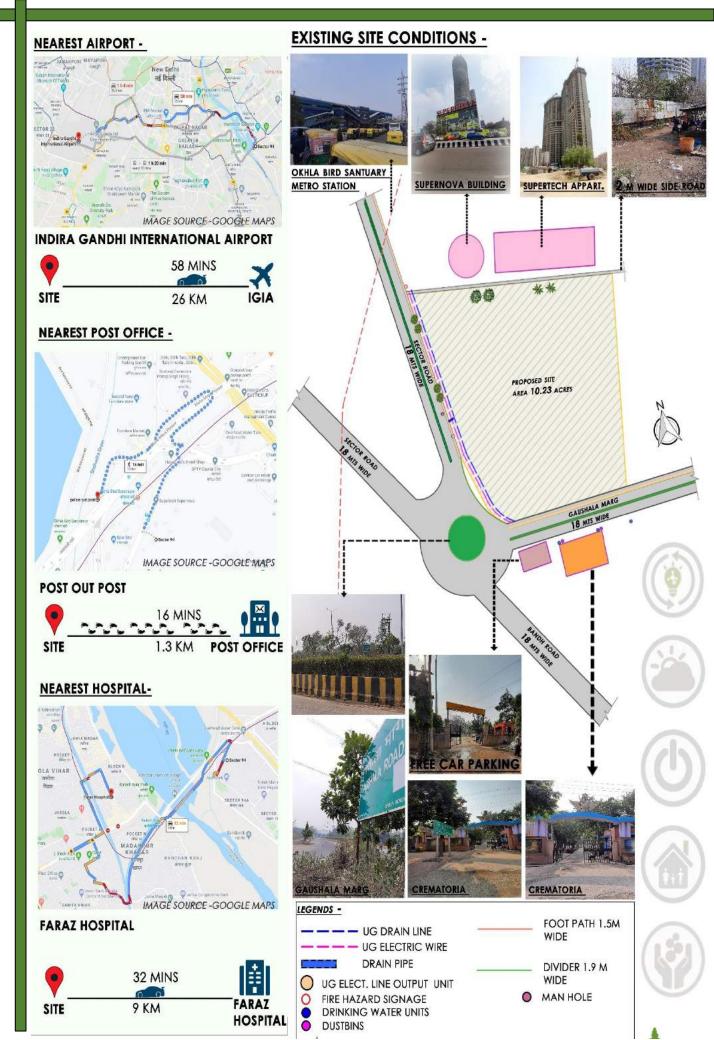
- The building energy efficient .

<u>Few measures include –</u>

- I. The building is oriented in such a manner that it takes ample use of wind direction and sunlight.
- 2. It has a central courtyard in the north east direction as to trap maximum wind which is essential for ventilation and maintenance of optimum atmosphere.
- **3.** cool air shaft is provided in each block which is connected to earth air tunnel so as to maintain the comfortable temperature inside .
- 4. Use of exposed brickwork in the facade and exposed concrete, which requires very low maintenance.
- 5. Replacement of cement in concrete with FAL-G (fli ash lime –gypsum) which reduces carbon footprint by 30%
- 6. These material have high thermal mass which can absorb lot of heat without heating the internal space .
- 7. Use of solar chimney is provided which act as a cool air shaft to cool the interior space and maintaining the optimum temperature of $24-27^{\circ}c$.
- 8. Hybrid system of mechanical ventilation is used . which involve cooling the space through earth air tunnel and absorption chiller plant
- 9. Power production is done through a hybrid system which use 70% biogas and 30% diesel
- I O.Waste water management is done through root zone system, also wetland has been provided on the site in the direction of the natural slope.
- I I.Storm water collection is done by providing gutter on the roof and letting the water in rain water recharge pit and also water seeps down the soil to recharge ground water level .
- I 2. Wet land is created on the side with reed beds for purification of waste water .
- 13.Solid waste management plant is provided on the site which produces biomass which helps to produce manure and facilitate manuring in landscape around the building.
- 14.Care has been taken to maintain the inside temperature of 25-27°c so as to reduce the cooling load on the chillar plant

SITE STUDY





ON SITE AND OFF SITE CONSIDERATIONS -

1. VEGETATION AT SITE -

AS THE SITE IS LOCATED IN NOIDA AND ON THE BANKS OF RIVER YAMUNA, IT HAS SANDY SOIL AND FAVOURABLE FOR THE GROWTH OF DECIDUOUS TREES



BANANA TREE



EUCALYPTUS TREE

THE SITE IS GREEN AND PLAIN ALSO THE GROWTH OF WHEAT AND RICE WERE AVAILABE AT VARIOUS PARTS



SERVICES AT SITE-





(IMAGE SOURCE SURVEY)



(IMAGE SOURCE SURVEY)

(IMAGE SOURCE SURVEY)

IT IS LUSH GREEN

SINCE NO CONSTRUCTION

HAS BEEN STARTED AT SITE.

UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC WIRE FACILITIES





(IMAGE SOURCE SURVEY)

UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE PIPES

SITE CONDITIONS-







(IMAGE SOURCE SURVEY) GAS PIPELINE SIGNAGE

(IMAGE SOURCE SURVEY)

SITE IS SOURROUNDED BY FENCES FROM ALL SIDES

LOCAL BUILDING MATERIALS -

MOST OFTEN USED BUILDING MATERIALS WERE REINFORCED STEEL BARS CONCRETE, MASONARY BRICKS, GLASS, STONES, CERAMIC TILES, ETC.

BUILDING BYE LAWS -

TYPE OF BUILDING -ASSEMBLY BUILDING F.A.R. -1.30 PERMISSIBLE GROUND 30 % COVERAGE-15.0 MT. SETBACKS - (FRONT) 9.0 MT. (REAR) 9.0 MT. (SIDES) PERMISSIBLE HEIGHT - NO LIMIT PARKING -**1 PARKING SPACE FOR 20 SEATS** LANDSCAPING - PROVISION FOR RAIN WATER HARVESTING IN ALL CATE -GORIES OF PLOTS EXCEEDING 300 SQUARE METRES IN

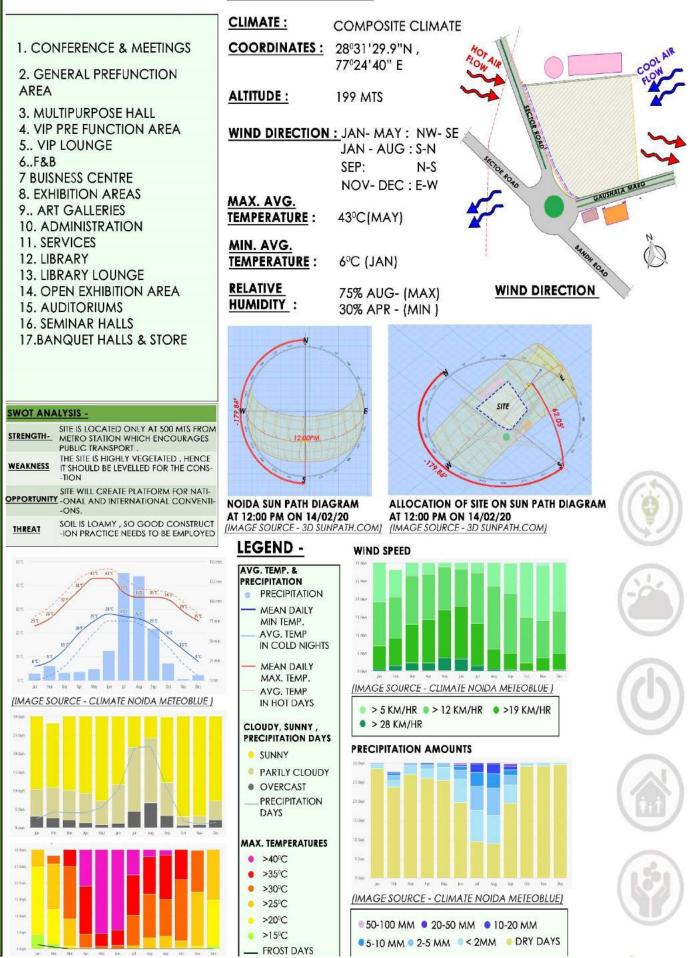
AREA SHALL HAVE TO BE PROVIDED.



(IMAGE SOURCE SURVEY)

TENTATIVE REQUIREMENTS -

CLIMATE ANALYSIS -



<u>CASE STUDY - I</u> <u>INDIAN HABITAT CENTRE</u>, <u>NEW DELHI</u>

INDIAN HABITAT CENTER , NEWDELHI



LOCATION :	LODHI ROAD NEAR AIR FORCE ,BAL BHARATI SCHOOL, NEW DELHI		
ARCHITECT OF PROJECT :	AR. JOESPH ALLEN STEIN		
COORDINATES:	28° 35' 22.5"N 77° 13' 32.3"E		
ELEVATION :	210 MTS		
SEISMIC ZONE :	ZONEIV		
SITE AREA :	9 ACRES (36414 SQ.MT)		
TOTAL BUILTUP AREA	22.9 ACRES (92903.0 SQ.MT.)		
ACHIEVED F.A.R	2.54		
YEAR OF COMPLETION :	1993		
PROGRAMMES OF IHC :	CONVENTION CENTER, AUDITORIUM, CONFER- -ENCE, HABITAT FILM CLUB, GUEST ROOM/ SUITS, GYMNASIUM, SPAS EXHIBITION, RESTAURANT, DINING HALLS AND FOOD COURT		
<u>BUILDING</u> HEIGHT :	30 MTS		

OBJECTIVES OF CASE STUDY -

- TO STUDY VARIOUS FUNCTIONS AND THEIR RELATIONSHIPS.
- TO STUDY THE CRITERIA OF THE CONVENTION CENTRE.
- TO STUDY THE EFFICIENCY OF SPACES
- TO KNOW ACTUAL DIMENSION OF SPACES
- TO TAKE RIGHT PATH FROM INFERENCES THROUGH CASE STUDIES

ABOUT THE ARCHITECT :



JOESPH ALLEN STEIN 10 APRIL 1912 -6 OCTOBER 2001



IIM KOZHIKODE CAMPUS



HIS PHILOSOPHY -

 MR. STEIN BROUGHT A CALIFORNIA MODERNISM SENSITIVITY TO THE COUNTRY. HIS APPROACH IS
 CALLED MODERN REGIONALISM.
 ACCORDING TO HIM
 "REGIONAL WITHOUT MODERN IS REACTIONARY, AND MODERN WITHOUT REGIONAL IS
 INSENSITIVE, INAPPROPRIATE." WHICH MEANS BUILDING SHOULD REFLECT THE CULTURE AND TRADITION OF ITS REGION THROUGH ITS DESIGN AND MATERIALS.

HIS DESIGN FEATURES -

INTERRELATIONSHIPS OF SITE WITH LANDSCAPE, STRUCTURE AND MATERI--ALS; SUN AND SHADE.

- HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL GARDEN
- USE OF LOCAL MATERIAL.
- USE OF JALI.

• USE OF COURTYARD. BLEND OF BUILT AND GARDEN THAT MAKES THE SPACE EXTENDED.

 USE OF MODERN CONSTRUCTION TECHNIQUES.

 SHELL GEOMETRIES – DOME, VAULT AND FACTORY ROOF SYSTEM.

TRIVENI KALA SANGAM , N.DELHI

ARCHITECT'S MISSION FOR INDIAN HABITAT CENTRE :

PROBLEM SOLVING IN AREAS OF REGIONAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING, ENERGY EFFICIENCY, APPROPRIATE TECHNOLOGY, OPTIONS, TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATION, LIFE STYLE CHOILRS SOCIO CULTURAL LINKAGES AND I.T.

ABOUT INDIAN HABITAT CENTRE -

 INDIA HABITAT CENTRE (IHC) WAS CONCEIVED TO PROVIDE A PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT, WHICH WOULD SERVE AS A CATALYST FOR A SYNERGETIC RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN INDIVIDUALS AND INSTITUTIONS WORKING IN DIVERSE HABITAT RELATED AREAS AND WOULD THEREFORE MAXIMIZE THEIR TOTAL EFFECTIVENESS.
 SPREAD OVER AN AREA OF NINE ACRES THE IHC CAMPUS HAS BEEN DESIGNED AND BUILT BY JOSEPH STEIN, DOSHI AND BHALLA WHO HAVE CREATED AN ISLAND OF ARCHITECTURAL EXCELLENCE IN THE BUSY METROPOLIS OF INDIA'S CAPITAL, DELHI. THE CAMPUS WEAVES IN A UNIQUE INTERPLAY OF INSTITUTIONS, SUPPORTING INFRASTRUCTURE AND FACILITIES SUCH AS CONFERENCE VENUES, AUDITORIA, HOSPITALITY AREAS, THE LIBRARY AND RESOUR -CE CENTRE, AND ART GALLERIES. ELEGANTLY DESIGNED, THE CAMPUS IS A HUB OF ACTIVITY WHILE SIMULTANEOUSLY BEING SERENE.

SYMBOL OF INDIAN HABITAT CENTRE -

CONCEPT-

PURPOSE OF CONSTRUCTION OF INDIAN HABITAT CENTRE-

- COMMERCIAL PURPOSES
- SOCIAL, CULTURAL, AND ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES
- DRAMAS, PLAYS ARE ORGANIZED AT THE CENTRE
- BANQUET , PARTY LAWNS AND RESTRAUNTS
- THE CENTRE PROVIDES RANGE OF FACILITIES LIKE CONFERENCE VENUES, SEMINAR HALLS, RESTRAUNTS, LIBRARY AND PERFORM -ANCE VENUES FOR CULTURAL ACTIVITIES

APPROACH TO INDIAN HABITAT CENTRE -



THE SYMBOL HAS THREE BASIC ELEM ENTS. THE DOWNWARD POINTING TRIANGLE WITHIN THE MALE FIGURE ENCIRCLED BY THE WORDS "INDIA HABITAT CENTRE".

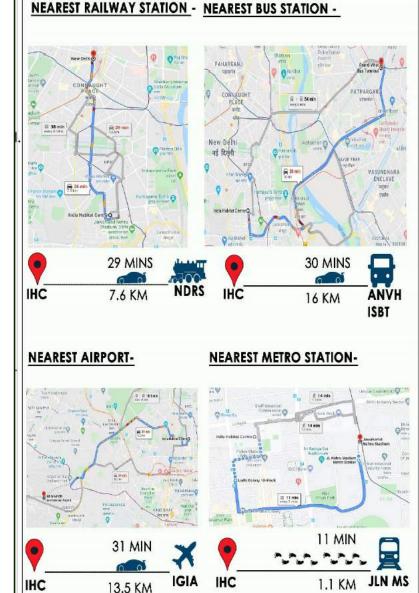
THE FIGURE OF THE MAN, DEVELO -PED FROM A PROTOTYPE OF A ROCK PAINTING FROM BHIMBETKA IN MADHYA PRADESH, REPRESENTS THE ANTHROPOMORPHIC PERSONI -FICATION OF SHIVA, THE CREATOR DEMIURGE, AS THE DIVINE ARCHER.

THE BOW IN HIS LEFT HAND HAS BEEN DELETED FOR PURPOSE OF DESIGN. THE FIGURE DEPICTS THE PHENOMENON OF THE EXPANDING FORM, QUINTESSENTIAL TO THE ETE--RNAL REPOSE, PEACE AND ORDER IN THE UNIVERSE.

■THE DOWNWARD POINTING TRIANGLE IS A FEMALE SYMBOL REPRESENTING "SHAKTI". IT IS BASED ON "SHRI YANTRA"A GENERALTERM FOR INSTRUMENTS OF WORSHIP WHICH INCLUDE GEOMETRIC FORMS. AN AMALGAMATION OF THE TWO FORMS SYMBOLIZE THE CREATIVE ACTIVITY OF THE COSMIC MALE AND FEMALE ENERGIES IN SUCCESSIVE STAGES OF EVOLUTION

■ENCIRCLING THEM IS THE UNIVERSE, SHOWN BY THE TYPOGRAPHICAL USE OF THE WORDS "INDIA HABITAT CENTRE" PLACED IN A PERFECT CIRCLE.

THE SYMBOL IN ITS ENTIRETY WOULD REPRESENT THE AIM OF THE INDIA HABITAT CENTRE TO RESOLVE AND RESTORE AT EVERY LEVEL -ENVIRONMENTAL AND ECOLOG--ICAL, A BALANCED, HARMONIOUS AND IMPROVED WAY OF LIFE.



INDIAN HABITAT CENTER , NEWDELHI

DESIGN FEATURES OF INDIAN HABITAT CENTRE -

■CREATION OF HEALTHY AND GREEN ENVIRONMENT CREATES THE BACKBONE OF THE COMPLEX.

FACADE - CLADDED WITH RED BRICKS WHICH GIVES MAJESTIC LOOK TO THE STRUCTURE. VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL RIBBON WINDOWS HAVE BEEN USED WITH THE SPECIAL GLASS THAT RESTRICTS THE RAYS OF SUNLIGHT.

■ ATRIUM - IT IS BEAUTIFULLY DESIGNED WITH THE LANDSCAPE FEATURES SUCH AS SCULPTURES, GREEN AREAS IN CENTRE RESULTING IN THE FORMATION OF ROUND-ABOUT IN THE ATRIUM.

ATRIUM IS RECTANGULAR IN SHAPE

■ SHADING DEVICES - REFLECTORS ARE INSTALLED ABOVE THE BUILDING TO PROV--IDE SHADE AND PREVENT SUN FROM ENTERING THE BUILDING.

♦ THE REEFLECTORS ARE ALIGNED AT AN ANGLE WHICH REFLECTS BACK 70% OF SUNLIGHT AND CHANGE THEIR ANGLE DURING WINTER TO ALLOW SUNLIGHT TO FALL ON THE WINDOW.

CONSTRUCTION TECHNIQUE -

 MASSIVE STEEL GIRDERS HAVE BEEN USED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION PURPOSE

◆THE ENTIRE OFFICE BLOCK RESTS ON THE STEEL GIRDERS WITHOUT ANY SUPPORT OF THE COLUMN IN BETWEEN THE LONGITUDNAL PLAN,

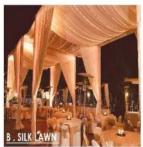
MOST OF THE RIBBON WINDOWS HAVE SLOTS FOR PLANTATION WHICH ADD TO THE BEAUTY OF THE ENTIRE CAMPUS .





SITE PLAN

Gate1



PARKING

IMAGE SOURCE - HABITAT WORLD



IMAGE SOURCE - SURVEY







IMAGE SOURCE - SURVEY

A . MARGOSA LAWN

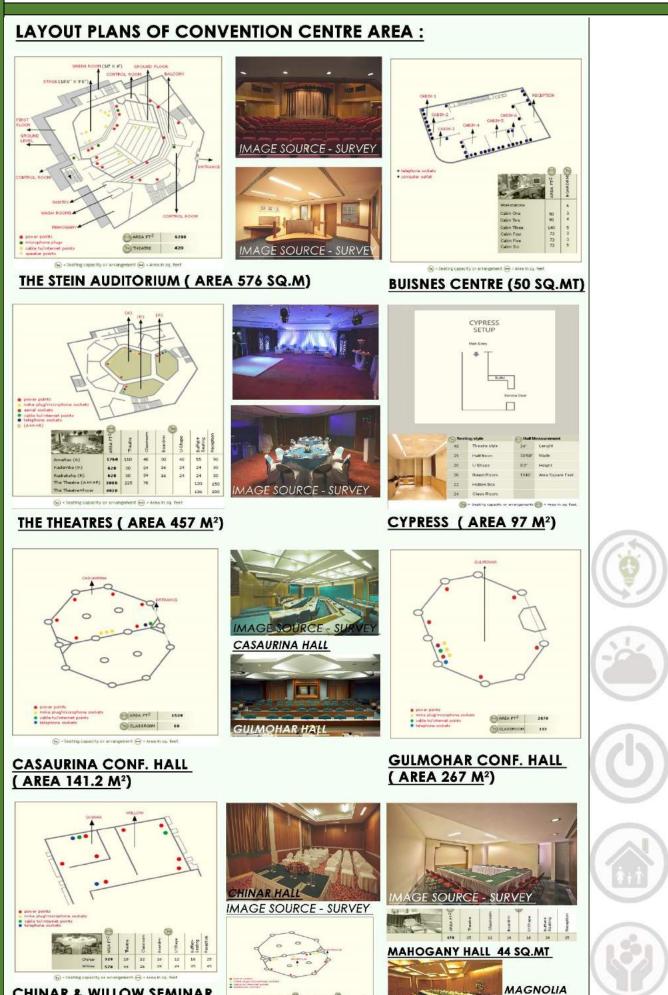
IMAGE SOURCE - SURVEY



IMAGE SOURCE - SURVEY



IMAGE SOURCE - SURVEY



CHINAR & WILLOW SEMINAR HALL (AREA 82.6 SQ.MT)

HALL 143 SQ.MT



■THE CONVENTION CENTRE HAS TOTAL OF 15 HALLS WHICH ARE USED FOR DIFFERENT PURPOSES AND A STEIN AUDITORIUM.



OUTDOOR CONVENTION AREAS LIKE THE HUB , MARGOSA LAWN, SILK LAWN 1000-1500 CAPACITY, SILVER OAK LAWN, PLAZA STEP ARE THERE FOR **OPEN EXHIBITIONS** .



VERTICAL AND HORIZO--NTAL RIBBON WINDOWS HAVE BEEN USED WITH A SPECIALGLASS THAT RESTRICTS THE ENTRY OF SUNLIGHT.

MONUMENTALITY.

SERVICES -

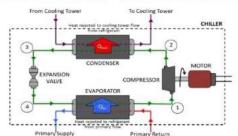
1. AIR CONDITIONING (HVAC)

HVAC PLANT WAS PLACED AT MINUS 2 LEVEL

COMPANY - TRANE INDIA NO. OF AC PLANTS - 5 PLANTS CEILIENG HEIGHT - 4.8 MTS NO. OF PLANTS IN WORKING CONDITON- 4 PLANTS PLANTS ON STANDBY - 1 PLANT THERE ARE 5 CHILLER PLANT MODEL TYPE- SCREW CHILLER -300 TR CENTRIFUGAL CHILLER 600 TR WORKING - THERE ARE 2 KINDS OF PIPE GREEN AND BLUE PIPE IN CHILLER PLANT AREA PROVIDED - 600 SQ.MT. DIA OF PIPE - 450 MM (APPROX.)







