ANTI – DEPRESSION CENTRE LUCKNOW, UTTAR PRADESH

A THESIS SUBMITTED IN PARTIAL FULFILLMENT OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF

BACHELOR OF ARCHITECTURE

FIELD OF SPECILIZATION (ARCHITECTURE) by

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Under the guidance of AR. ANSHU RASTOGI AR. ABHINAV KHARE

to the

SCHOOL OF ARCHITECTURE BABU BANARASI DAS UNIVERSITY LUCKNOW

YEAR 2021-22

BABU BANARASI DAS UNIVERSITY, LUCKNOW (U.P.).

CERTIFICATE

I hereby recommend that the thesis entitled "ANTI DEPRESSION CENTRE, LUCKNOW" under the supervision, is the bonafide work of the student and can be accepted as partial fulfillment of the requirement for the degree of Bachelor's degree in architecture, school of Architecture and Planning, BBDU, Lucknow.

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Recommendation

Accepted

Not Accepted

External Examiner

External Examiner

BABU BANARASI DAS UNIVERSITY, LUCKNOW (U.P.).

Certificate of thesis submission for evaluation

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7.	Specification regarding thesis format have been closely followed.	Yes / No
8.	The content of the thesis have been organized based on the guidelines.	Yes / No
9.	The thesis has been prepared without resorting to plagiarism	Yes / No
10.	All the sources used have been cited appropriately	Yes / No
11.	The thesis has not been submitted elsewhere for a degree.	Yes / No
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I would like to thank my family and all my friends for their help during my thesis. Each one of them has contributed towards making me a better person and the time I spent with all of them will always be cherished.

-ANNE PANDEY

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ANTI DEPRESSION CENTER

"On an individual, community, and national level, it is time to educate ourselves about depression and support those who are suffering from this mental disorder!



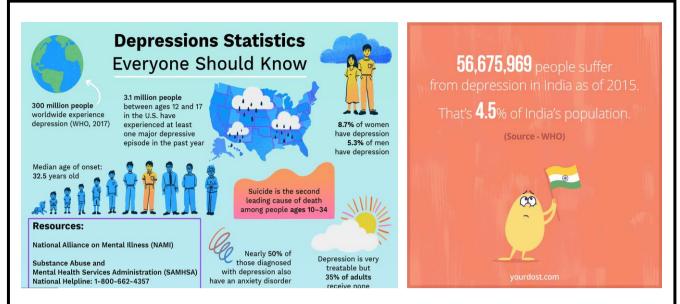
1.1 WHAT IS DEPRESSION?

Depression is an extremely common illness affecting people of all ages, genders, different socioeconomic groups and religions in India and all over the world. Globally, an estimated 322milion people were affected by depression in 2015. Depression contributes to significant disease burden at national and global levels. At the individual and family level, depression leads to poor quality of life, causing huge social and economic impact.

Depression is one of the two diagnostic categories that constitute common mental disorders (CMDs), the other being anxiety disorder. Both are highly prevalent across the population (hence they are considered "common") and impact on the mood or feelings of affected persons. Depression includes a spectrum of conditions with episodes, illnesses and disorders that are often disabling in nature, vary in their severity (from mild to severe) and duration (from months to years} and often exhibit a chronic course that has a relapsing and recurring trajectory over time.

It is well acknowledged that depression influences the occurrence and outcomes of several diseases and conditions .Depression and suicide are closely inter linked: at its worst , depression can lead to suicide. Globally, depression is the top cause of illness and disability among young and middle-aged populations, while suicide ranks second among causes of death for the same age groups.

Depression is associated with poverty in a vicious cycle. Depression often results in impaired functioning, which has an impact on all aspects of an individual's life and family affecting multiple areas of education, marriage, work and social life . These in tur lead to loss of productivity, increased health care costs and significant emotional suffering



1.2 WHY IS IT IMPORTANT TO ADDRESS DEPRESSION?

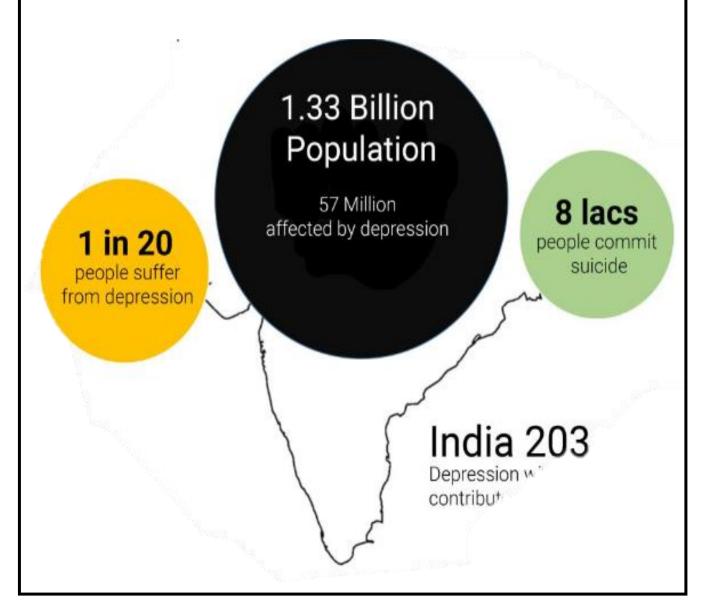
- Depression is a major public health problem in World, con-tributing to significant morbidity, disability as well as mortality, along with significant socioeconomic losses.
- Depressive disorders affect large numbers of children, adolescents, middle aged groups and the elderly, both men and women.
- Depression and suicide are closely inter linked .At its worst, depression can lead to suicide. Recognizing depression at an early stage is critical for reducing suicidal death sand de-liberate self-harm across the spectrum,
- People with depression are often stigmatized and excluded by family and society. They also tend to under-perform in education and work, thereby remain increasingly deprived of economic and social opportunities, with a decreased quality of life.
- People with depression do not get adequate care due to various reasons, ranging from non-availability of services to prevailing stigma and discrimination