2. BOILERS -

BOILERS ARE PLACED AT MINUS 2 LEVEL COMPANY - RAPID COOL NO. OF BOILERS - 3 BOILERS CAPACITIES - 405 KW 810KW X 2

WORKING- BOILER CONTAINS IMMERSION HEATER TO HEAT WATER



3. EXPANSION TANK-

WORKING -

■IT CONTAINS AIR PRESSURE ■IT BUILDS AIR PRESSURE AND TRANSFERS WATER TO PIPE IN CASE OF DEFECIT OF WATER

4. FIRE SERVICES-

CAPACITY OF WATER TANK - 3.5 L LTR. TYPES OF PUMP -

1. JOCKEY PUMP - IT MAINTAINS PRESSURE FOR ALL OTHER PUMPS

2.HYDRANT PUMP - IT IS A MAIN PUMP



3. DG PUMP - IT IS STAND BY PUMP, USED IN THE ABSENCE OF ELECTRICITY

4. SPRINKLER PUMP - IT IS USED TO EXTINGUISH FIRE



SATURATION TEMPERATURE - 68°C

WORKING- RED LINE HAVING SPRINKLERS BREAKS IF THE TEMP OF THE ROOM EXCEEDS 68°C AND WATER IS SPRINKLED TO EXTINGUISH THE FIRE

FIRE PUMP 9.5X13.5 MTS ROOM SIZE -CEILING HEIGHT - 3.8 MTS

S.NO	DESCRIPTION	AUTO STARTING PRESSURE	CUT OFF PRESSURE
01	JOCKEY PUMP	5KG / CM. SQ	7KG
02	HYDRANT	4KG/CM.SQ	MANUALLY
03	SPRINKLER PUMP	3KG/CM. SQ.	MANUALLY
04	DG DRIVEN PUMP	2.5KG/CM SQ.	MANUALLY

5. RO PURIFIER - INSTALLED AT EVERY FLOOR

CAPACITY-200-250 LTRS.



<u>CASE STUDY -2</u> <u>INDIA INTERNATIONAL</u> <u>CENTRE (I.I.C.) , NEW DELHI</u>

INDIA INTERNATIONAL CENTRE , NEW DELHI



LOCATION : 40, MAX MUELLER MARG NEW DELHI ARCHITECT OF PROJECT . AR. JOESPH ALLEN STEIN

OF PROJECT : AR. JOESPH ALLEN STEIN

COORDINATES: 28º35'35.71" N 77º13'21.3" E

ELEVATION: 211 M

SEISMIC ZONE : ZONE 4

SITE AREA : 4.6 ACRES (18611 SQ.MTS)

YEAR OF COMPLETION 1962

AREA LEFT FOR ROAD WIDEING: 544.7SQ.MT (5864 SQ.FT)

PERMISSIBLE

 GROUND
 25% (49608 SQ.FT.)

 COVERAGE:
 4608.7 SQ.MT

ACHIEVED GROUND

 COVERAGE :
 24.9% (49548.6 SQ.FT.)

 4603.7 SQ.MT
 4603.7 SQ.MT

 PERMISSIBLE
 75% (148824.3 SQ.FT.)

 <u>AREA :</u>
 13826 SQ.MT

ACHIEVED FAR: 63.03% (11620 SQ.MT.)

PROGRAMMES OF IIC: AUDITORIUM , ART GALLERIES , CONFERENCE HALL, MULTI PURPOSE HALL, SEMINAR HALL, GUEST BLOCK, HOSTEL BLOCKS, GARDEN ,



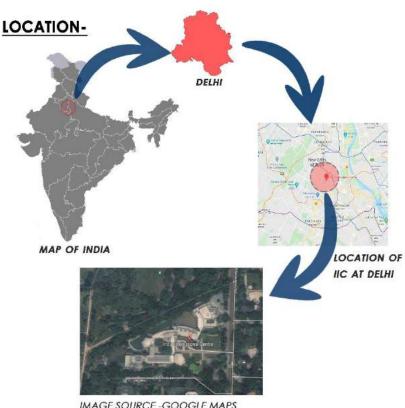


IMAGE SOURCE -GOOGLE MAPS INDIA INTERNATIONAL CENTRE , DELHI

OBJECTIVES OF CASE STUDY -

■ TO STUDY VARIOUS FUNCTIONS AND THEIR RELATIONSHIPS.

- TO STUDY THE CRITERIA OF THE CONVENTION CENTRE.
- TO STUDY THE EFFICIENCY OF SPACES
- TO KNOW ACTUAL DIMENSION OF SPACES
- TO TAKE RIGHT PATH FROM INFERENCES THROUGH CASE STUDIES

ARCHITECT'S MISSION FOR INDIA INTERNATIONAL CENTRE:

STEIN SPENT FIFTY YEARS LIVING AND BUILDING IN INDIA AND HIS AFFINITY FOR NATURE IS MARVELLOUSLY EXPRESSED HERE IN THE SYMBIOTIC RELATIONSHIP HE CREATED BETWEEN THE CENTRE AND THE LODI GARDENS.

■A STRIKING FEATURE OF THE CENTRE IS ITS AUSTERE BEAUTY AND CONSCIOUS LACK OF OSTENTATION. THE LOW SWEEP OF ITS BUILDINGS IS DESIGNED TO RELATE TO THE HUMAN SCALE, FOR STEIN BELIEVED THAT 'MAN COMES INTO RELATIONSHIP WITH NATURE WHEN THIS HAPPENS.

AUDITORIUM, ART GALLERIES, CONFERENCE HALL, MULTI PURPOSE HALL, SEMINAR HALL, HALL, SEMINAR HALL, GALLERIES, CONFERENCE HALL, SEMINAR HALL, HALL, SEMINAR HALL,

ABOUT INDIA INTERNATIONAL CENTRE :

THE INDIA INTERNATIONAL CENTRE (IIC), FOR MORE THAN THE LAST FIVE DECADES HAS BEEN THE INTELLECTUAL FOUNTAINHEAD OF THE COUNTRY. SITUATED IN THE HEART OF NEW DELHI, THE CENTRE LIES NEXT TO THE FAMOUS LODI GARDENS, WHERE TOUR -ISTS ARE OFTEN SEEN TAKING HERITAGE WALKS AMIDST THE PICTURESQUE SCENERY.

COMPLETED IN 1962, THIS IS A WORLD OF GRASSY OPEN SPACES, PLACID POOLS, PAVED WALKWAYS, JAALIS, PORTICOS AND CANOPIES. THE BUILDINGS, INSTEAD OF SOARING HIGH, GIVE A FEELING OF COMING DOWN TO MEET THE EARTH. BOUGAINVILLEA CRAWLS UP THE STONE WALLS, MYNAHS NIBBLE ON THE GRASS, AND LOTUS LEAVES FLOAT IN THE WATER.
THE DAYLIGHT FALLS SOFT, AND SHADED SPACES ARE CLOSE BY.

PURPOSE OF CONSTRUCTION OF INDIA INTERNATIONAL CENTRE-

TO FACILITIES FOR A VARIETY OF ARTISTIC AND SCHOLARLY ACTIVITIES, CONFERENCE AND SYMPOSIA ORGANIZED BY NATION AND INTER-NATIONAL GROUPS.

APPROACH TO INDIA INTERNATIONAL CENTRE :



DESIGN FEATURES OF INDIA INTERNATIONAL CENTRE -

■ FACADE- USE OF EXPOSED BRICKWORK IN THE FORM OF JALI , WHICH GIVES EXTRA ORRDINARY LOOK TO THE BUILDING

- ADJUSTABLE LOUVERS ON THE GLAZED WALL
- PRE CAST CONCRETE BLOCKS ON THE FACADE
- USE OF STONES AND CERAMIC TILES ON THE WALLS OF KAMLA DEVI COMPLEX









 ROOF MODERN USE OF EXPOSED CONCR-MATERIALS - -ETE AND EXPOSED ROOF PATTERNS

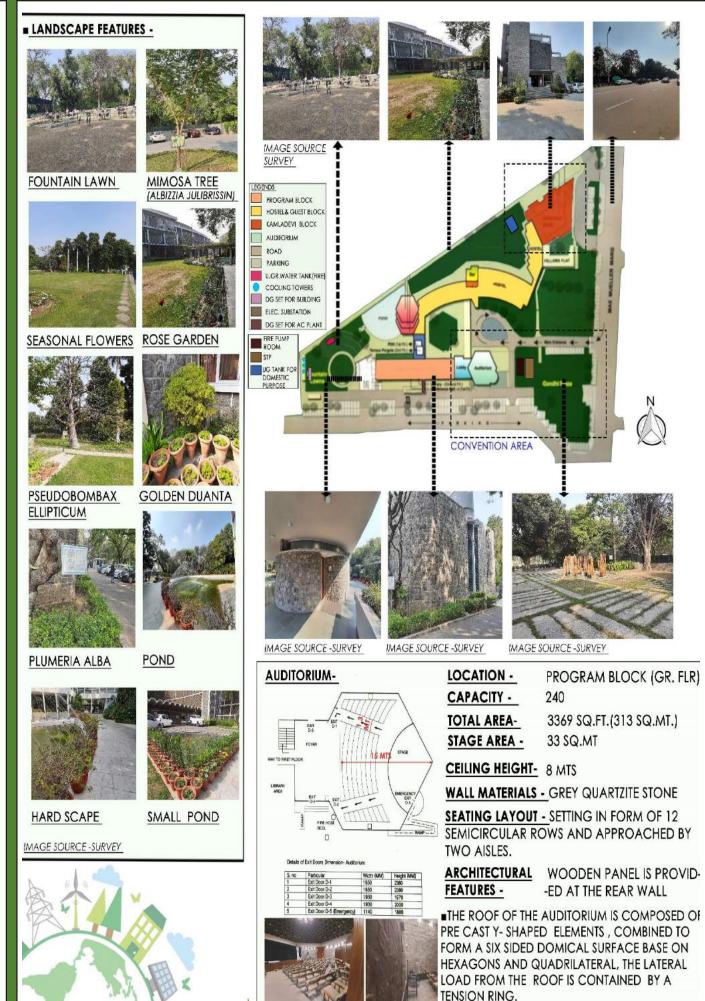


<u>CONSTRUCTION TECHNIQUE-</u>

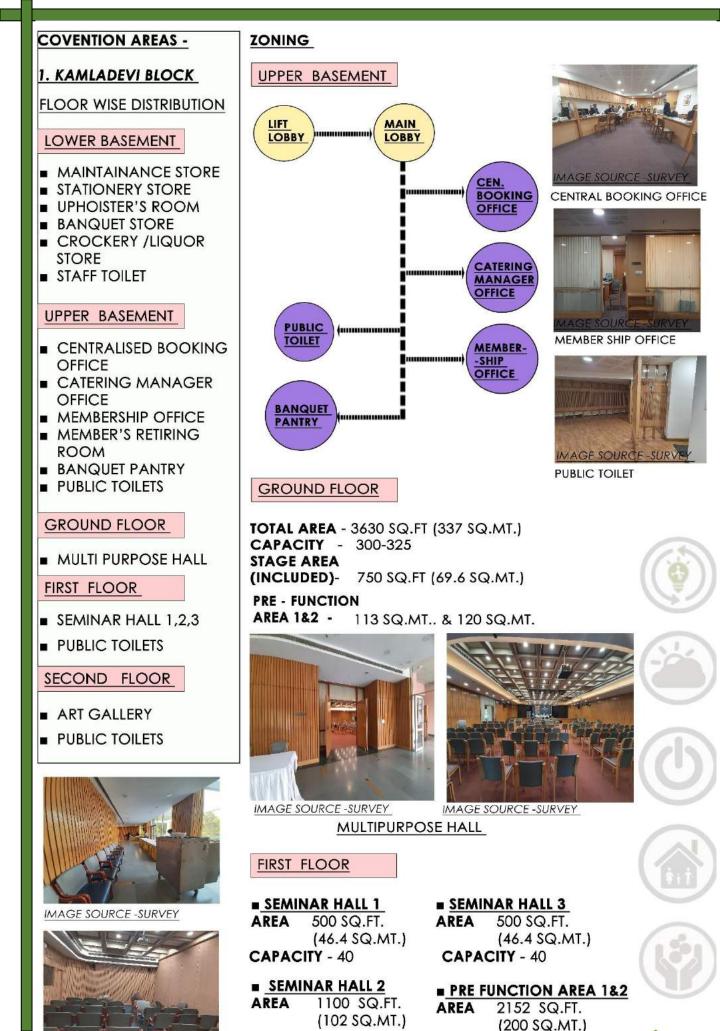
■THE CONSTRUCTION METHODS AND PROCE-DURES EMPLOYED IN THE BUILDING OF THE INDIA INTERNATIONAL CENTRE WERE TYPICAL OF THE METHODS AND SKILL LEVELS AVAILABLE IN INDIA AT THE TIME OF CONSTRUCTION (1958-62).

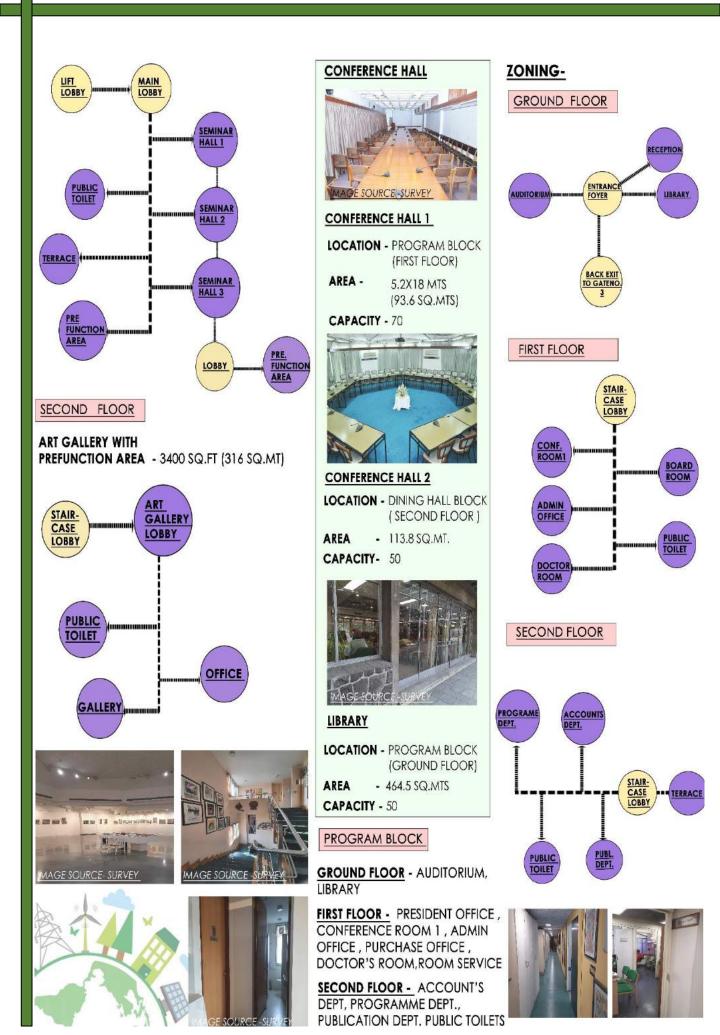
THE PRE-CASTING OF SOME OF THE ELEMENTS ON THE GROUND WAS UNDERTAKEN IN ORDER TO ENSURE HIGH –QUALITY CONSTRUCTION, BOTH IN TERMS OF STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY AND FINISH.

■THE IIC IS VIRTUALLY A HANDMADE BUILDING.



MACE SOUR





OPEN EXHIBITION AREAS-GANDHI KING PLAZA GARDEN













SERVICES -

UTILITY BASEMENT -

1. HVAC PLANT -

1 HVAC PLANT WAS PLACED AT MINUS

COMPANY - TRANE INDIA NO. OF AC PLANTS - 4 PLANTS IN WORKING CONDITON- 3 PLANTS PLANTS ON STANDBY - 1 PLANT CAPACITY - 300TR X 2, 150TR X2

2. SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT -

AN UNDERGROUD SEWAGE TREAT--MENT SYSTEM IS PROVIDED CAPABLE OF TREATING 100 KL OF WATER PER DAY.

TYPES OF TANK PROVIDED -SCREENING CHAMBER, EQUALIZA--TION TANK, AERATION TANK, AERATION CUM MBR, MEMBRANE BIO REACTOR MODULE, TREATED WATER CUM CHLORINE CONTACT TANK

3. FIRE PUMP ROOM -

FIRE PUMP ROOM IS PROVIDED NEAR SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT AND GANDHI PLAZA GARDEN

4. SLUDGE DRAIMAD SYSTEM-

MANURES ARE PREPARED BY TREATING SEWAGE WHICH ARE USED FOR LANDSCAPING

5. COOLING TOWERS - 3 nos.



6. LIFTS -2 NOS. (1275 KG) 18 PERSONS 7. DG SET FOR BUILDING

(LIGHT& POWER)-

CAPACITY - 300 KV A IT HAS ITS OWN SUB-STATION



8.PARKING -











<u>9. RAIN WATER</u> RECHARGING PIT



AN UNDERGROUND TANK OF CAPACITY 10000 LTRS IS ALSO PROVIDED FOR DOMESTIC PURPOSE

10.FIRE STAIRCASE-



<u>LITERATURE STUDY – I</u> <u>HYDERABAD INTERNATIONAL</u> <u>CONVENTION CENTRE</u> <u>(H.I.C.C.)</u>

HYDERABAD INTERNATIONAL			
<section-header></section-header>			
LOCATION : NOVOTEL AND HICC COMPLEX , HYDERABAD	HYDERABAD MAP OF INDIA		
ARCHITECT UK BASED RMJM(PRIMARY OF PROJECT : ARCHITECTS			
COORDINATES: 17º28'13.78"N 78º22'33.71"E	ANDRA PRADESH		
ELEVATION: 581 M	ABOUT HYDERABAD INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION CENTRE -		
SEISMIC ZONE : ZONE 2			
SITE AREA : 60690 SQ.MT (15 ACRES)	■ HICC IS THE ONLY GREEN GLOBE CERTIFIED CONVENTION CENTRE IN INDIA.		
YEAR OF COMPLETION 2005 PROGRAMMES CONVENTION HALL, OF IIC: COFERENCE HALL, MEETING HALL, SEMINAR HALLS, F&B, CLASSROOM LOUNGE, FITNESS CENTRE ETC.			
AWARDS : AWARDED GREEN GLOBE AWARD	■ HICC IS PROUD WINNER OF THE 'BEST CONVENTION CENTR NATIONAL TOURISM AWARD BY INCREDIBLE INDIA FOR THRE YEARS IN A ROW, 2007, 2008 & 2009.		
OBJECTIVES OF LIETRATURE STUDY:	NOVOTEL HYDERABAD CONVENTION CENTRE, ADJACENT TO HICC, IS A 5-STAR 287 ROOM HOTEL, BUILT TO SUITE THE		
 TO STUDY VARIOUS FUNCTIONS AND THEIR RELATIONSHIPS TO STUDY THE CRITERIA OF THE CON- VENTION CENTRE TO STUDY THE EFFICIENCY OF SPACES REQUIREMENTS OF THE DISCEMING BUSINESS TRAVELLER. APPROACH TO H.I.C.C NEAREST RAILWAY STATION- NEAREST METRO STATION- 			
TO DRAW INFERENCES FOR THE DESIGN	51 MINS 21 MINS H.I.C.C. 20 KM Securandaead Railway station H.I.C.C. 8.3 KM Miyapur Metro Station		
	NEAREST AIRPORT- NEAREST BUSTATION-		
	51 MINS H.I.C.C. 40 KM MIYAPUR METRO H.I.C.C. 1.5 KM KHANAMET		

AN IDEAL VENUE FOR CONVENTIONS, CONFERENCES, SEMINARS, SHOWS, MEETINGS OR PARTIES

■ A 15- ACRE LANDSCAPE CAMPUS, LEADING EDGE DESIGN FEATURES INCLUDING ENVIRO--NMENTAL SUSTAINABLE PRACTICES.

1000+ CAR PARKING AT BASEMENT

 12.5 M HIGH FREE CEILING HEIGHT WITH CATWALKS AND MOBILE OPERABLE WALLS LOADING DOCKS, SHOPS, ATMS, POOL, RESTAURANT, BARS.



12.5 M HIGH FREE CEILING HEIGHT WITH CATWALKS AND MOBILE OPERABLE WALLS LOADING DOCKS, SHOPS, ATMS, POOL, RESTAURANT, BARS.

BUILDING EXTERIORS -

■ THE BALANCE IN USE OF GLASS AND STONE HAS BEEN JUST PERFECT.

■ IN FRONT FACADE GLASS HAS BEEN USED WHICH HELPS IN IMPARTING A LARGE SCALE TO THE BUILDING AND BEHIND IT WE CAN SEE SIX ELONGATED COLUMNS WHICH ACTS AS AN ADDITIONAL FEATURE TO THE FRONT VIEW.





BUILDING INTERIORS -

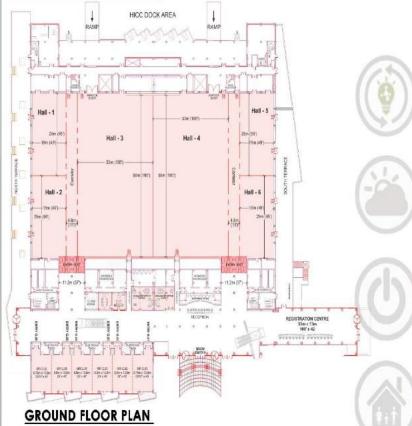
■ LOBBY IS STRETCHED TO FULL HEIGHT OF 3 FLOORS

■ THE GROUND LEVEL AT FRONT OF THE BUILD-ING IS A 500 PERSON RECEPTION AREA WITH 16 TERMINALS FOR REGISTRATION.





COVENTION CENTRE-

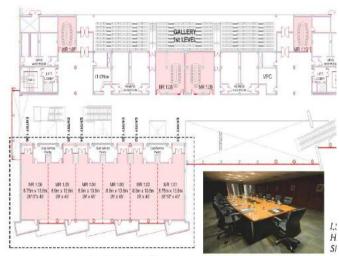


FEATURES -

■PILLAR-FREE INTERNAL HALL OF NET 6,480 SQ. METRES (CEILING HT. OF 12.5 MTS. THAT CAN HOLD A 5,000-DELEGATE PLENARY AND CAN BE PARTITIONED INTO 6 HALLS.

- SIX MEETING ROOM EACH OF AREA (8.75X13.8 MTS)
- REGISTRATION CENTRE -35X13 MTS.
- RECEPTION IS DESIGNED FOR 500 PERSONS.



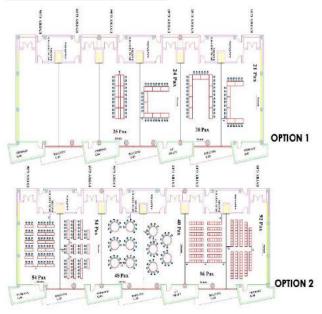


FIRST FLOOR PLAN

FEATURES -

CONSISTS OF 10 MEETING ROOM EACH OF 8.75MX13.8M

LAYOUT OF MEETING ROOMS -



DESIGN ELEMENTS OF CONVENTION HALL-

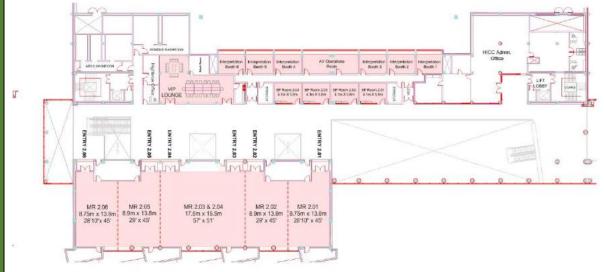
MAIN HALL ROOF IS DESIGNED IN SUCH A WAY THAT IT PROVI -DES FOLLOWING FACILITIES -

- 1. DIMMABLE HALOGEN LIGHTS ALONG ENTIRE FACILITY .
- 2. CAT WALKING FACILITY AT 6MT AND 18MTS EACH.

3. IT HAS THREE LEVELS WITH FIXED SEATINGS OF 650 ON LEVEL 1 AND 8 INTERPRETER/ CORPORATE LOUNGES AND TWO AUDIO/ VISUAL CONTROL ROOMS WHICH OVERLOOK THE MAIN STAGE 4. THE ROOF IS FITTED WITH CATWALKS AND TRUSSES TO WITH-HOLD HEAVY WEIGHTS FOR SUSPENSION OF LARGE PHYSICAL ITEMS

5. TO ENABLE EXHIBITION MODE AT THE MAIN HALL , THE FLOOR HAS BEEN PROVIDED WITH PITS WITH FACILITY OF POWER , WATER WASTE , CABLES ETC. ACROSS 6400 SQ.MTS.

 WHILE THE CEILING HEIGHT IS 12.5 MTS, THE OVER ALL HEIGHT IS 14.1 MTS.



SECOND FLOOR PLAN

FEATURES -

■ CONSISTS OF 4 MEETING ROOM EACH OF SIZE 8.9 X 13.8 M AND ONE OF A SIZE 17.5 X 15.5M.

■ IT HAS 6 INTERPRETATION BOOTHS

SERVICES AND FACILITIES AT HICC -



<u>LITERATURE STUDY –2</u> <u>BANGLORE INTERNATIONAL</u> <u>EXHIBITION CENTRE</u> <u>(B.I.E.C.)</u>

BANGLORE IN EXHIBITION C		
LOCATION :	10TH MILE, TUMKUR MAIN ROAD , MADAVARA POST DASANAPURA, HOBLI, BENGALURU, KARNATAKA	AT BANGLORE AT BANGLORE
ARCHITECT:	THE MISTRY ARCHITECTS	KARNATAKA
COORDINATES	5: 13º 03' 44.75"N 77º28' 34.33"E 863 M	ABOUT BANGLORE INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION CENTRE -
SEISMIC ZONE	ZONE 2 34 ACRES(1,37,564 SQ.MT)	EXHIBITION AND CONFERENCE FACILITIES AT BIEC ARE FIRST OF ITS KIND IN INDIA WHICH OFFER SERVICES AND AMENITIES OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY AT PAR WITH INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS.
YEAR OF COMPLETION	<u>:</u> 2010 <u>S</u> EXHIBITION HALL ,	THIS COMPLEX, CREATED WITH ONLY ONE PURPOSE – TO MAKE IT A PREFERRED DESTINATION FOR INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS EXHIBITIONS, TRADE FAIRS, CONGRESSES, INTERNATIONAL CONF -ERENCES, SEMINARS AND TRAINING PROGRAMMES IN INDIA.
OF IIC:	CONVENTION CENTRE , CONFERENCE CENTRE , FOOD COURTS ETC.	THIS MULTIPURPOSE 34 ACRES BEAUTIFULLY LANDSCAPED COMPLEX HAS 40,000 SQM OF COVERED COLUMN-LESS AIR- CONDITIONED EXHIBITION SPACE (THREE EXHIBITION HALLS), A
AWARDS :	LEED CERTIFIED EXHIBITION AND CONFE- -RENCE CENTRE	MULTI-FACILITY CONFERENCE CENTRE SPREAD OVER 5,600 SQM INCLUDING 4 CONFERENCE HALLS, A HELIPAD, AN AMPHITHEATER, VIP LOUNGE, FOOD COURT OF 7500 SQM,
 TO STUDY VA THEIR RELATION TO STUDY THEIR RELATION CENTION CENTION CENTION TO STUDY THE TO STUDY	E CRITERIA OF THE CON- TRE E EFFICIENCY OF SPACES	RAIN WATER HARVESTING, OZONE FRIENDLY AC SYSTEM, ADEQUATE FRESH AIR CIRCULATION, WATER BASED AIR COOLING IN THE EXHIBITION HALL, USAGE OF WASTE MATERIAL LIKE FLYASH TO THE TUNE OF 50% IN CONCRETE MIX IN SELECT AREAS, RECYC- LING OF WASTE WATER THROUGH A TREATMENT PROCESS, MAIN- TAINANCE OF NATURAL CONTOUR OF LAND, TRANSPLANTATION OF TREES TOGETHER WITH EXTENSIVE GREENING OF AREAS. APPROACH TO SITE - NEAREST RAILWAY STATION- NEAREST METRO STATION- NEAREST METRO STATION- NEAREST METRO STATION- NEAREST METRO STATION- NEAREST METRO STATION-
		B.I.E.C. 7.7 KM CHIKKA BANAVARA JUNCTION B.I.E.C. 3.8 KM NAGASANDRA

NEAREST AIRPORT -



NEAREST BUS STATION-





DESIGN PHILOSOPHY -

BIEC IS THE STORY OF THE LAND ETERNAL AND TRANSIENT. IT IS AN ATTEMPT TO UNDERSTAND THE CONNECTION OF SITE, SIGHT AND INSIGHT.

1. THE LAGOON, IS THE RETENTION POND AT THE SOUTH- EAST CORNER OF THE SITE DUE TO LAND PROFILE WITH THE CONTOUR OF 11 M DOWN FALL FROM NORTH TO SOUTH THIS HAS PROVIDED AN ADVANTAGE OF COLLECTING **6 LAKH GALLONS OF WATER** AT AN AVERAGE RAINFALL, THIS WATER IS UTILIZED FOR WATERING THE PLANTS IN SITE AND TO REJUVENATE THE UNDERGROUND WATER TABLE IN THE SITE.

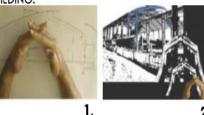
THIS LAGOON ALSO CREATES A **MICRO CLIMATIC ELEMENT** IN THE SITE REDUCING THE ENERGY LOAD ON THE BUILDING.

2. **INCREASING THE GREEN PLOT RATION** BY PLANTING TREES IN GROVE AND SOME OF THE EXISTING TREES PRESENT IN THE BUILT UP AREAS WAS TRANSPLANTED IN THE GROVES TOWARDS SOUTH PART OF THE SITE.



DESIGN CONCEPT -

TO OVERCOME THE CHALLENGE OF HAVING LARGEST SPAN ROOF COVER WITH MINIMUM COST. THIS WAS THE DESIGNED INSPIRED BY THE CROSSING FIGURES AMONG HANDS .THIS IDEA WAS EXPLORED AND DEVELOPED FOR THE ROOF OF THE BUILDING AS WELL AS GAVE AN OPPORTU -NITY TO SPAN THE ROOF FOR 60 M AT A GIVEN BUDGET. THE ROOF TOOK THE SHAPE OF CONCAVE SURFACE WAS ABLE TO MAXIMUM THE REFLECTION OF DAY LIGHTING RAYS INCIDENT ON THE ROOF PLANE, THIS PROPERTY INCREASED THE DAY LIGHTING FACTOR TO THE INTERIORS OF THE BUILDING.



THE ATTEMPT WAS TO EXECUTE THE SUSTAINABLE BUILDING







TRUSS

5

TAPERED

COLUMN

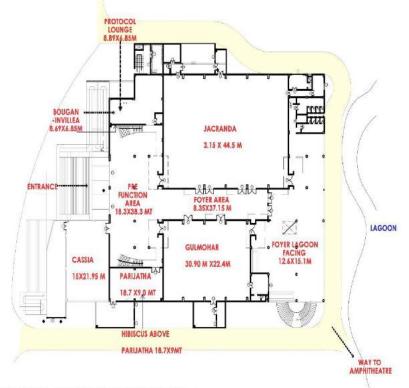




7.







FEATURES OF CONFERENCE CENTRE -

CONSISTS OF HALLS AND PREFUNCTION AREAS, THE NOMENCLATURE ARE DONE ON THE NAMES OF THE FLOWERS . THE NAMES AREA AS FOLLOWS - CASSIA , BOUGANVILLEA, JACR ANDA, GULMOHAR, PARIJATHA, HIBISCUS

CONFERENCE CENTRE HALLS AREA CHART -

HALLS	AREA (SQ.MTS)	THEATRE STYLE	CLASS ROOM	ROUND TABLE
JACRANDA	1368	1400	700	350
GULMOHAR	679	700	350	300
CASSIA	330	250	125	100
PARIJATHA	168	100	50	70
HIBISCUS (BOARD ROOM]	164		CITY OF 4 BLE&CHA	
BOUHAINVILLIA	60	MEDIA R	M. WITH C	AP. 20 PPL
LAGOON	191	-	-	-
AMPHITHEATRE		250		







CLASSROOM STYLE



THEATRE STYLE SEATING ROUND TABLE STYLE LIGHTING

DESIGN FEATURES OF EXHIBITION HALLS -

■40,000 SQ.MT OF COVERED AREA IN THREE EXHIBITION HALL.

HALL 1&2: 10000 SQ.MT. EACH (AIR -COOLED AND AIR CONDITIONED)

HALL 3: 20000 SQ.MT AIR CONDITIONED

FLOOR LOADING CAPACITY 0.75 TO 30 MT/ SQ.MT

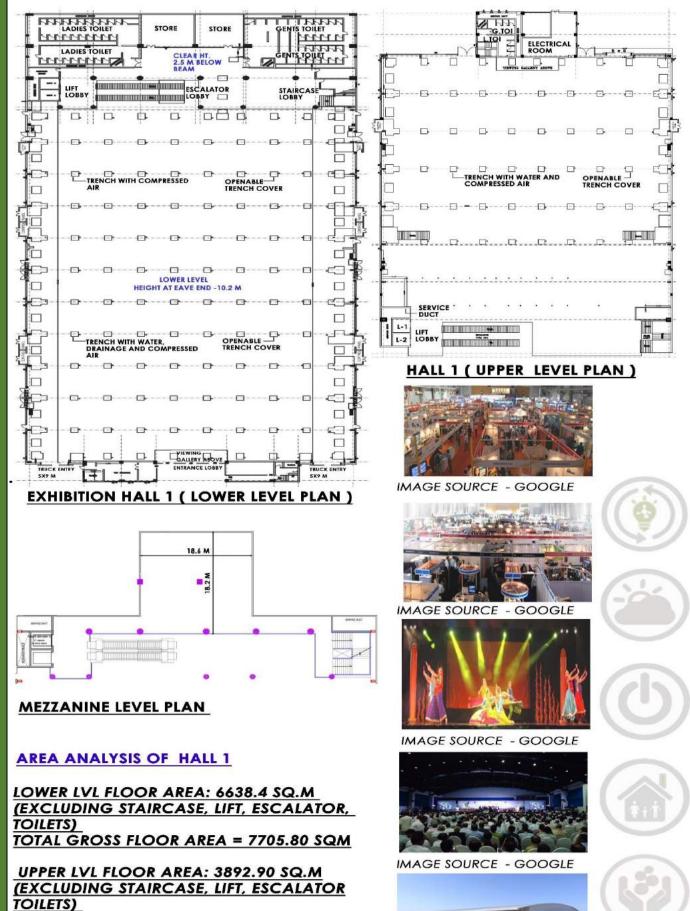
■VACCUM DEWATERED RCC FLOORING UNDER FLOOR DUCTS FOR POWER, WATER, COMPRESSED AIR AND TELE-COM FACILITY .

COLUMN LESS STRUCTURE SPANNING 60M

CEILING HEIGHT IS 18 MT AT THE CENTRE AND 9 MTS AT THE EAVES

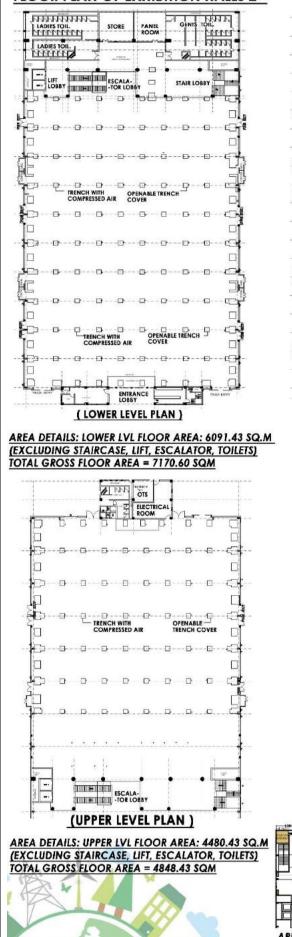
ROOF DESIGN PROVIDE ADEQUATE

FLOOR PLAN OF EXHIBITION HALLS -

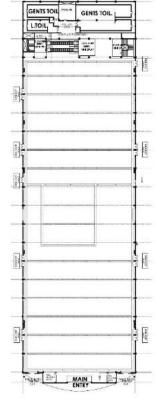


TOTAL GROSS FLOOR AREA = 4307.48 SQM

FLOOR PLAN OF EXHIBITION HALLS 2 -



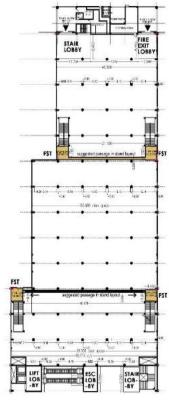
FLOOR PLAN OF EXHIBITION HALLS 3 -



(LOWER LEVEL PLAN)

AREA DETAILS:

LOWER LVL FLOOR AREA: 9800.68 SQ.M (EXCLUDING STAIRCASE, LIFT, ESCALATOR, TOILETS) TOTAL GROSS FLOOR AREA = 10921.43SQM



(MIDDLE LEVEL PLAN)

AREA DETAILS:

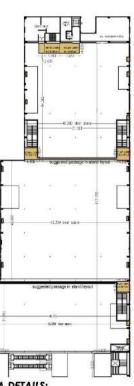
MIDDLE LVL FLOOR AREA: 5679.49 SQ.M (EXCLUDING STAIRCASE, LIFT ESCALATOR, TOILETS) TOTAL GROSS FLOOR AREA = 6261.83SQM

BUILDING MATERIALS AND DESIGN -

TO OBTAIN THE SPAN OF 60 METERS FOR HALL 1,2&3 AND A CLEAR HEIGHT OF 18 METERS AT THE CENTER AND 9 METERS AT THE SIDE. THE CURVED PROFILE WAS ABLE TO ACHIEVE IN THE ROOF HELP OF PEB.

IT WAS MADE POSSIBLE TO BRING IN MAXI--MUM AMOUNT OF INTERIOR LIGHTING. THE USE OF STEEL MADE THE WORK COST EFFICI -ENT BY 30% THAN CONCRETE, WAS FABRICA -TED AND ERECTED ON-SITE.

- THE STEEL WAS TREATED FOR CORROSION RESISTANCE TO MEET THE STANDARDS.
- TRENCHES WERE DESIGNED BELOW FLOOR SLABS OF THE HALL TO TAKE THE CABLES AND OTHER SERVICES TO ENSURE FLEXIBILITY FOR DIFFERENT LAYOUT DESIGN.
- **•THE WALLS AND ROOFS ARE INSULATED TO** REDUCE THE HEAT TRANSFER INTO THE INTERI--OR SPACE. THE MECHANICAL CENSORS ARE USED TO HAVE A CHECKON THE INTERIOR TEMPERATURE TO MONITOR THE CHILLER PLA--NTS FOR AIR COOLING SYSTEM.
- STEEL AND PRE ENGINEERED COMPONENTS WERE FABRICATED AT HYDERABAD AND TRA -NSPORTED TO SITE FOR ERECTION.
- THE HEAVY ROOF STRUCTURE AND THE COLUMNS STRUCTURE WERE KEPT INDEPENDEN1 TO AVOID THE CONFUSION.
- THE RAIN WATER HARVESTED IN THE LAGO--ON WAS USED FOR ALL WATER REQUIREMENTS AND ALSO FOR THE IRRIGATION PURPOSE.



AREA DETAILS: **UPPER LVL FLOOR AREA: 5619.65** SQ.M

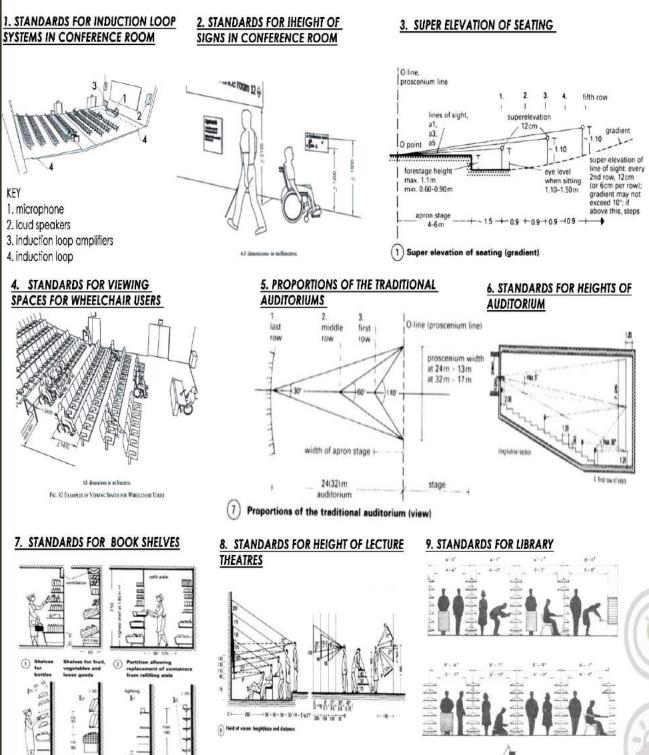
(EXCLUDING STAIRCASE, LIFT

NORMS, STANDARDS AND DESIGN GUIDE LINES

NORMS- BUILDING BYELAWS

TOTAL SITE AREA – 10.23 ACRES PERMISSIBLE FLOOR AREA RATIO – 1.30 PERMISSIBLE GROUND COVERAGE- 30% SETBACKS – 15 MTS FRONT SETBACK 9 MTS SIDE AND REAR SETBACK

STANDARDS AND DESIGN GUIDELINES



1) Access and Entrance:

- Separate access is required for visitors, staff, goods and service vehicles and emergency requirements. It is usually desirable to provide alternative entry for public which is independent from that used by conference visitors. This not only facilitates management and security, but also enables two or congress events or exhibitions to be run independently in parallel.
- Easily identifiable entrance and exit, and clear external signage, which may need to be illuminated.
- Sufficient unloading/loading space to accommodate multiple events.
- Level ground floor with loading docks of sufficient size for all services including client vehicles.
- Large coach drops off and collection points adjacent to main entrance, with sufficient turning space and height, accessible under cover.
- Doors of sufficient width and height or demountable/retractable walls to permit truck access (trucks delivering exhibit and staging equipment pose particular problems).
- Floor loadings to permit truck access.
- Easily identifiable and weather protected entrance and reception area for attendees.
- Clearly identified disabled access.
- In larger venues, security systems and monitoring at loading docks.
- Separate entry for venue staff.
- Storage space (for several days) for pre-congress consignments including exhibitors' displays materials.

2) Access for the disabled:

• Specific provisions include allocation of parking spaces, identification of routes, provision of ramps, toilets and facilities designed for wheelchair and other disabled users in each main area.

3) Parking:

- Coach parking bays off street.
- Sufficient undercover parking for attendees.
- All parking, including venue staff parking, should be secure.
- Direct access to venue lobby.
- Clear directions for exiting car park.
- Parking requirements for cars and other vehicles will depend on some extent on the proximity
 and conditions for use of alternative facilities, such as municipal car parks, as well as on the
 availability of public transport.

Typical provisions to allow flexibility in use are:

<u>Use</u>	Per Car Parking Space
Banquet Places	10 Sq. m.
Congress Hall Places	10 Sq. m.

4) Service Vehicles:

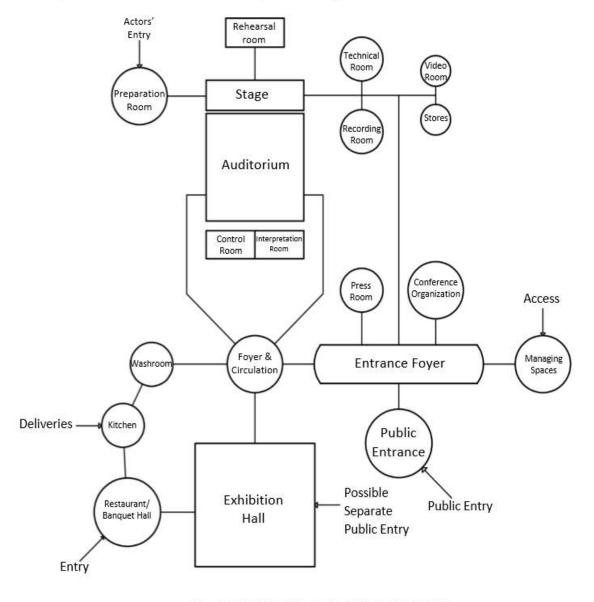
- Plenty of space for parking while unloading/loading goods and equipment with a dedicated car park for vehicles delivering goods or equipment.
- Parking for trucks with sufficient height and turning space where staging, audio visual or other equipment needs to be packed in or out within short period of time.
- Long-term parking for trucks used for transporting production equipment and exhibitors' displays.

5) Horizontal and Vertical Arrangements:

- The single floor organization provides easy access among the rooms and between the conference areas and other functional elements. This plan imposes few structural or mechanical constraints, permits total freedom in the planning of the rooms, allows for access from the refreshment break areas to outdoor terraces and patios.
- Vertical stacking of auditoria and/or main halls is more economical in the use of land, and enables space below tiered floors to be more efficiently used. Unit costs of construction are higher and vertical transportation of people and goods may present difficulties.

6) Circulation:

- · Linear arrangement of spaces with beginning, middle and end.
- A loop where the essentially linear storyline leads naturally back to the beginning.
- An arrangement of core and satellites where each theme or detailed treatment of a subject leads back to a central introductory or orientational areas.
- A more complex scheme combining linear, loop and core-satellite arrangement of spaces.
- Comb which refers to a circulation pattern in which there is a main circulation path and optional alcoves which a visitor may enter or bypass.



Exhibition hall

The Exhibition Spaces are intended as a combination of indoor and open-air exhibition space in order to create a strong relation between covered and green open spaces through thematic content. The goal is to create an integrated expositive landscape and a Visitor Experience that immediately establishes a positive relationship between humankind and nature, creating a bridge between the content of the Event and the nature of exhibition spaces.

The exhibition hall provides optimal conditions for

- trade fairs
- exhibits
- conventions
- events and galas

An exhibition hall can be

- Open-air exhibition space
- Covered exhibition space

OPEN-AIR EXHIBITION SPACE

The landscape design shall be developed in keeping with the Theme and with the Participant's approach to it. Like architecture, the landscape shall also help to tell intriguing stories about the pleasures of the table, delightful scents or strange and curious stories related to food cultivation and processing. The landscape has to document the most advanced research in the field of food production and the transformation of agricultural products. Countries will showcase their capabilities in food production, the biodiversity of their products, and their agricultural and food supply chains.

Open spaces

A minimum of 30% of each lot must be dedicated to open areas and greenery. Excluding lot setbacks the Open-air Exhibition Space represents around 50% of each lot, where it is possible to build:

- Structures used for plants ensuring soil permeability (e.g. trellises, pergolas, garden structures, planters).
- Landscaping structure (e.g. structures used to retain soil or other materials, pools, exhibition structures, art works).

COVERED EXHIBITION SPACE

Covered Exhibition Spaces are buildings or enclosed structures containing exhibition areas or other spaces, including all overhanging upper floors or balconies. Participants may decide to build more than one level within the Covered part of the Exhibition Space, based on their individual needs.

Height of Buildings

• The height of the Covered part of Exhibition Space (or Building Height) must be less than 12 meters.

• The height limit for any additional architectural elements (such as skylights, roof elements, vertical connections to the roof, sunscreens, signals, etc.) is 17 meters.

Building Setbacks

• The setback from the main boulevard must be no less than 10 meters, in order to create a small square.

• The distance between buildings and the side street shall be no less than 2 meters; there shall be no building concession directly to squares, greens, streets or public spaces, without the 2 meters' setback.

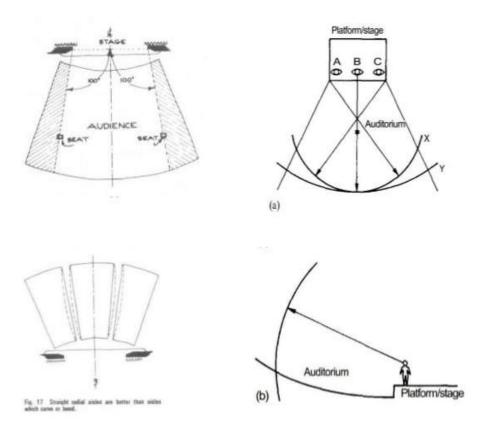
- The setback from the neighboring lot shall be no less than 3 meters.
- The distance between buildings shall comply with fire control requirements.

AUDITORIUM

The auditorium is the heart of building, where the primary activity of experiencing and presenting performances take place. Audience seating is arranged to view the stage and the stage is a platform from which the performer can be communicate to the audience. The relationship between the two is very crucial for the success of convention centers. Mostly auditorium is designed to fulfill no of purposes. The objective of designer will be to use 100% usage of space. Auditorium should be designed in such a way that every member should be able to see and hear the performance of stage.

1. Form/shape

Shape corrects the defects of sound in auditorium hall i.e. echo's, excessive reverberation, sound foci's, dead spots etc. fan shape <100 degree is ideally best shape for auditorium. In auditorium hall, the wall & ceiling is not perpendicular to each other as in other normal rooms. Mostly less curve Concave shape is also considered. The size of hall is governed by audience requirements, Visual & aural limitations.

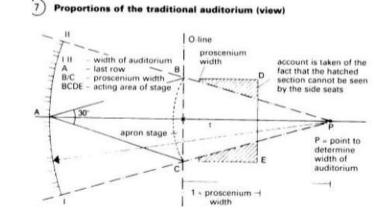


Audience Requirements

Every member of the audience should be able to see and hear clearly

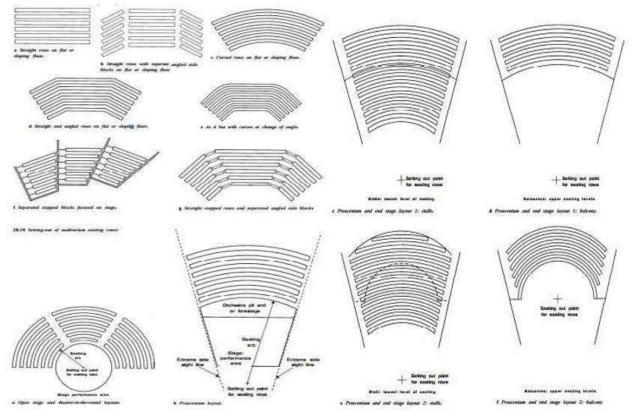
Visual Limitations

- For drama= 20m
- For Opera= 30m
- For dance= 20m
- For conference = 20m



Seating Capacity

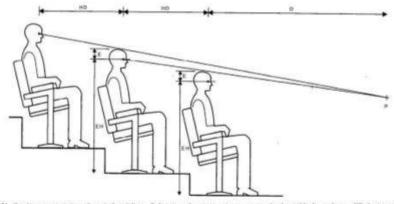
- minimum Dimension of seating with arms =500mm Without arms =450mm
- Seat height = 430-450 mm
- Angle of inclination= 7-9 degree with horizontal
- Back Height = 800-850mm
- Angle of inclination = 15-20 degree
- Seat Depth= 600-720 mm, reduced to 425-500mm when the seat is tipped
- Other Factors affecting seating is,
- Acoustics: Upholstery to satisfy the acoustic requirements, usually the level of absorbency when unoccupied
- Ventilation & heating: Air supply or extract under a seat
- Upholstery: Thickness of padding should provide comfort & avoid fatigue, material of padding and finish must satisfy fire regulations



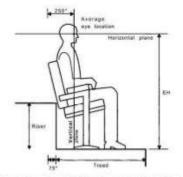
Vertical Sightlines

The longitudinal section is a parabolic stepped floor as a theoretical rake produced by the sightline calculation. This gives every member of the audience similar viewing conditions. This may be reduced to a single angle or series of angles when applied as described the rake will also be steep.

This is satisfactory for a single tier of seating with no balconies and is especially appropriate for open-stage formats.



20.21 Graphic representation of vertical sightlines, P lowest and neurest point on stage clearly visible by andience, HD horizontal distance between eyes in successive audience rows, EH average audience eye height above flour. E height between eye and top of head, D distance from eye of person in front row to P.



20.22 Position of eye in relation to seat and stepped floor. Dimensions vary according to upholistery thickness, and inclinations of both seat and back. Working dimensions are starved *

centre line of seat

20.25 a The maximum confortable amount the head can be twend from the seat controline is 30ⁿ.

Changing Room requirements

- It should have discrete access
- Be equipped with secure hanging space
- Have mirrors with good lighting over vanity tables
- Have separate toilets & showers
- Have audio/video feed from performance areas
- Be equipped with phones and power outlets

Rehearsal Rooms

- Enclosed space without natural light close to the dressing room
- Sound system, Lighting
- There should be at least one stage for the rehearsal of performances

Storage room

20-25% of playing area

Workshops for making scenery

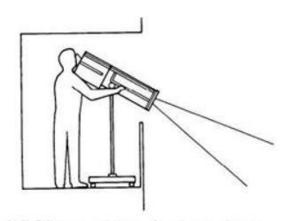
- Should be exclude from main hall due to fire & limited space options
- 4-5 times the area of main stage

Technical utilities

- Transformer room
- Medium & low voltage switch room
- Power batteries
- HVAC plants
- Fire sprinkler system

Cloakrooms

• Minimum 4m2 per 100 people

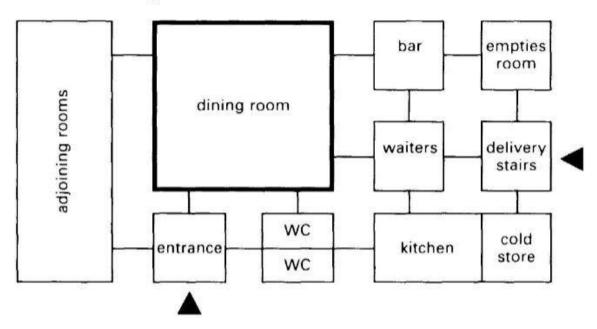


20.59 Follow spot, minimum size for equipment and operator 1.5 m × 2 m

RESTAURANTS AND FOOD COURTS

- Should be planned to achieve variety of seating arrangements.
- Provide acoustic lobby between restaurant and kitchen.
- Access should be planned for guest.
- The service aisle should not be less than 0.9-1.35m if it is to be used by both trolleys and guest.
- Waiter station should be located so as not to disturb guest.
- Ambience is an important factor in restaurant design: decoration, lighting should be an integral part.
- Large regular space should be broken up

General Functional Layout of Restaurants:



Spatial Requirements:

<u>Functional areas</u>	Space allowed (%)
Receiving	5
Food storage	20
Preparation	14
Cooking	8
Baking	10
Ware washing	5
Traffic aisles	16
Trash storage	5
Employee facilities	16
Miscellaneous	2

Area Required:

- Per seat 1.5 2.15 sq. m.
- Ratio of service area to total area 25-50%
- Net kitchen area 15-25%

Aisle Width:

- Main min. 2.00m wide
- Intermediate min. 0.9m wide
- Side min. 1.2m wide

Ceiling height of Dining room with respect to Floor area:

≤50 sq. m.	2.5m
>50 sq. m.	2.75m
>100 sq. m.	3.00m
Above or below galleries	≥2.5m

Receiving Area:

- The main variables affecting the amount of space needed for the receiving functions are the number, type and type of the deliveries that are to be handled at one time.
- Ease of opening, checking, moving and stack ability all have a bearing on the space are required.

Serving Areas:

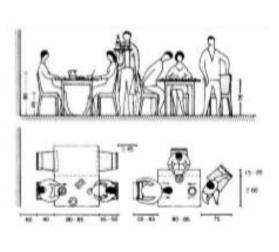
 Serving areas for most table facilities are planned as a part of the main cooking area and separate space determination are not usually needed.

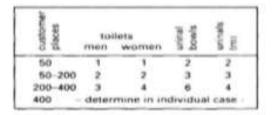
Dining Areas:

- Calculating the space requirements for dining areas can be difficult because of the many choices available.
- For example, the final space for the dining space is dependent upon the following variables:
 - 1. Types of seating to be provided
 - 2. Tables sizes desired
 - 3. Table shapes desired
 - 4. Pattern of table arrangements
 - 5. Number of service stations needed

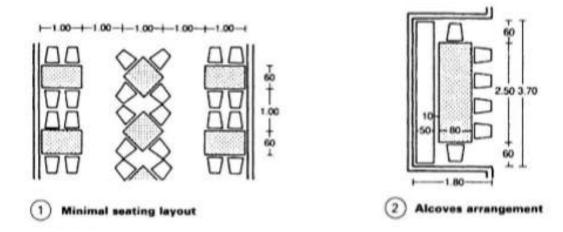
tining t	floor area	walk	way width
up to	100 m ²	27	1.10 m
up to	250 m ²	2	1.30 m
up to	500 m ²	10	1.65m
up to	1000 m ²	2	1.80 m
over	1000 m ²	2	2.10 m

Walkaway Width





Toilet Facilities

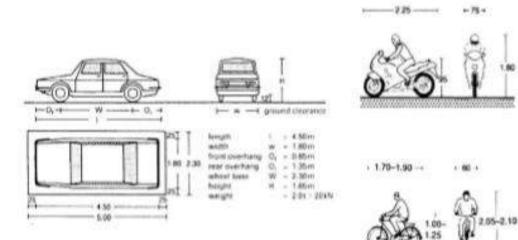


PARKING

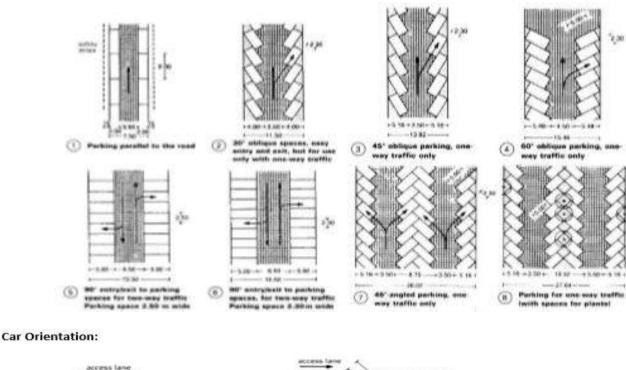
Table Arrangement:

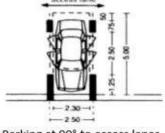
General Design Considerations:

- The parking spaces acts as a place for the ceremonies of Arrival & Departure.
- The basic requirements for parking spaces should be taken from the vehicle dimensions whilst driving in a linear path, cornering and entering into and driving out of the parking area.
- Parking can be done in various ways: inclined with various angles or perpendicular.
- Parking can also be done in *basement* or *on surface outside the complex*.



Typical Parking Layouts:





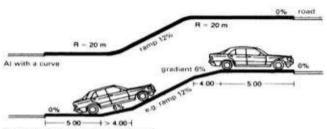
Parking at 90° to access lanes

Ramps for Basement Parking:

For each car ramp, the run must be . more than 5m long, with ramps that can be up to 12% gradient.



Parking at 45° to access lanes



2,00

1

B) simpler design including straight runs

COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS -

COMPARATIVE ANALTSIS -							
S.NO	ΤΟΡΙϹ	CASE STUDY 1 (IHC)	CASE STUDY 2 (IIC)	LITERATURE STUDY 1 (HICC)	LITERATURE STUDY 2 (BIEC)	NORMS	REQUIRED AREA / PROPOSED SITE
01.	LOCATION	DELHI	DELHI	HYDERABAD, ANDRA PRADESH	BANGLORE KARNATAKA	-	NOIDA
02.	CONNECTIVITY	WELL CONNECTED BY METRO , ROAD & AIR	WELL CONNECTED BY METRO , ROAD & AIR	CONNECTIVIT	HAS QUITE CLOSE CONNECTIVIT WITH BUS ST. RATHER THAN RAILWAY AND AIRPORT	-	WELL CONNECTED WITH METRO STATION HAVE GOOD TRANSPORT FACILITY
03	ARCHITECT	AR. JOESPH ALLEN STEIN	AR. JOESPH ALLEN STEIN	uk based Rmjm Architects	THE MISHTRY ARCHITECTS	-	-
04	ARCHITECTURAL CHARACTERS	COURTYARD PLANNING AND EXPOSED BRICK	COURTYARD PLANNING AND USE OF EXPOSED CONCRETE, GLASS AND BRICKS	use of glass and stone	USE OF STEEL IN COMPLETE STRUCTURE	-	USING EXPOSED BRICKWORK, CONCRETE WITH FAL-G COMP., CENTRAL COURTYARD BUILDING IS ORIENTED ACCORDING TO SUN MOVEMENT AND WIND DIRECTION . ETC.
05	PUBLIC SPACES	AMPHITHEATRE, PLAZA STEPS, GARDENS, LAWNS , HUB AREA. ETC.	GARDENS , OPEN EXHIBITION SPACE	OPEN GARDEN	AMPHTHEATRE OPEN AREA	-	AMPHITHEATRE , OPEN EXHIBITION AREA , LANDSCAPED COURTS . ETC
S.NO	ΤΟΡΙϹ	CASE STUDY 1 (IHC)	CASE STUDY 2 (IIC)	LITERATURE STUDY 1 (HICC)	LITERATURE STUDY 2 (BIEC)	NORMS	REQUIRED AREA
06.	VEHICULAR MOVEMENT	MOVEMENT ALONG PERIPHERY OF THE SITE AND TOWARDS THE PARKING	RESTRICTED VEHICULAR MOVEMENT ON THE S ITE	MOVEMENT ALONG THE PERIPHERY OF THE SITE	MOVEMENT ALONG THE PERPHERY OF THE SITE	-	MOVEMENT ALONG THE PERPHERY OF THE SITE .
07.	PADESTRIAN MOVEMENT	RANDOM MOVEMENT THROUGH SPINES CONNECTING VARIOUS BLOCKS	RANDOM MOVEMENT THROUGH SPINES CONNECTING VARIOUS BLOCKS	MOVEMENT ACROSS SITE THROGH THE SPINES	RANDOM MOVEMENT THROUGH SPINES CONNECTING VARIOUS BLOCKS	-	INTERNAL WALKWAYS ARE PROVIDED WITH TURF PAVERS OR GREEN PAVERS . USING GREEN PAVERS FOR PARKING
08.	PARKING	BASEMENT PARKING – 654	SURFACE PARKING – 42 CARS	BASEMENT PARKING- 1000 CARS	-	AUDI- 1PARKING SPACE /20SEATS	APPROX . 400 CARS AND 2 BUS PARKING
09.	SITE AREA	9 ACRES	4.6 ACRES	15 ACRES	34 ACRES	-	10.23 ACRES
<u>PUBLIC A</u>	REAS						
10.	RECEPTION	-	-	890 SQ.MT.	-	0.5 SQ.MT/ PERSON	0.5 SQ.MT / PERSON OR SPECTATOR

<u>CO</u>	COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS -							
S.NO	ΤΟΡΙϹ	CASE STUDY 1 (IHC)	CASE STUDY 2 (IIC)	LITERATURE STUDY 1 (HICC)	LITERATURE STUDY 2 (BIEC)	NORMS	REQUIRED AREA	
11.	AUDITORIUMS	THE STEIN AUDITORIUM AREA -576 SQ.MT CAPACITY-420	SD AUDITORIUM AREA:313 SQMT CAPACITY- 240	AUDITORIUM AREA 6480 SQMT CAPA 6092	-	1.2 SQ.MT / PERSON	2442 SQ.MT	
12.	EXHIBITION HALL	197 SQ.MT CAPACITY - 140	-	6480 SQ.MT CAPACITY – 5000	AREA – 40000SQ.MT	1.4 SQ.MT/ PERSON	5056 SQ.MT	
13.	COVENTION HALL/CONFEREN- CE HALL	3186 SQ.MT CAPACITY – 1593	208 SQ.MT CAPACITY – 104	-	2769 SQ.MT CAPACITY- 1385	2 SQ.MT/ PERSON	676 SQ.MT	
14.	LECTURE HALL	226 SQ.MT	204.3 SQ.MT	-	-	1.2 SQ.MT / PERSON	378 SQ.MT	
16.	LIBRARY	312.5 SQ.MT	500 SQ.MT CAPACITY – 50	-	-	10 SQ.MT /PERSON	2010 SQ.MT	
17.	BUISNESS CENTER	AREA – 50 SQ.MT CAPACITY -10	AREA – 1200 CAPACITY - 90	AREA-250 SQ.MT CAPACITY -25	-	1 SQ.MT / PERSON	830 SQ.MT	
18.	SUSTAINABLE FEATURES	LOW MAINTENANCE MATERIALS , SLUGDE TREATMENT TO PROUCE MATERIALS , ENERGY EFFICIENT MEASURES FOR PLANNING	ECO – FRIENDLY MATERIALS , EXPOSED CONCRETE AND BRICKS ETC.	WASTE MINIMIZATION	USE OF LAGOON TO COLLECT 6 LAC GALLON OF WATER NATURALLY AND USING IT FOR WATERING PLANTS AND MAINTAINING UG WATER LEVEL.	-	USING ROOT ZONE SYSTEM FO WASTE WATER MANAGEMENT USING DEGEN SYSTEM FOR POWER PRODUCTION, PROVISION OF WETLAND FOR RAIN WATER HARVESTING. SOLID WASTE MANAGENMEN T FOR MANURE PRODUCTION	
S.NO	ΤΟΡΙϹ	CASE STUDY 1 (IHC)	CASE STUDY 2 (IIC)	LITERATURE STUDY 1 (HICC)	LITERATURE STUDY 2 (BIEC)	NORMS	REQUIRED AREA	
19.	SERVICES	COOLING TOWER, CHILLER PLANT, ELECTRICAL SUBSTATION, SEWAGE TREATMENT	COOLING TOWER, CHILLER PLANT, ELECTRICAL SUBSTATION,	-	LIFTS , STAIRCASE , SEWAGE TREATMENT ETC.	LIFTS , STAIRCASE , SEWAGE TREATMENT ETC.	ABSORPTION CHILLAR PLANT LIFT AND STAIRCASE FOR	

INFERENCES –

APPROACH DEPENDS UPON THE SITE CONTEXT AND CLIENT'S DEMANDS .
ART OF PUBLIC SPACES ACTS AS INTERCONNECTING NATURE BETWEEN SPACES

• MANDANTORY SERVICE ROUTE SHALL BE PROVIDED.

S.NO

COMPONENT

STANDARDS (AREA IN SQ.MT.)

PUBLIC SPACES -

01. EXHIBITION HALL -

20NT OF	FTHEHOUSE				
(í)	FOYER	0.5 SQ.MT/PERSON	1500	1	750 SQ.MT
(íí)	PREFUNCTION AREA	20% OF EXHIBITION AREA			420 SQ.MT
(ííí)	MAIN EXHIBITION AREA	1.40 SQ.MT / PERSON	1500	1	2100 SQ.MT.
(≀∨)	SHOW'S MANAGER ROOM+TOIL.	-	-	2	50 SQ.MT
(\/)	CONTROL PANEL ROOM		_	2	40 SQ.MT
(∨I)	TICKETING COUNTER & REGISTRATION AREA			2NOS.(25+12)SQ.MT	37 SQ.MT.
(∨॥)	ADMIN AND ACCOUNT OFFICE		7-8 PAX	1	20 SQ.MT
(/111)	CLOAKROOM + CONCRIEGE ROOM	4 SQ.MT/100 PERSONS	1500	2NOS.(40+20)SQ.MT	60 SQ.MT.
(IX)	SERVERIES	1 SERVERY POINT/300 PEOPLE	1500	5	100 SQ.MT
(x)	FOH OFFICE	-	-	1	70 SQ.MT
(xí)	MEDIA ROOM	-		1	15 SQ.MT
(XÍÍ)	MEETINGROOM	2 SQ.MT PER PERSON	24 PAX	1	48 SQ.MT
(Xííí)	ORGANISER'S ROOM + TOILET		1	1	20 SQ.MT
(Xív)	MANAGER OFFICE + TOIL.		1	1	20 SQ.MT
(xv)	TOILET	MALE - WC (1.2 M2) -2/400 AND 1/250 PART THEREOF URINAL- (0.63 M2)- 1/100 WB- (0.92 SQ.MT)- 1/WC	900	WC - 4 WB - 4 U-9	WC- 4.8 SQ.MT + WB- 3.68 SQ.MT + U- 5.67 SQ.MT = 14.15 SQ.MT
		FEMALE – WC – (1.2 M²) - 2/200 AND 1/150 PART THEREOF WB – 1/WC	600	WC - 4 WB- 4	WC -4.8 + WB - 3.6 = 8.48 SQ.MT.
(xÒ)	CIRCULATION AREA	30% OF THE CARPET AREA	_	_	

BACK OF THE HOUSE -

(Xí)	STORAGE	20% EXHIBITION HALL	_	1	420 SQ.MT
(Xíí)	SECURITY ROOM	_	_	1	6 SQ.MT
(xv)	LOADING DOCKS	_	_	50 SQ.MRX2	100 SQ.MT
(Xví)	CIRCULATION	30% OF CARPETAREA	_	-	158 SQ.MT

<u>AREA STATEMENT</u>

OCCUPANCY (PERSONS)

NO. OF MODI

ULE	S
-----	---

PROPOSED AREA

(SQ.MT.)

02 AUDITORIUM .1 (CAPACITY 500)

	- <u>+</u>				
(í)	FOYER	0.5 SQ.MT / SPECTATOR	500	1	250 SQ.MT
(íí)	SEATING	1.2 SQ.MT / SPECTATOR	500	1	600 SQ.MT
(ίίί)	STAGE AREA (INCLUDES THE PLAY AREA AND WALKWAY AT THE BACK OF THE STAGE)	33.3% OF THE SEATING AREA			198 SQ.MT.
(ív)	PERFORMER'S / SPEAKER'S DRESSING ROOM + TOIL.	ATLEAST 16 SQ.MT	-	1	35 SQ.MT
(∨)	STORE AREA (SAME AS PLAY AREA FOR OPEN STAGES)	30% OF WHOLE ROOM	-	1	100 SQ.MT
(Ví)	GREEN ROOM + TOILET	_	3 MALES, 3 FEMALES	6	84 SQ.MT
(√íí)	PROJECTOR ROOM	MIN. SIZE - 3M X4.5M (13.5 SQ.MT)		1	13.5 SQ.MT
(√ííí)	LIGHT/SOUND ROOM	MIN. SIZE - 3M X 4.5 M (13.5 SQ.MT)	-	1	13.5 SQ.MT
(íx)	TOILET	MALE - WC (1.2 M²) -2/400 AND 1/250 PART THEREOF URINAL- (0.63 M²)-1/100 WB- (0.92 SQ.MT)-1/WC	300	WC-2 WB-2 U-5	WC-2.4 SQ.MT + WB-1.84 SQ.MT + U-3.15 SQ.MT = 7.39 SQ.MT
		FEMALE - WC - (1.2 M ²) - 2/200 AND 1/150 PART THEREOF, WB -1/WC	200	WC-2 WB-2	WC -24 + WB - 1.84 = 4.24 SQ.MT.
(x)	CIRCULATON AREA	30% OF HALL AREA			239.4.SQ.MT
					TOTALAREA - 1611 SQ.MT
AUDITORI	$\frac{1}{1000}$				ı
`(í)	FOYER	0.5 SQ.MT / SPECTATOR	200	1	100 SQ.MT
(11)	SEATING	1.2 SQ.MT / SPECTATOR	200	1	240 SQ.MT
(ííí)	STAGE AREA (INCLUDES THE PLAY AREA AND WALKWAY AT THE BACK OF THE STAGE)	33.3% OF THE SEATING AREA	200	1	79.2 SQ.MT
(í∨)	PERFORMER'S / SPEAKER'S DRESSING ROOM + TOIL.	ATLEAST 16 SQ.MT EACH			
(∨)	STORE AREA (SAME AS PLAY AREA FOR OPEN STAGES)	30% OF THE WHOLE ROOM			95.76 SQ.MT
(∨í)	GREEN ROOM + TOILET	_	2MALE, 2 FEMALE	4	54 SQ.MT

	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
(í)	FOYER	0.5 SQ.MT / SPECTATOR	500	1	250 SQ.MT
(íí)	SEATING	1.2 SQ.MT / SPECTATOR	500	1	600 SQ.MT
(ίίί)	STAGE AREA (INCLUDES THE PLAY AREA AND WALKWAY AT THE BACK OF THE STAGE)	33.3% OF THE SEATING AREA	-		198 SQ.MT.
(ív)	PERFORMER'S / SPEAKER'S DRESSING ROOM + TOIL.	ATLEAST 16 SQ.MT	-	1	35 SQ.MT
(∨)	STORE AREA (SAME AS PLAY AREA FOR OPEN STAGES)	30% OF WHOLE ROOM	_	1	100 SQ.MT
(Ví)	GREEN ROOM + TOILET	-	3 MALES, 3 FEMALES	6	84 SQ.MT
(√íí)	PROJECTOR ROOM	MIN. SIZE - 3M X4.5 M (13.5 SQ.MT)	_	1	13.5 SQ.MT
(√ííí)	LIGHT/SOUND ROOM	MIN. SIZE - 3MX 4.5 M (13.5 SQ.MT)		1	13.5 SQ.MT
(íx)	TOILET	MALE - WC (1.2 M2) -2/400 AND 1/250 PART THEREOF URINAL- (0.63 M2)-1/100 WB- (0.92 SQ.MT)-1/WC	300	WC - 2 WB - 2 U- 5	WC-2.4 SQ.MT + WB-1.84 SQ.MT + U-3.15 SQ.MT = 7.39 SQ.MT
		FEMALE - WC - (1.2 M ²) - 2/200 AND 1/150 PART THEREOF, WB - 1/WC	200	WC-2 WB-2	WC -24 + WB - 1.84 = 4.24 SQ.MT.
(x)	CIRCULATON AREA	30% OF HALL AREA			239.4SQ.MT
					TOTALAREA - 1611 SQ.MT
AUDITORI	UM 2 (CAPACITY 200)				
`(í)	FOYER	0.5 SQ.MT / SPECTATOR	200	1	100 SQ.MT
(11)	SEATING	1.2 SQ.MT / SPECTATOR	200	1	240 SQ.MT
(ίίί)	STAGE AREA (INCLUDES THE PLAY AREA AND WALKWAY AT THE BACK OF THE STAGE)	33.3% OF THE SEATING AREA	200	1	79.2 SQ.MT
(í∨)	PERFORMER'S / SPEAKER'S DRESSING ROOM + TOIL.	ATLEAST 16 SQ.MT EACH	-		
(∨)	STORE AREA (SAME AS PLAY AREA FOR OPEN STAGES)	30% OF THE WHOLE ROOM	_		95.76 SQ.MT
(Ví)	GREEN ROOM + TOILET	_	2MALE, 2 FEMALE	4	54 SQ.MT

(∨íí)	PERFORMER/SPEAKER DRESSING ROOM+TOI.	ATLEAST 16 SQ.MT	_	1	33 SQ.MT
(√ííí)	PROJECTOR ROOM	MIN. SIZE - 3M X4.5M (13.5 SQ.MT)			
(íx)	LIGHT/SOUND ROOM	MIN. SIZE - 3M X 4.5 M (13.5 SQ.MT)			
	TOILET	<u>MALE -</u> WC (1.2 M ²) 1/100 UP TO 400 PPL URINALS (0.63 M ²)1/50 PPL WB- (0.92 SQ.MT) 1/WC AND URINALS PROVIDED	ASSUMING 120 MALES, 80 FEMALES	MALE-2WC, 3URINAL, 2WB	MALE - WC- 1.2 SQ.MT URINAL - 1.89 SQ.MT WB- 3.68 SQ.MT
		<u>FEMALE -</u> WC (1.2 SQ.MT) - TWO FOR 100 PERSONS WB (0.92 SQ.MT) -1/WC		FEMALE - WC-2 WB-2	FEMALE - WC - 2.4 SQ.MT WB - 1.84 SQ.MT
(x)	CIRCULATON AREA	30% OF THE CARPET AREA		-	196 SQ.MT
(xí)	<u>FOOD & BEVERAGES</u> 1- CAFÉ RESTRAUNT	1.6 SQ.MT/ SEAT FOR DINING AREA 60% OF TOTAL AREA = DINING AREA 30% OF TOTAL AREA = KITCHEN AREA 10% OF THE TOTAL AREA = STORAGE ,FOOD PREP, COOKING, DISHWASHING ADMIN ACTIVITIES ETC.	FOR CAFÉ RESTRAUNT 434.25 PAX (BY CAL.)	1	FOR CAFÉ RESTRAUNT - TOTAL AREA = 1158 SQ.MT DINING AREA = 694.8 SQ.MT KITCHEN AREA = 347.4 SQ.MT STORAGE N OTHER SER. = 115.8 SQ.MT
	1.1 TOILET	MALE - WC (1.2 M ²) 1/100 UP TO 400 PPL URINALS (0.63 M ²)1/50 PPL WB- (0.92 SQ.MT) 1/WC AND URINALS PROVIDED <u>FEMALE - WC (1.2 SQ.MT) - TWO FOR</u> 100 PERSONS	MALE 260 FEMALE 174	MALE - WC-3 URINAL -6 WB - 3 FEMALE - WC 4 WB-4	MALE -18.6 SQ.MT FEMALE - 6 SQ.MT
	2-SNACK BAR	WB (0.92 SQ.MT) -1/WC 1.6 SQ.MT/ SEAT FOR DINING AREA 60% OF TOTAL AREA = DINING AREA 30% OF TOTAL AREA = KITCHEN AREA 10% OF THE TOTAL AREA = STORAGE ,FOOD PREP, COOKING, DISHWASHING ADMIN ACTIVITIES ETC	FOR SNACK BAR 100 PAX	1 TOTAL AREA	FOR SNACK BAR - TOTAL AREA = 448 SQ.MT DINING AREA = 280 SQ.MT KITCHEN AREA = 130 SQ.MT STORE AREA = 98 SQ.MT
SEMIPUBI	LIC BLOCK -			TUTALARUA	<u>9101 SQ.MTS</u>
(í)	CONFERENCE & MEETING ROOMS TYPE 1	2 SQMT/PERSON	22 PAX EACH	9	396 SQ.MT
(íí)	CONFERENCE & MEETING ROOM TYPE 2	2 SQMT/PERSON	14 PAX EACH	10	280 SQ.MT
(ííí)	BUISNESS CENTRE	2 SQMT/PERSON	200 PAX EACH	2	830 SQMT
(1\/)	VIPLOUNGE	1.2 SQMT/PERSON	300 PAX	1	500 SQ.MT
(∨)	LECTURE THEATRES	1.5 SQ.MT/PERSON	42 PAX EACH	6	378 SQ.MT
(χI)	MULTIDURDOSEHALLS	12 SOMT/DERSON	1000 DAY FACH	$\mathbf{\hat{c}}$	2400 SO MT

2400 SQ.MT

(í)	CONFERENCE & MEETING ROOMS TYPE 1	2 SQMT/PERSON	22 PAX EACH	9
(íí)	CONFERENCE & MEETING ROOM TYPE 2	2 SQMT/PERSON	14 PAX EACH	10
(ííí)	BUISNESS CENTRE	2 SQMT/PERSON	200 PAX EACH	2
(1\/)	VIP LOUNGE	1.2 SQMT/PER.SON	300 PAX	1
(∨)	LECTURE THEATRES	1.5 SQ.MT/PERSON	42 PAX EACH	6
(\/I)	MULTI PURPOSE HALLS	1.2 SQ.MT/PERSON	1000 PAX EACH	2

(\/11)	ARTGALLERY	1.2 SQMT/PERSON	625 PAX EACH	2	1500 SQ.MT
	A-STORE			1	STORE-100SQ.T
	B-CURATOR'S ROOM			1	CORATOR'S ROOM -6 SQ.MT
(\/11)	LIBRARY	2.5 SQMT/PERSON (TABLE)	380 PAX	1	1600 SQ.MT
4	A-STORE	4 SQ.MT / PERSON (FOR STUDY		1	STORE-410 SQ.MT
1		CARRELS)		1	
/		3.25 SQ.MT PERSON (FOR LOUNGE		1	
I		CHAIRS)		1	
		25% OF READING AREA		1	
(IX)	TOILET	<u>MALE - WC (1.2 M²) 1/100 UP TO 400 PPL</u>	MALE 2644	1	
		URINALS (0.63 M2)1/50 PPL	FEMALE 1763	1	
		WB- (0.92 SQ.MT)1/WC AND URINALS		1	
		PROVIDED		1	
		FEMALE - WC (1.2 SQ.MT) - TWO FOR		1	
		100 PERSONS		1	
		WB (0.92 SQ.MT) -1/WC		1	
				1	
+				TOTALAREA	<u>8400 SQ.MTS</u>
CHECTRIC		I	L		

<u>GUEST BLOCK</u>

·		
(1)	RECEPTION +TOILET	0.5 SQ. MT/PER <u>MALE -</u> WC (1.2 M ²) 1/100 URINALS (0.63 M ²)- WB- (0.92 SQ.MT) 1/WC, PROVIDED <u>FEMALE -</u> WC (1.2 SQ.M 100 PERSON WB (0.92 SQ.MT)
(11)	FRONT OF THE HOUSE OFFICE	-
(111)	RESTRAUNT	1.6 SQ.MT/ SEAT FOR I 60% OF TOTAL AREA = 30% OF TOTAL AREA = k 10% OF THE TOTAL AREA ,FOOD PREP, COOKING, I ADMIN ACTIVITIE
(≀∨)	GUESTROOMS + TOILETS	35 SQ.MT / EACH DWE

RSON	86 GUESTS-TOTAL	TOILET - MALES - WC-2	REC
OUP TO 400 PPL	AT PEAK CAPACITY	WB-2	
1/50 PPL	52 MALES, 34 FEMALES	U-3	TOIL
AND URINALS		FEMALES -	
>		WC-2	
1T) - TWO FOR		WB-2	
NS			F
) -1/WC			
	15 PAX	2	
DININGAREA	86 GUESTS	1	ТС
DININGAREA			
KITCHEN AREA			DIN
A = STORAGE			KIT
DISHWASHING			S
ES ETC.			
F 1 1 1) 1 C 1 1) 11 +			
ELLINGUNIT	86 GUESTS	86	
PETAREA			

TOILET - MALES - WC-2	RECEPTION AREA - 43 SQ.MT
WB-2	
U-3	TOILET - MALE - WC:1.2 SQ.MT
FEMALES -	WB-0.92 SQ.MT
WC-2	U-1.26 SQ.MT
WB-2	
	FEMALE-WC 2.4 SQ.MT
	WB - 1.84 SQ.MT
2	38 SQ.MT
1	TOTAL AREA = 203 SQ.MT
	DINING AREA = 203 SQ.MT
	KITCHEN AREA = 51 SQ.MT
	STORE AREA = 35 SQ.MT
86	3010 SQ.MT
	TOTAL AREA 3301 SQ.MTS

(1)	CARPARKING	1 PARKING SPACE / 20 SEATS	-	172 CARS - BASEMENT	5504 SQMT
	(FOR EXHIBITION AND	32 SQ.MT (BASEMENT PARKING)		PARKING	
	AUDITORIUMS)	23 SQ.MT (SURFACE PARKING)			
				90 CARS - SURAFCE PARKING	2070 SQ.MT
(11)	CAR PARKING FOR SEMI	2 ECS/100 SQ.MT	_	160 CARS - SEMI PUBLICK	5120 SQ.MT
	PUBLIC AND GUEST BLOCK			BLOCK	
				GUESTS PARKING = 85 CARS	
				TOTAL CAR PARKS = 530	
				CARS	
				TWO WHEELER PARK = 87	990 SQ.MT
				NOS	
(111)	BUSPARKING	BUS SIZE = 12M X 2.50 M	-	3	90 SQ.MT
		TURNING RADIUS = 11.05 MTS			
(≀∨)	SERVICES -	-	-	-	
	ACPLANTROOM				
	FIREPUMPROOM				1464 SQ.MT
	WATER TANKS				
	FIRETANKS				
	FAN ROOM FOR EATH AUR				
	TUNNEL				
	AIR EXTRACT ROOM				
	FOR JET AIR VENT				
(\)	TOILET	MALE - WC (1.2 M ²) 1/100 UP TO 400 PPL	_	_	22.5 SQ.MT
	ATBASEMENT	URINALS (0.63 M2)1/50 PPL			
		WB- (0.92 SQ.MT)1/WC AND URINALS PROVIDED			

SITE AREA = 10.23 ACRES	
= 41390.58 SQ.MT	
PERMISSIBLE F.A.R = 1.30	
PERMISSIBLE GROUND COVERAGE	= 30%
	= 12417.17 SQ.MT
PERMISSIBLE TOTAL BUILT UP ARE	A-53807 SQ.MTS
ACHIEVED F.A.R	= 1.0
ACHIVED GROUND COVERAGE	= 10526 SQ.MTS
ACHIEVED TOTAL BUILTUP AREA	= 40569 SQ.MTS





SCALE 1:500

LEGE	NDS
<u>SYMBOL</u>	DESCRIPTION
NO.	GUARD ROOM
	RAIN WATER RECHARGE PIT
51	
E	FLOW EQUALIZATION TANK
BFT	BETFLINERTANK
UGT	UNDERGROUND WATER TANK 13M X 6.5 MTS
NO.	MAN HOLE FOR EARTH AIR TUNNEL
DG	DG SET FOR BUILDING L&P 3.9MX1.7M
SWP	SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT PLANT
CT	COOLING TOWER
SFBV.	SHAFT FOR BASEMENT VENTILATION
FAS .	FRESH AIR SHAFT
WB.	WATER BODY
RZWT	ROOT ZONE WASTE WATER TREATMENT PLANT

	LAN	DSCAPE LEGENDS		
SYMBOL OF SPECEIES	NAME OF THE SPECEIES	DIAMETER OF THE SPECIES	HEIGHT OF	REMARKS
AL WAY	ARJUN TREE TERMINILIA ARJUNA	TRUNK DIA - 2.5 MTS	25 MTS HIGH	PREFERABLE IN EAST - WEST DIRECTION
8	WILLOW SALIX	TRUNK DIA - 3"	2-4 HIGH	DECIDOUS TREE N-S DIREC. PREF.
	NEEM TREE AZADIRACHTA INDICA	TRUNK DIA - 30-80 CMS	30 MTS HIGH	EVERGREEN TREE , SCENTED FLOWER
	JACRANDA MISOEFOLIA	TRUNK DIA - 04-0.5 MTS	15 MTS HIGH	FERN LIKE LEAF SEMI EVER. OR DECIDOUS
	ALSTONIA SCHOLARIS	TRUNK DIA - 1.2 MTS	40 MTS HIGH	EVERGREEN TR. PROTECT SOLAR RADIATION
\odot	KANAK CHAMPA PTEROPERMUM	TRUNK DIA - 1-1.2 MTS	45 MTS HIGH	EVERGREEN TREE
\bigcirc	GULMOHAR DELONIX REGIA	TRUNK DIA -1 MT S	15 MTS HIGH	UMBRELLA SHAP ED, ORANGE - YELLOW FLOWER
*	BABUL ACACIA ARABICA	TRUNK DIA - 0.6 MTS	2.7-7MTS HIGH	
BANKS BANK	FRANGIPANI PLANT PLUMERIA ACUTIFOLIA	TRUNK DIA - 8-10 MTS	7-8 MTS HIGH	DECIDUOUS PLANT - FLOWER IN SUMMER
	BIRCH BETULA	TRUNK DIA - 30"	20-40 MTS HIGH	DECIDUOUS TREE
$\overline{\mathbf{\cdot}}$	OAK SCARLET	TRUNK DIA -30'	45 ' HIGH	DECIDUOUS TREE
	JASMINE JASMINUM PUBSCENS	TRUNK DIA -3-3.5 MTS	5-10' HIGH	ODOUR CONTROL GREY APPEARAN
7	LILY <i>LILLIUM SPP</i> .	STEM DIA - 4-5"	2.4 MTS HIGH	FLOWERING STEM
	RAAT RANI CESTRUM NOCTURMUM	TRUNK DIA - 10-13' IN DIA	2-4 MTS HIGH	GREYISH WHITE FLOWER , ODOUR CONTROL
	GUDDAIM GREWIA TENAX	STEM DIA -5-7 MM	3 MTS HIGH	ORANGE YELLOW FLOWERS R.R200-1000 MM
٠	JHARBERI ZIZIPHYUS NUMMULARIA	FLOWERS - 3-4 MM IN DIA	3 MTS HIGH	BUSHY , LEAVES AREA TINY R.R-100-1000 M M
XX	FORYSTHIA FLOWERS	10-12' SPREAD AT MATURITY	8-10' HIGH	LARGEST FLOW -ER 2" DIA
	JELLY BEAN TREE PARKINSONIA ACULAETIA	-	2-8 MTS HIGH	SPINY SHRUB
	SEASONAL FLOWERS	-	-	-
	COMMON REED PHRAGMITES AUSTRALIS	15-25 MM	2-4 MTS HIGH	VERY VIGROUS PERENNIAL GRAS
	PHARAGMITES KARKA	15-25 MM	10 MTS HIGH	TALL REED
5353997	ARUNDO DONAX	STEM DIA - 2-3 CMS	2-10 MTS HIGH	GIANT REED
-	BULRUSH <i>TYPHA</i> LALIFOLIA	-	90-270 CM HIGH	-
	JUNCUS BULRUSH	SPREAD 2-4 '	1.5 MTS	PERENNIAL SOFT RUSH

TOTAL SITE AREA - 10.23 ACRES 41390 SQ.MTS PERMISSIBLE F.A.R -1.30

PERMISSIBLE GROUND COVERAGE - 30% (12417 SQ.MTS) ACHIEVED GROUND COVERAGE - 26% (10526 SQ.MTS) PERMISSIBLE TOTAL BUILT UP AREA - 53807 SQ.MTS

ACHIEVED TOTAL BUILT UP AREA - 40569 SQ.MTS 75.3% ACHIEVED F.A.R -1.0

SURFACE PARKING PROVIDED - 96 CARS (FOR VIP, PERFORMERS , AND GENERAL PUBLIC)

TWO WHEELER PARKING -87 NOS. IN BASEMENT CAR PARKING IN BASEMENTS - 530 CARS INCLUDING PARKING FOR GUESTS

BUS PARKING FOR GUESTS - 3 NOS.



SUMITTED ON 07/06/20

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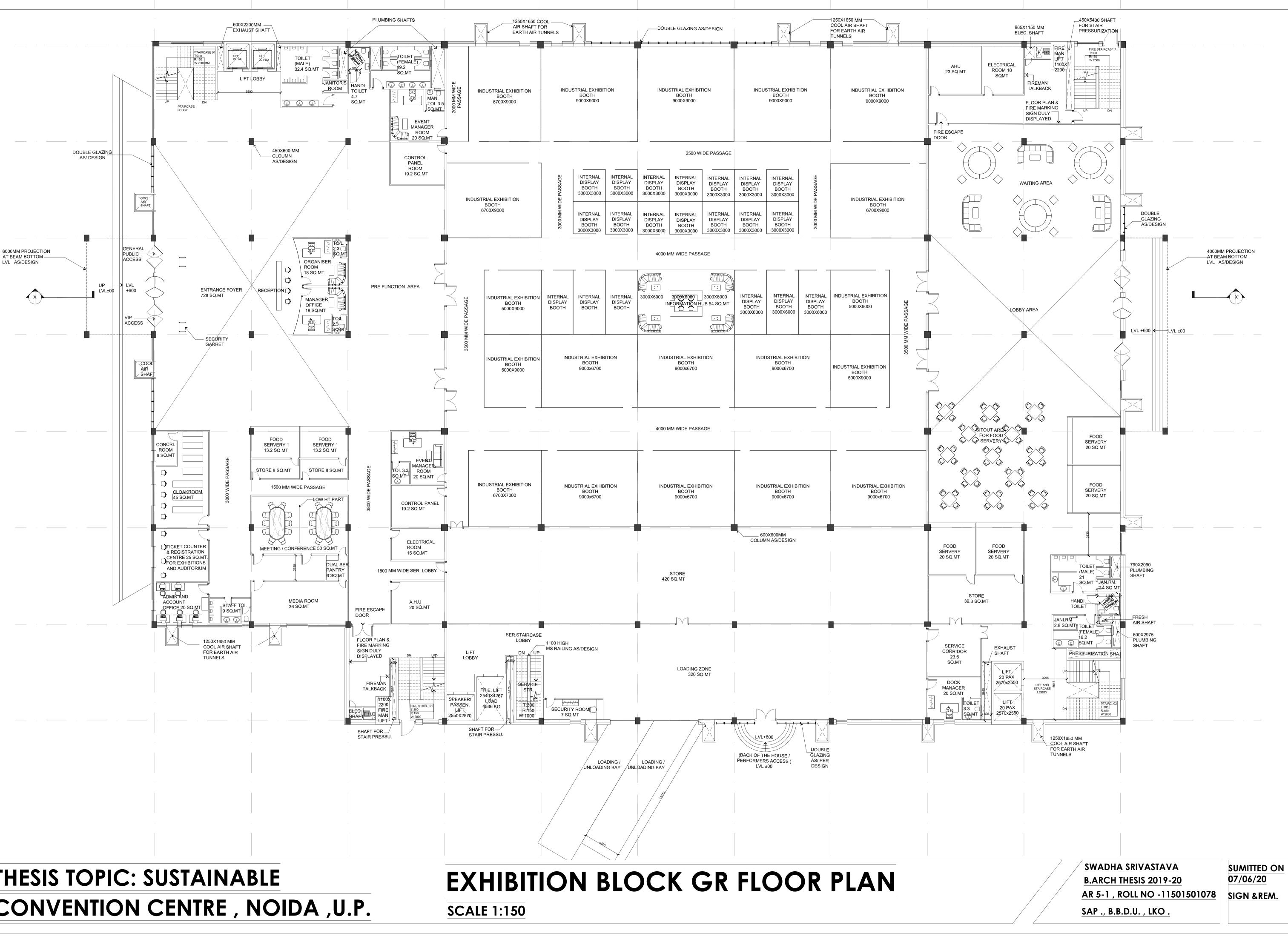
SWADHA SRIVASTAVA

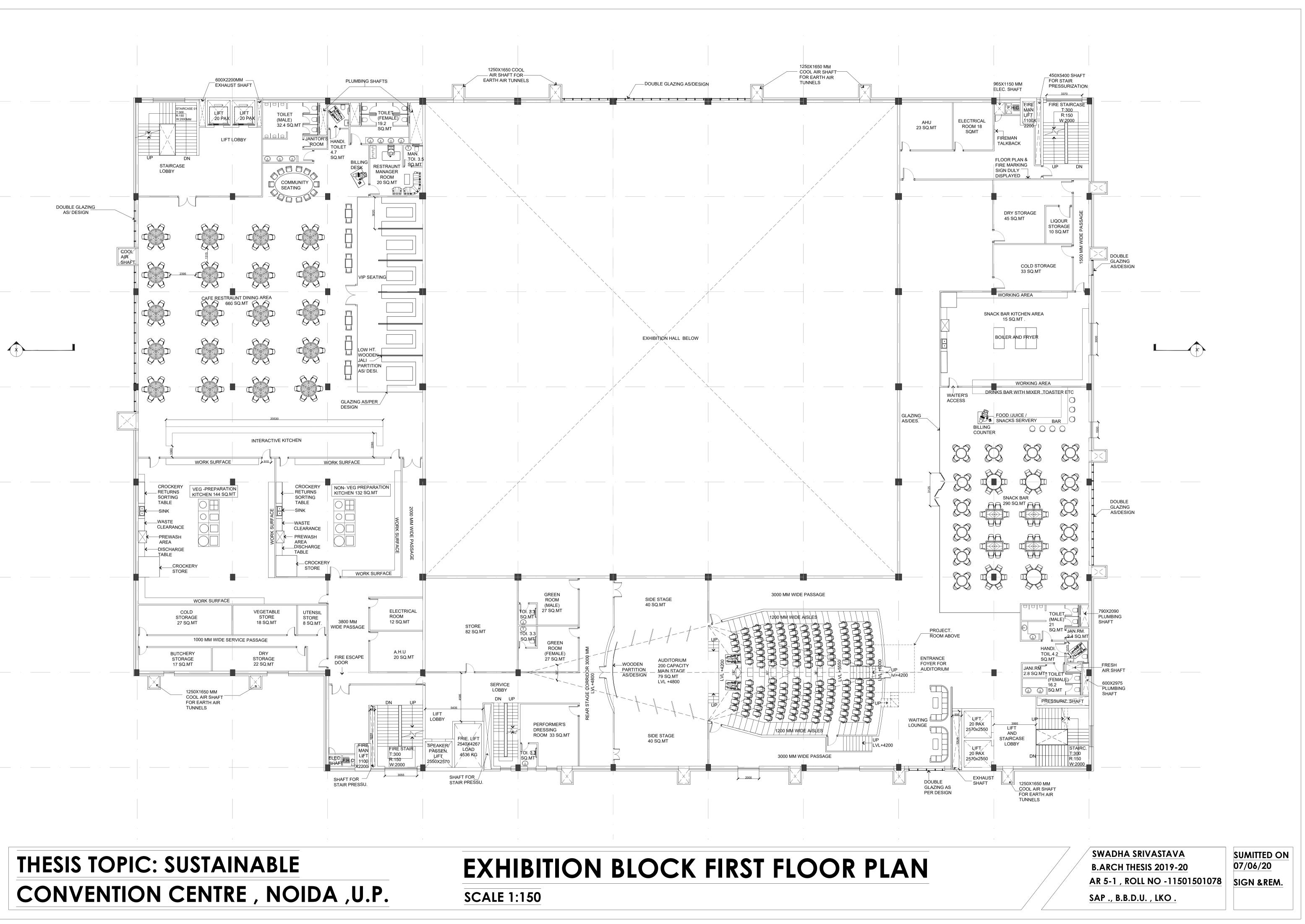
B.ARCH THESIS 2019-20

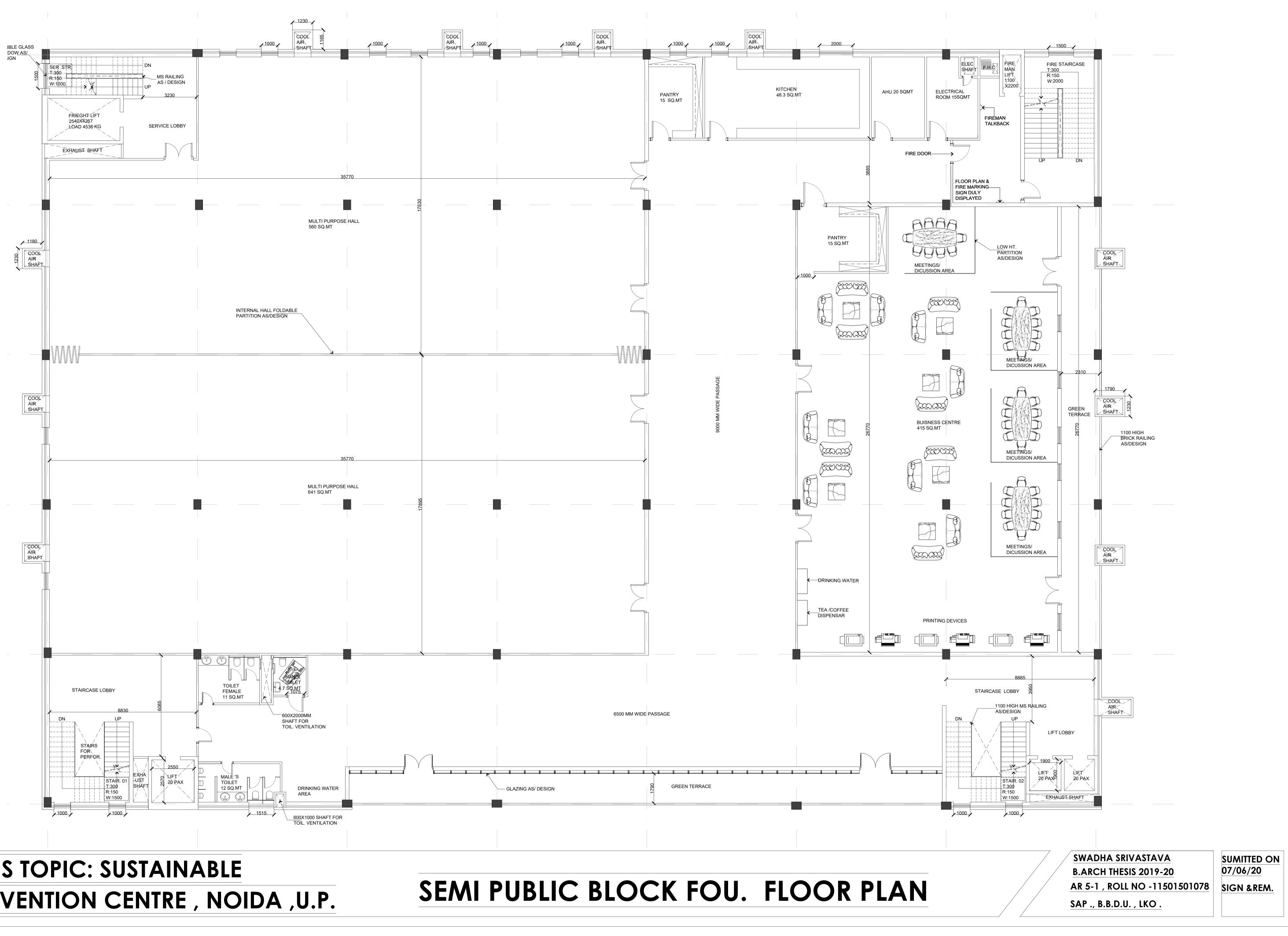
AR 5-1 , ROLL NO -11501501078

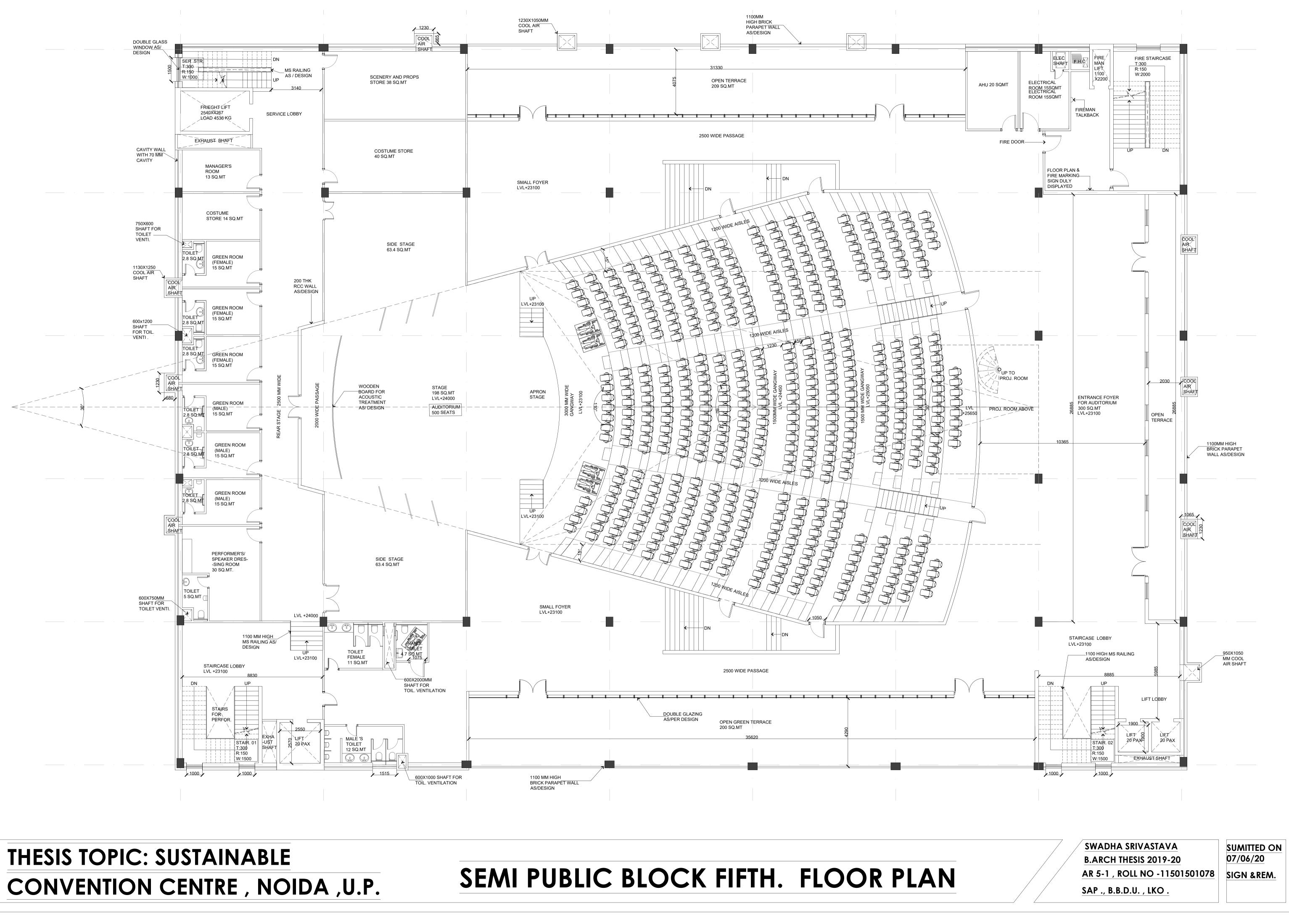
SIGN & REM.

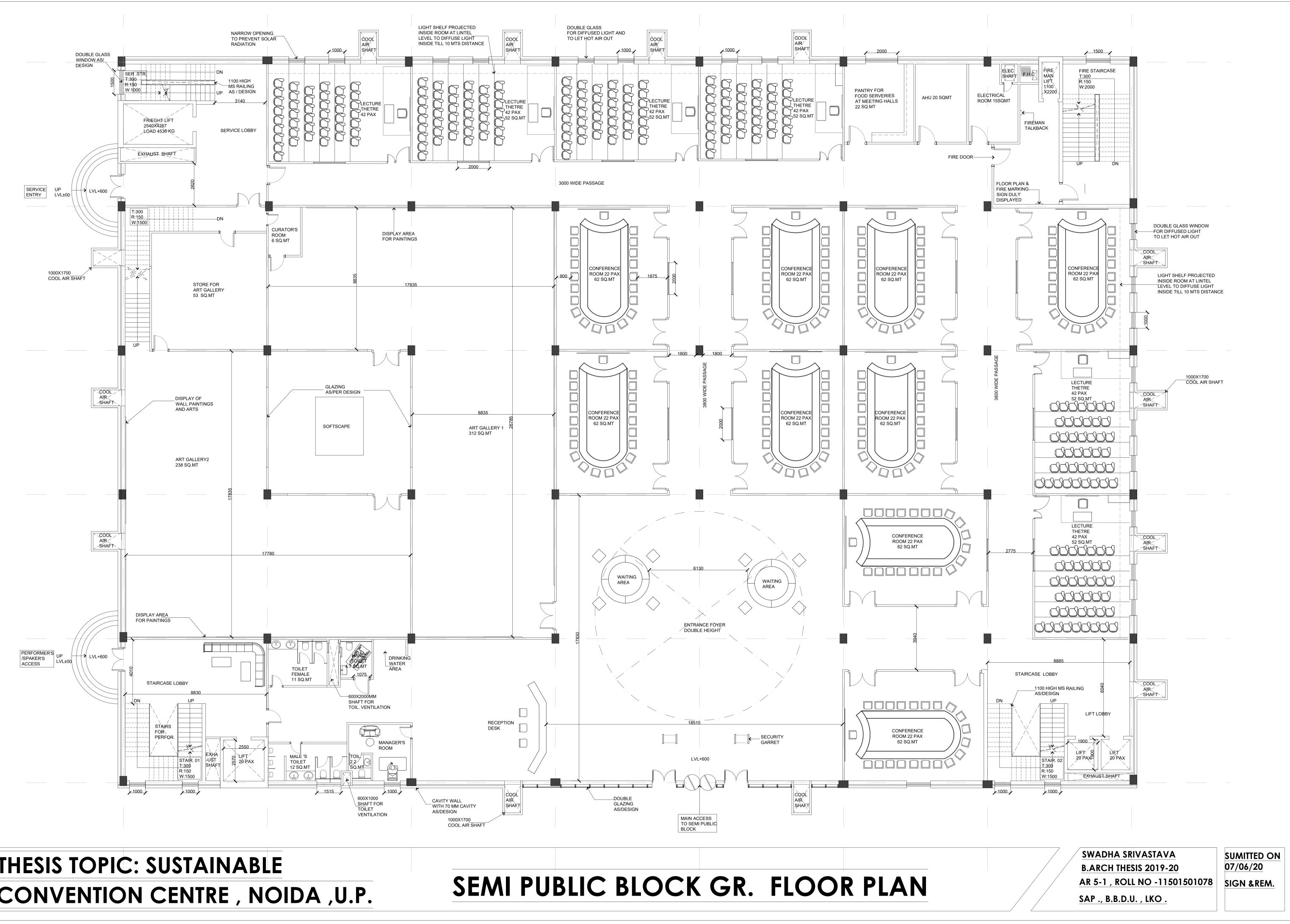




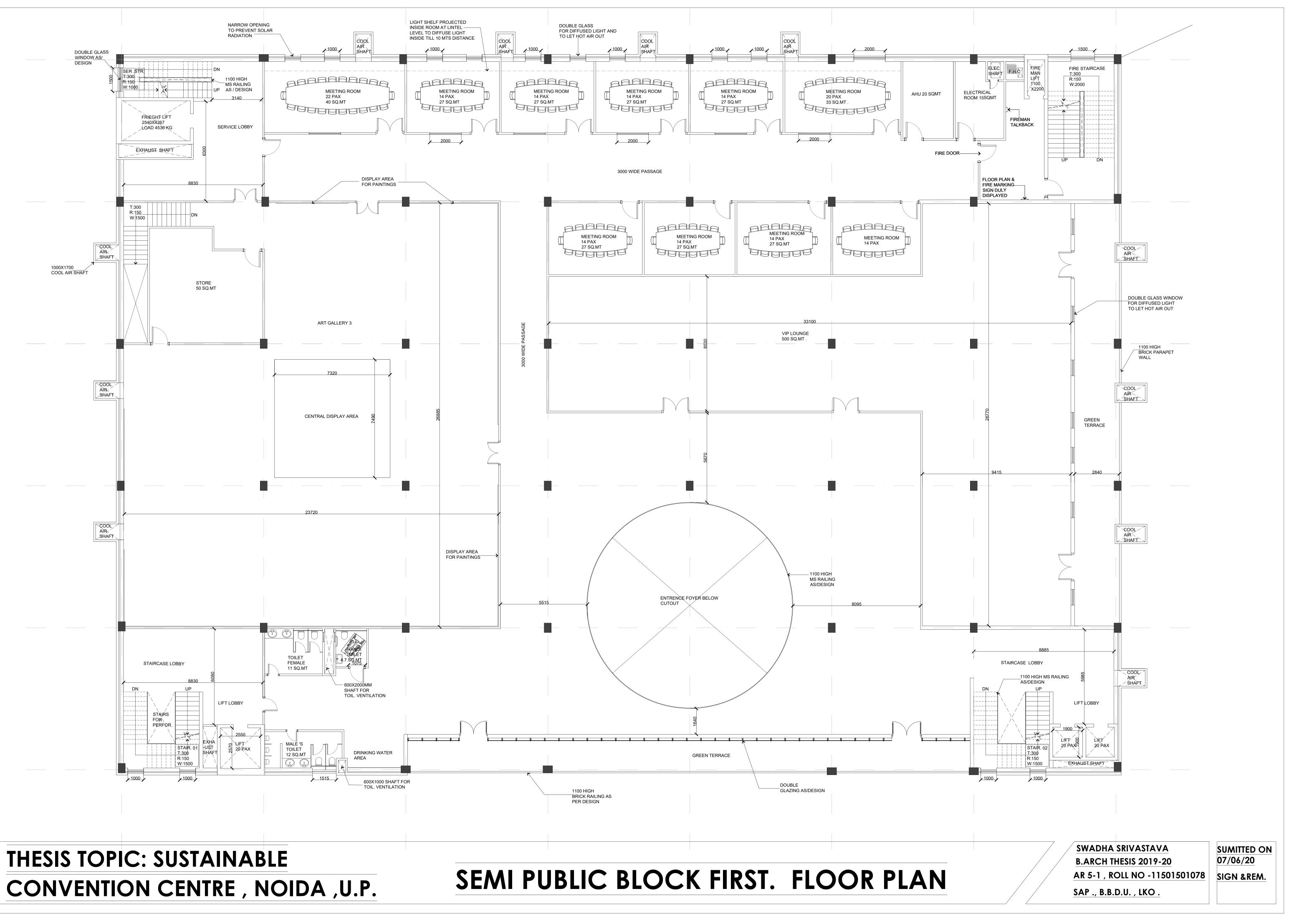


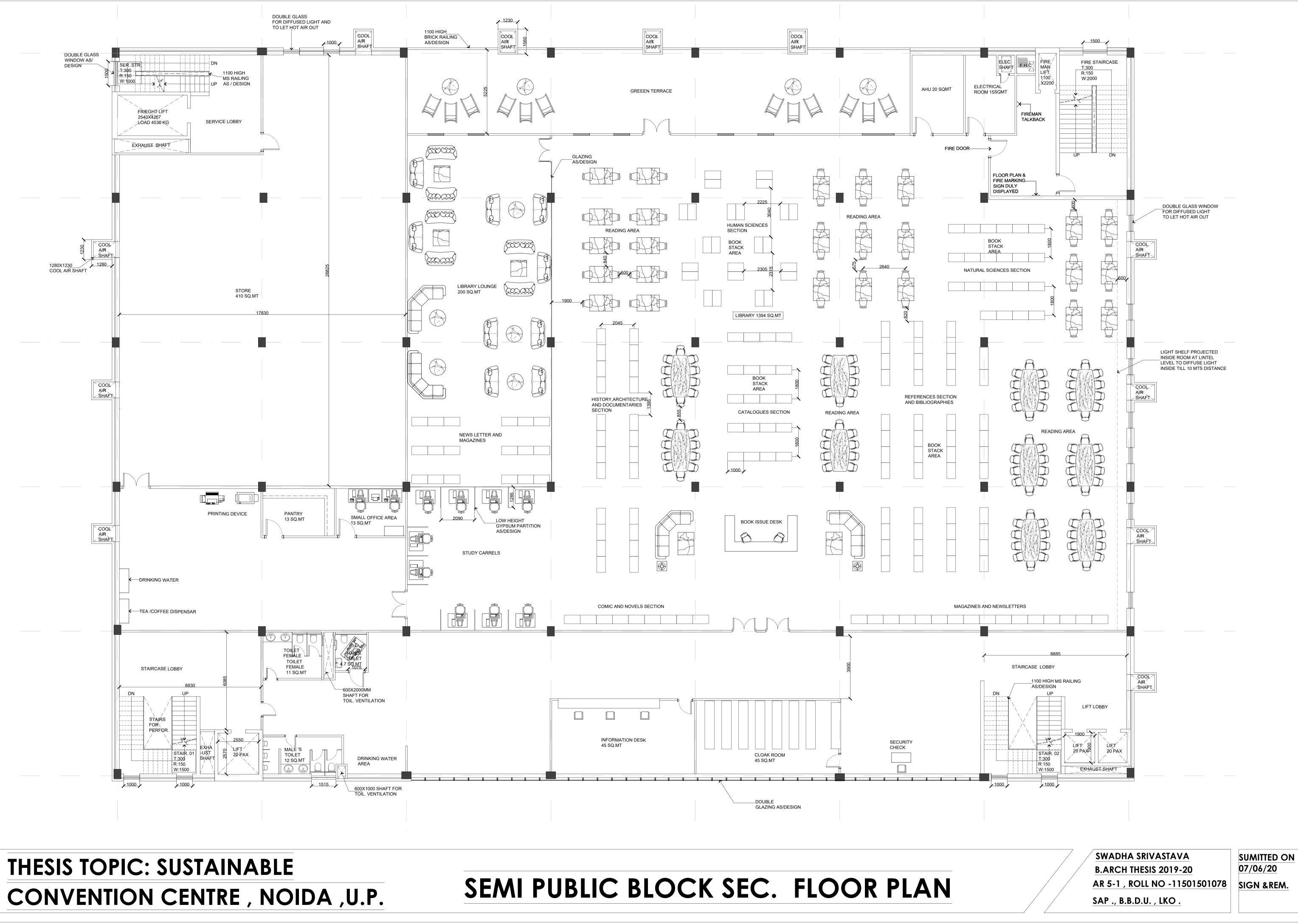


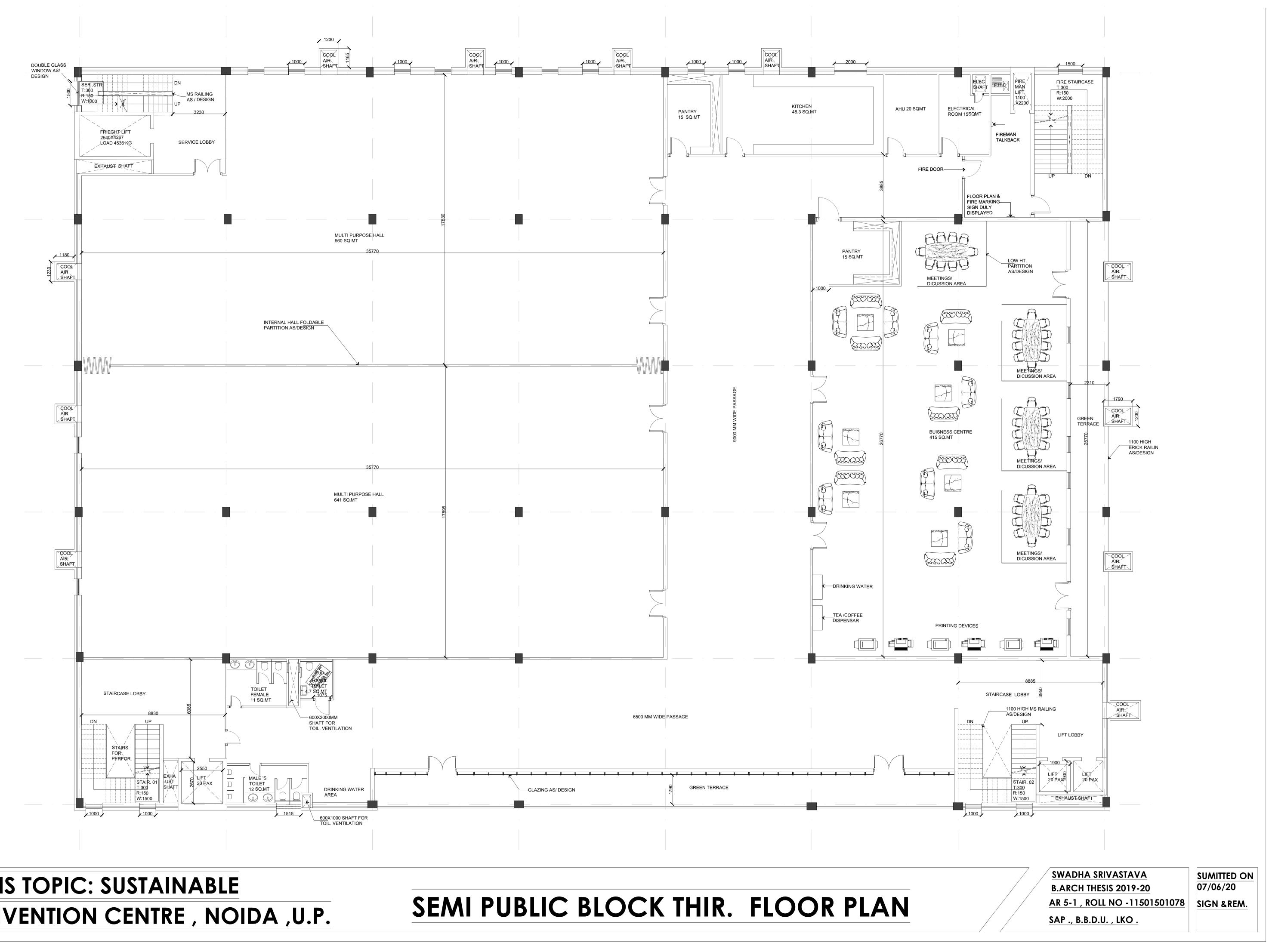




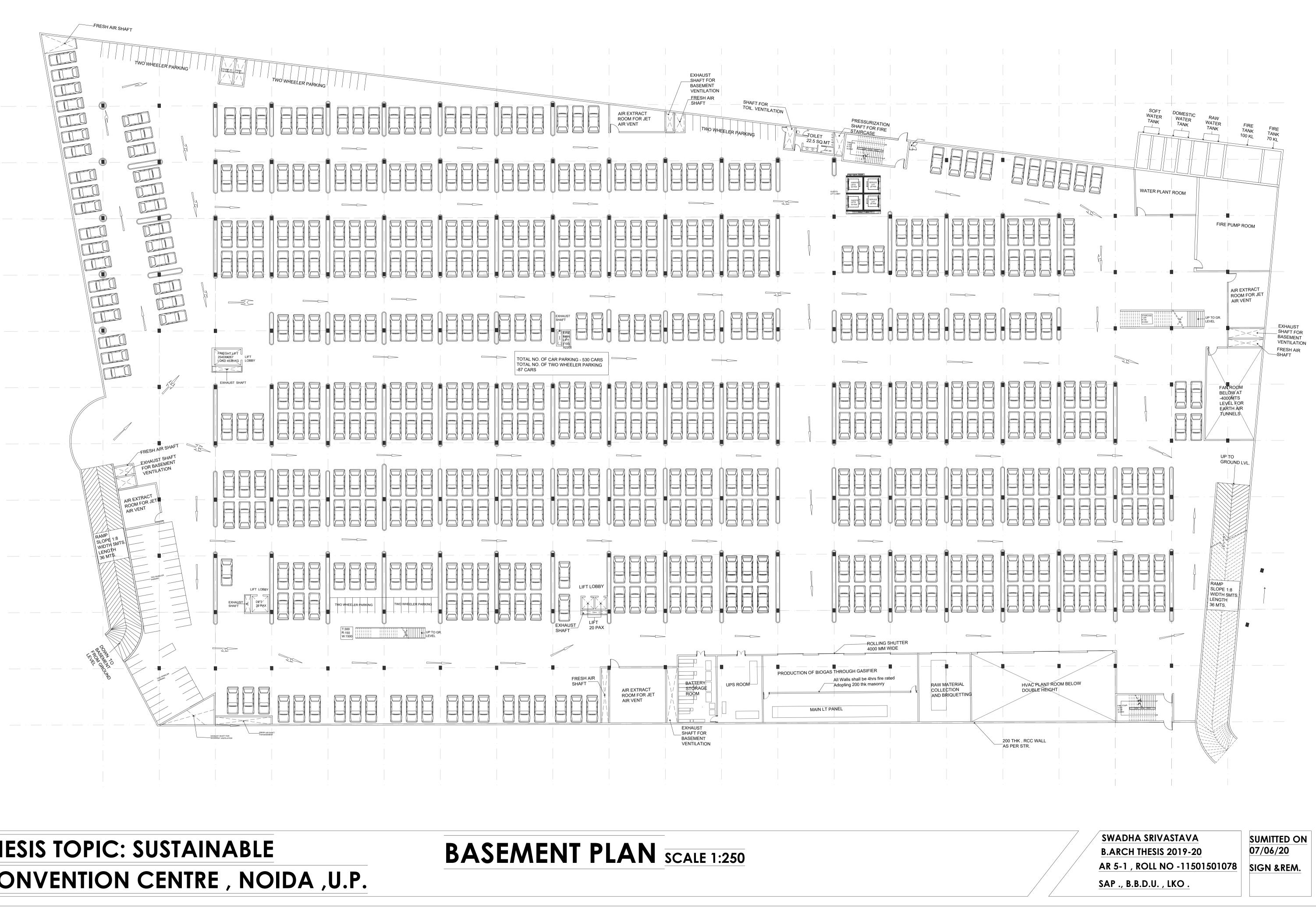












SOUTH SIDE ELEVATION SEMI PUBLIC BLOCK

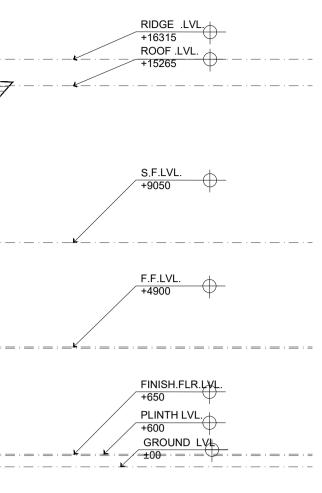
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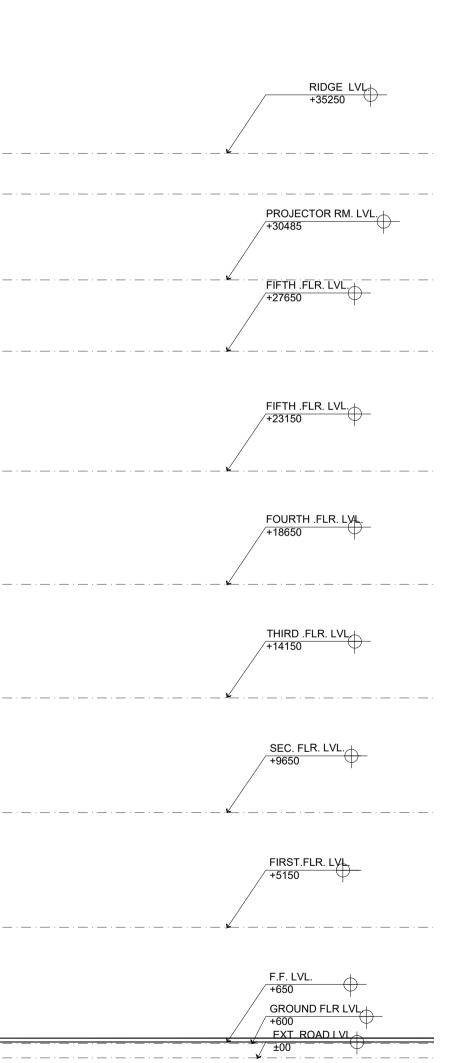
WEST SIDE ELEVATION EXHIBITION BLOCK SCALE :- 1:150

 _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ ·	
the second se	
0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0	

_____ HXXHXX FIFTH .FLR. LVL. /+27650 X//X////X//X/ XOXE XOXE

ELEVATIONS







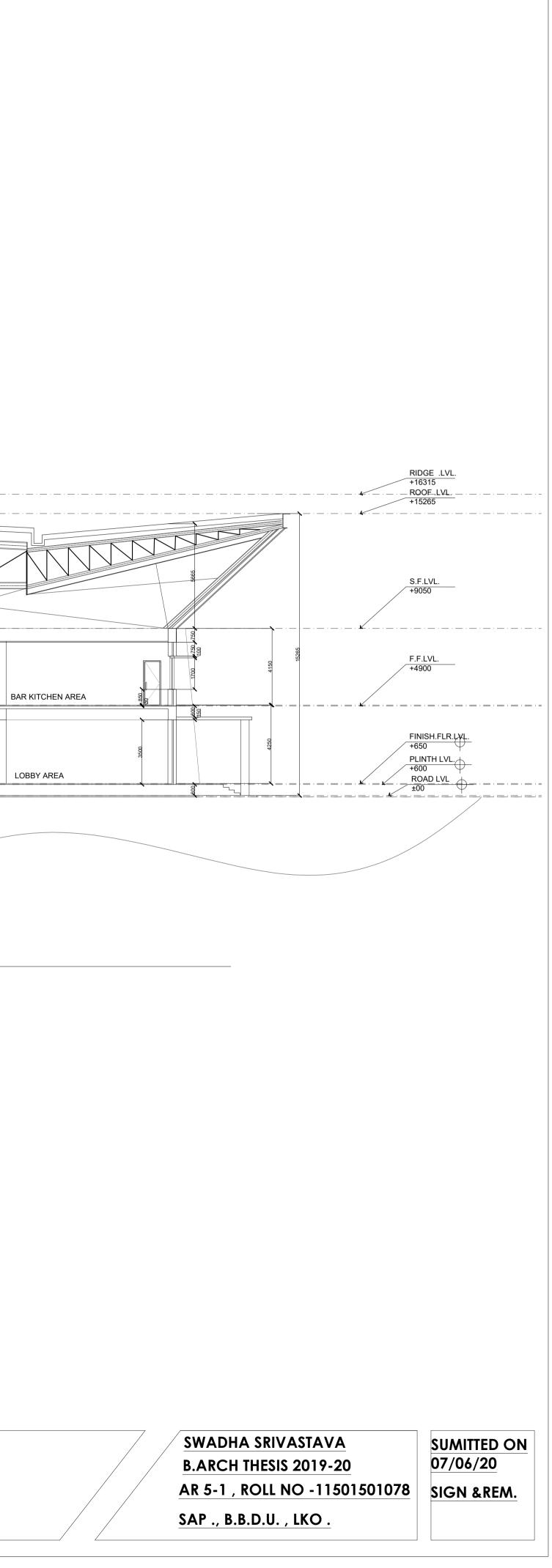
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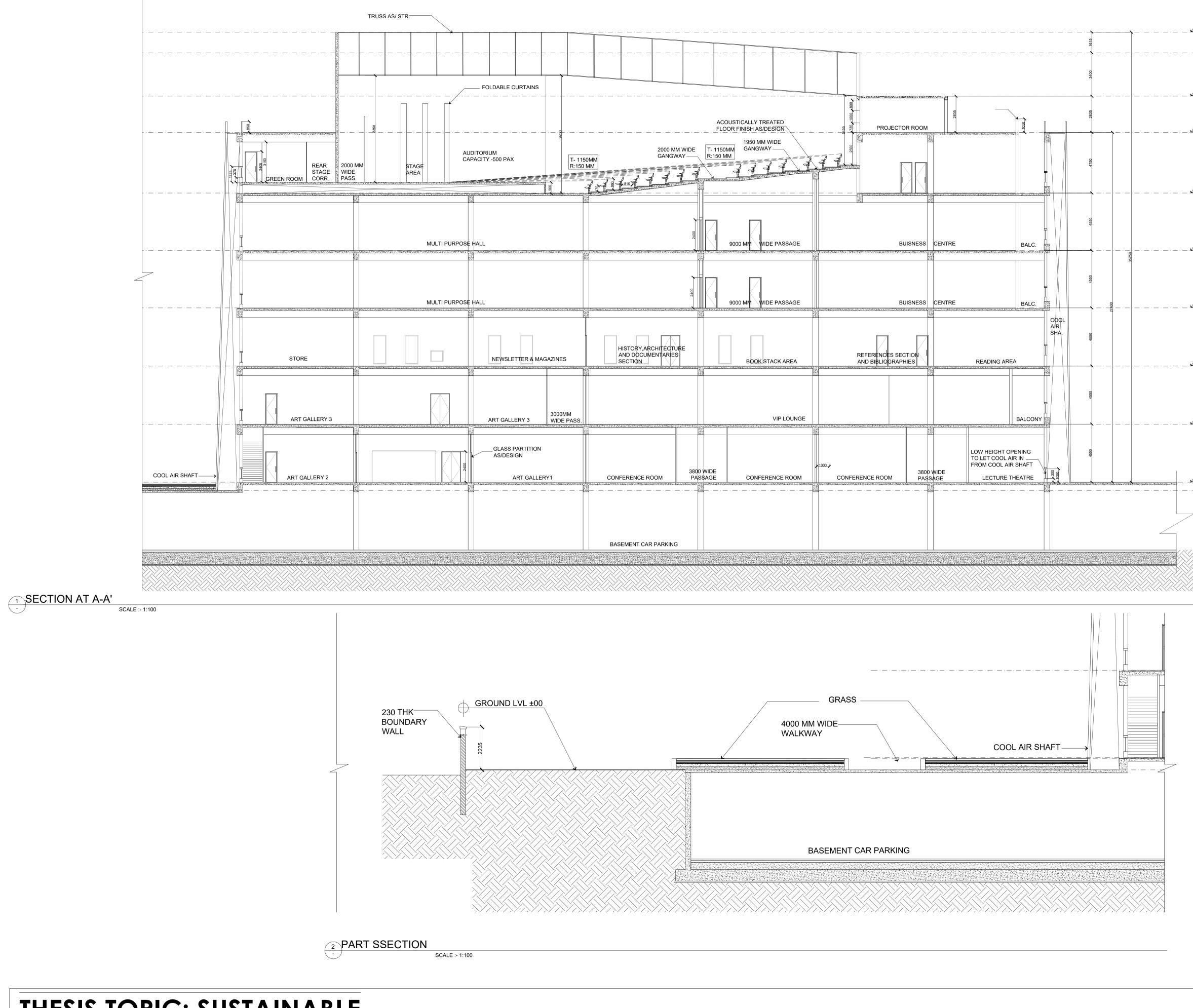
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			·_·_·		· · — · — · — · — · — ·	
STAIRCASE01 T:300 R:150 W:2000MM		BOARD) FALSE			
DEAM AS/STR .	LIFT LOBBY 7	CAFE RESTRAUNT DINING AREA		LOW HT. PARTITITON AS/DESIGN		
HIGH MS RAILING		AS/DESIGN MANAGER				
		OFFICE				
X-X' SCALE :- 1:150						
TOPIC: SU	ISTAIN	JABLE				
	X-X'	X-X'	X-X'	X-X'	X-X'	X-X

		5175
BEAM AS/ STR.	EXHIBITION HALL DOUBLE HEIGHT	SNACK
LOW HT . FIBRE BOARD PARTITIONS	EXHIBITION BOOTHS	4250
2100	EXHIBITION HALL	3400

SECTIONS





SECTIONS

SWADHA SRIVASTAVA B.ARCH THESIS 2019-20 AR 5-1 , ROLL NO -11501501078

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SWADHA S B.ARCH TH AR 5-1 , RO

_ . _ . _ . _ . _ . _ . _ . _ . _ .

F.F. LVL.

BASEMENT LVL

+600

FIRST.FLR. LV-+5150

SEC. FLR. LVL. +9650

FIFTH .FLR. LVL. +23150

FOURTH .FLR. LVL. /+18650

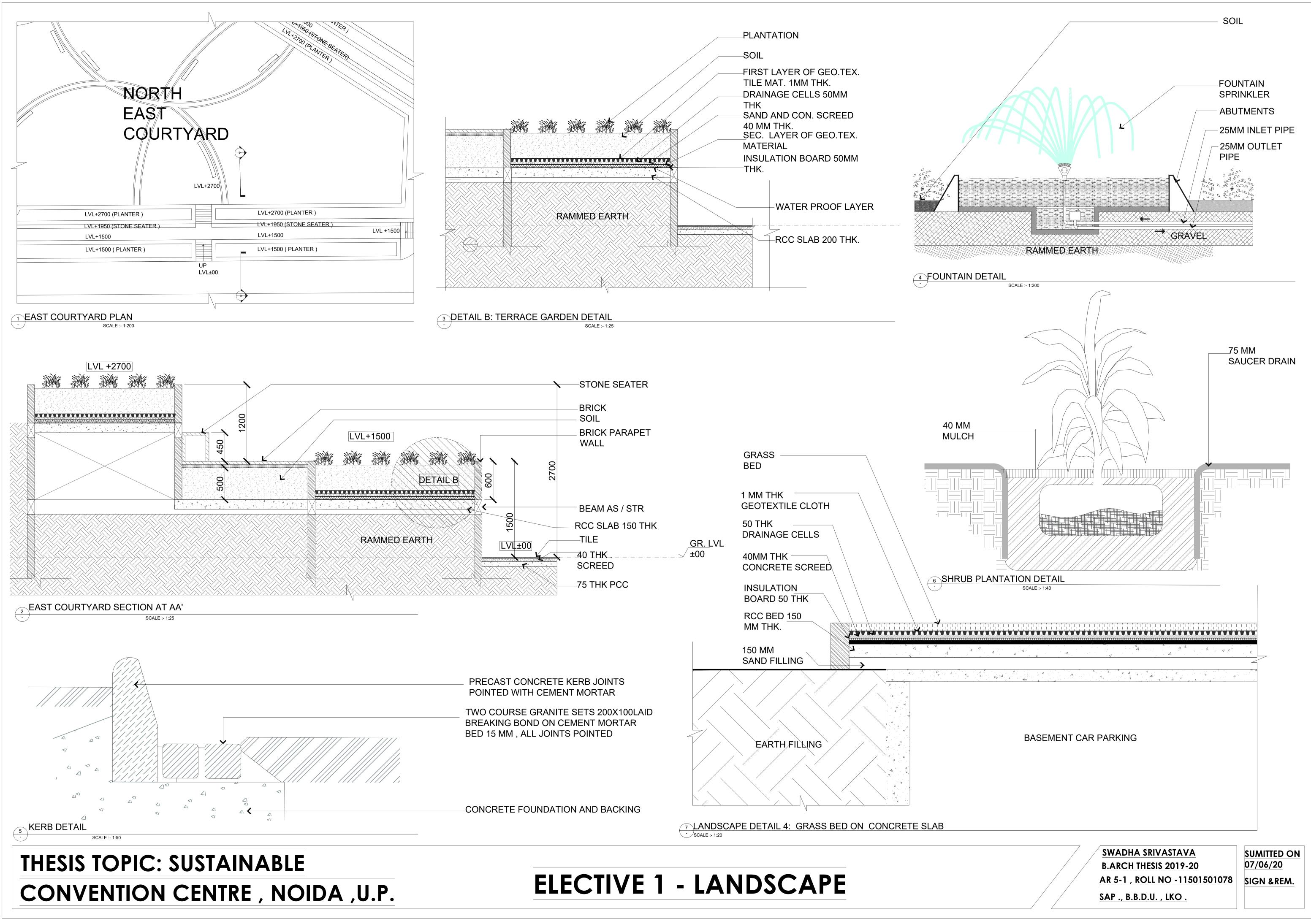
THIRD .FLR. LVL /+14150

+27650 \u03c6

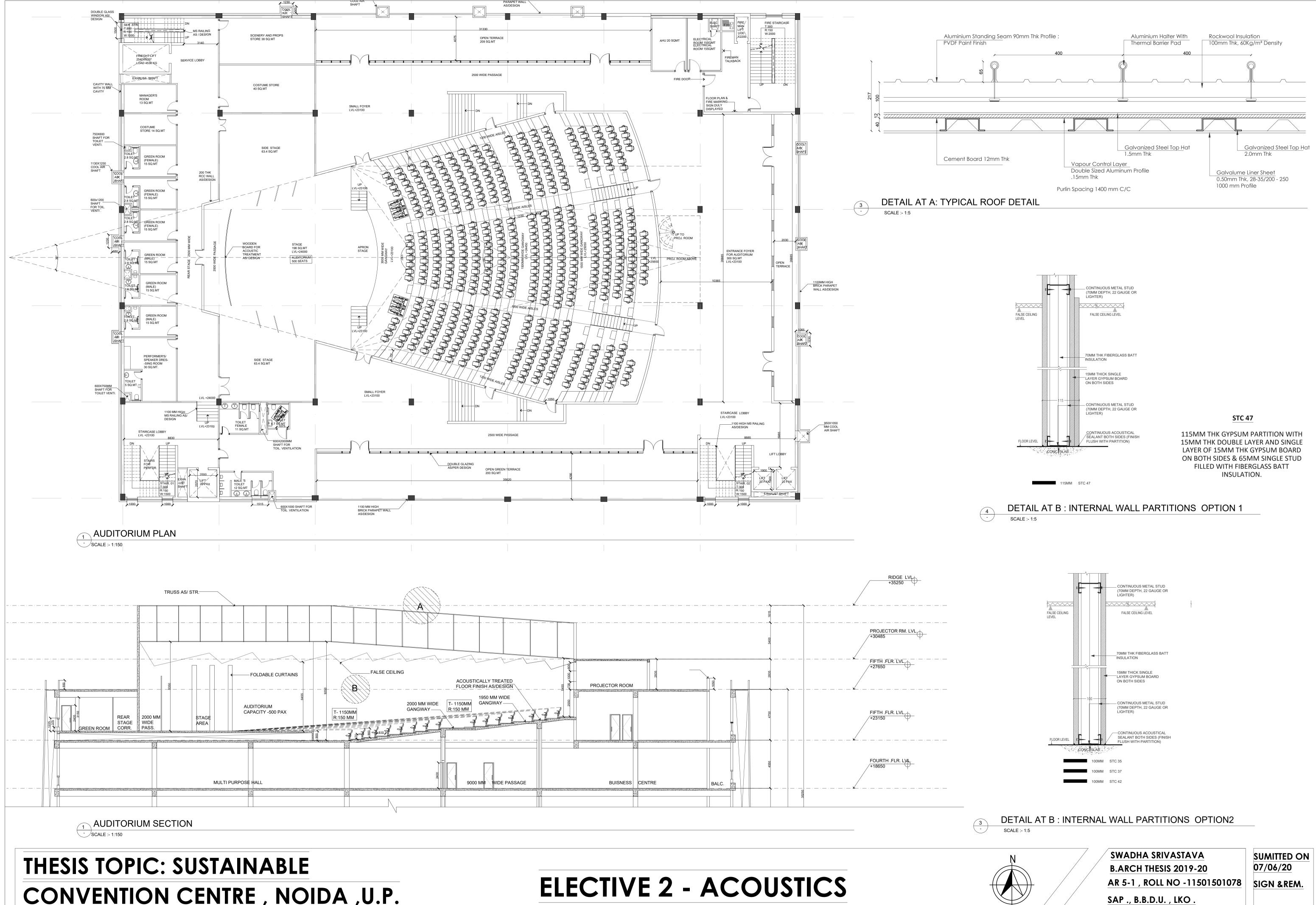
FIFTH .FLR. LVL /+27650

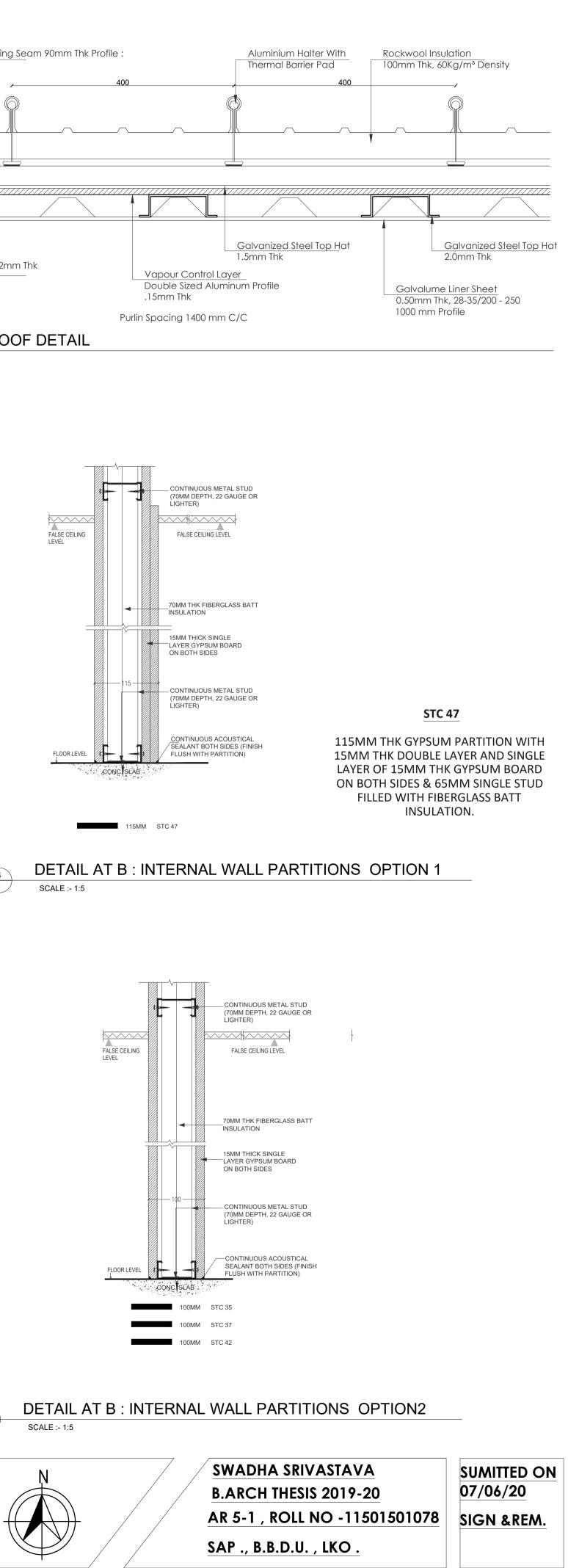
PROJECTOR RM. LVL. +30485

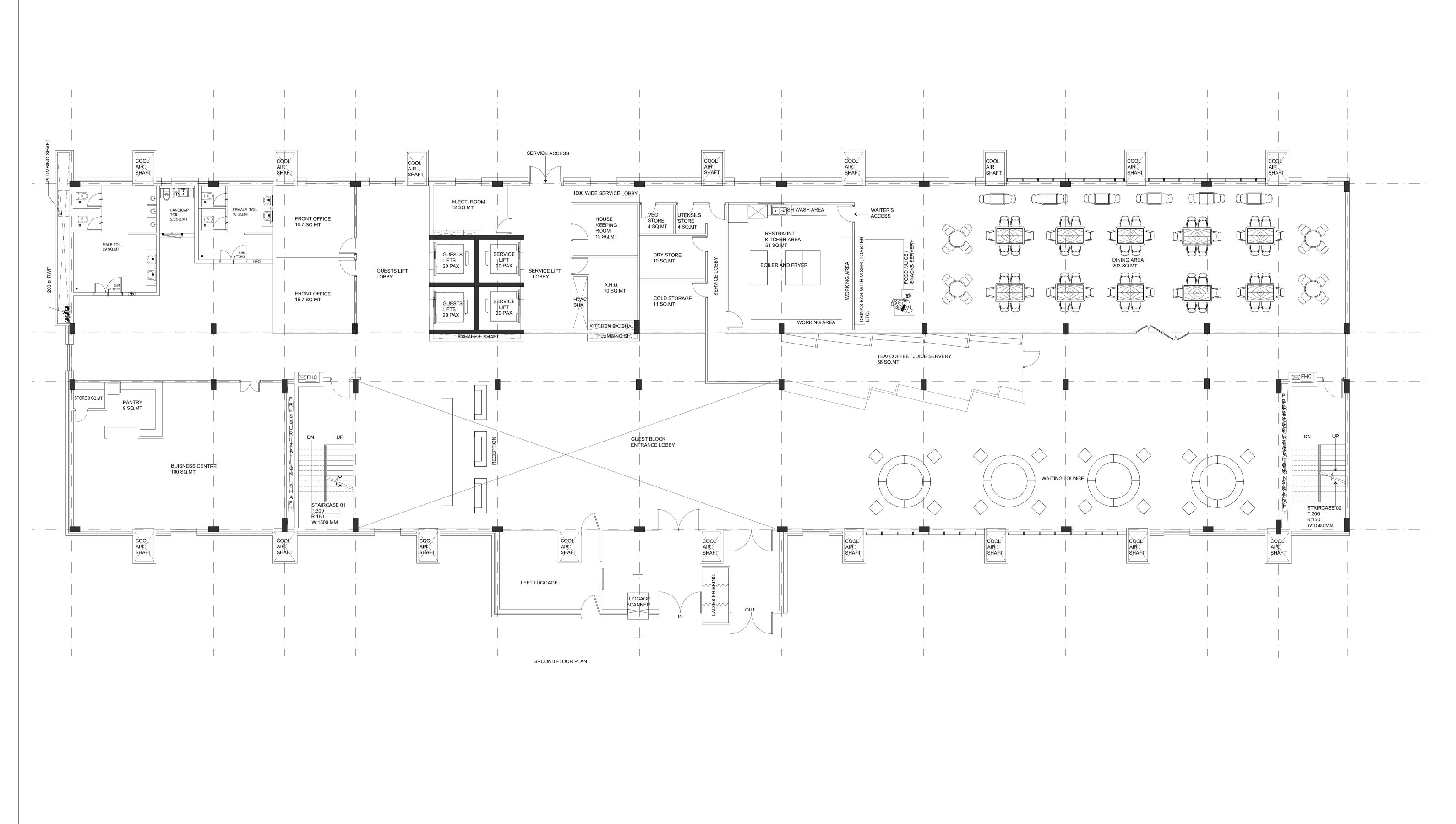
RIDGE LVL +35250



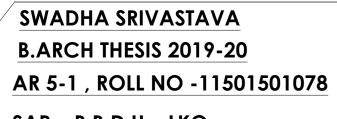
CONVENTION CENTRE, NOIDA, U.P.





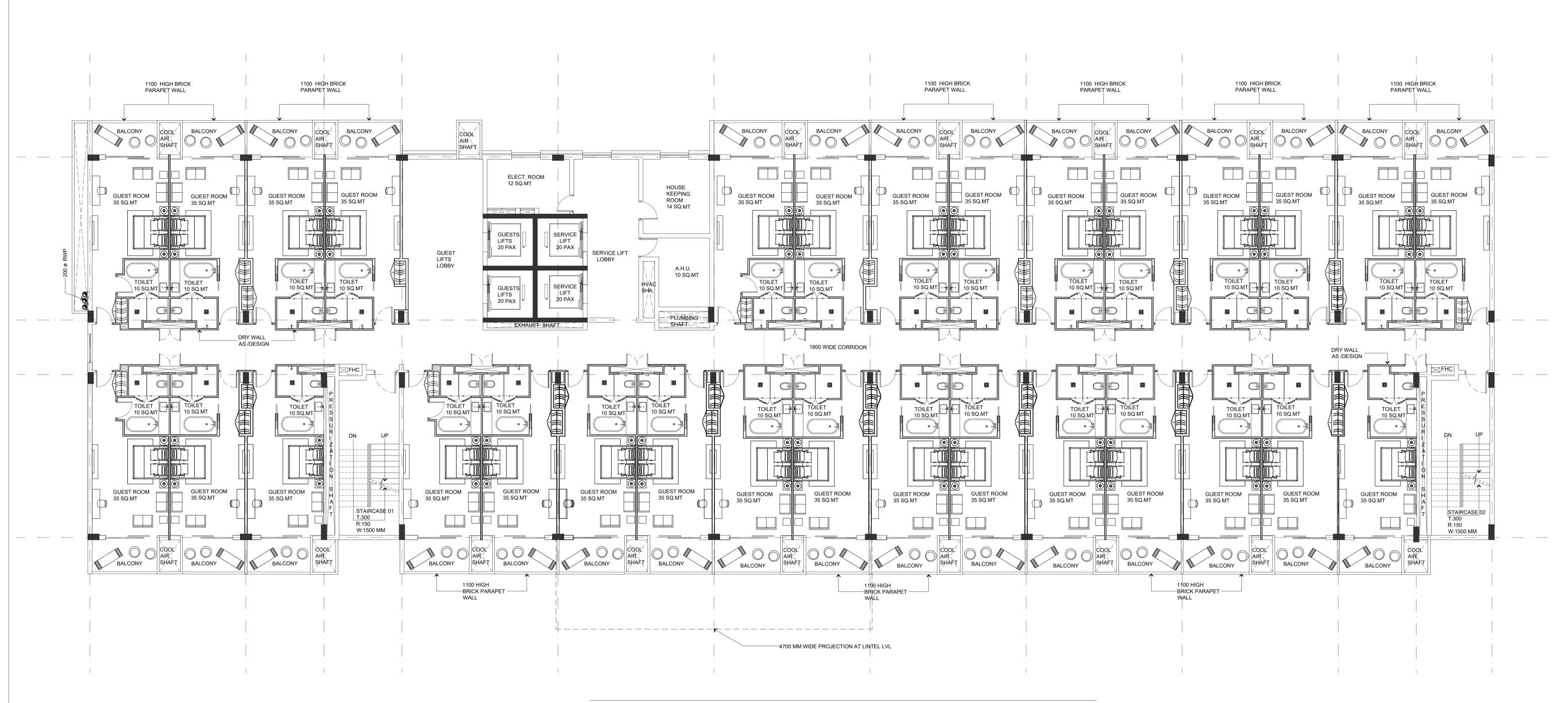


GUSET BLOCK GROUND FLOOR PLAN



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GUEST BLOCK TYPICAL FLR PLAN SCALE 1:100

TYPICAL FIRST TO THIRD FLR PLANS



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