Globally, the total number of people with depression was estimated to exceed 300 million in 2015. equivalent to 4.5% of the world's population. In India, the National Mental Health Survey 2015-16 revealed that nearly 15% Indian adults need active intervention for one or more mental health issues and one in 20 Indians suffers from depression. It is estimated that in 2012, India had over 258 000 suicides, with the agegroup of 15-49 years being most affected. Depression is ranked as the single largest contributor to global disability (7.5% of all years lived with disability in 2015). At its worst, depression can lead to suicide; over 800 000 people die due to suicide every year. It is the second leading cause of death in 15-29-year-olds.

DEPRESSION IN INDIA

According to WHO, India is home to an estimated 57 million people (18% of the global estimate]affected by depression. With India witnessing significant changes (including globalization, urbanization, migration, and modernization) that is coupled with rapid sociodemographic transition , depression is likely to increase in the coming years.

As per NMHS (2015-16) in India, one in 20 (5.25%)people over 18 years of age have ever suffered(at least once in their life time) from depression amounting to a total of over 45 million persons with depression in 2015



COVID-19 and Depression



Although your early COVID-19 symptoms have gone away, you still might not feel completely normal. You may deal with constant <u>headaches, fatigue</u>, nervousness, or an overall feeling of dread that makes it difficult to complete daily tasks.

While experts still need to study the long-term effects of COVID-19 on the <u>brain</u>, over half of a U.S. COVID-19 survivor sample reported <u>symptoms of depression</u> months after recovery, those with more severe COVID symptoms being more likely to have depression.

In addition, researchers found that many survivors of COVID-19 reported cases of <u>Posttraumatic Stress</u> <u>Disorder</u> (PTSD), <u>Anxiety</u>, <u>Insomnia</u>, And Obsessivecompulsive (OC) Symptoms.

Other studies showed that the prescription of <u>Antidepressants</u>, intimate partner violence, and <u>Suicidal</u> <u>Thoughts</u> have gone up since the start of the <u>Pandemic</u>. Those who've had COVID-19 appear to have a higher risk of a <u>MENTAL HEALTH</u> disorder after recovery from the virus. Nerve inflammation
<u>Blood</u>-brain-barrier disruption
Peripheral immune cell invasion into the <u>central nervous system</u>
Impaired nerve transmission
Hypothalamic-pituitary adrenal (HPA) axis dysfunction
Microglia activation and indoleamine 2,3dioxygenase (IDO) induction



to major depressive disorder. Inflammatory factors like SII were higher among males and people who stayed in a hospital during their COVID-19 illness.



Depression in times of Covid: One in 10 adults suffer from mental health issues in India

A deterioration in mental health among the average Indian has been a matter of concern for psychologists and social scientists for long. However, it has been one of the least addressed issues in an age of massive technological advancement and tough competition in the job market.

ALARMING SITUATION IN INDIA

India has only 0.75 psychiatrists per lakh population largely concentrated in urban areas

Less than 2 mental health workers for every 100,000 people

1 in 20 suffer from depression in India

Rs 4 spent per person on mental health



Half of COVID Survivors Struggle With Depression

Among more than 3,900 people who had COVID-19 surveyed between May 2020 and January 2021, 52% suffered symptoms of <u>major depression</u>, researchers found.

"People who have been ill with COVID-19 can experience depressive symptoms for many months after their initial illness," said lead researcher Dr. Roy Perlis. He is a professor of <u>psychiatry</u> at Harvard Medical School and associate chief of research in the department of psychiatry at Massachusetts General Hospital, in Boston.

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How COVID can affect your mental health:

Studies have revealed that <u>coronavirus</u> can affect your brain. In fact, more than one-third of patients are seen to be developing neurologic symptoms. Dr. Stephanie Collier, psychiatry instructor at Harvard Medical School, explained that apart from such infections, the pandemic has also resulted in worsening mental health outcomes due to the psychological toll of isolation, loneliness, unemployment, financial stressors etc.

1.4 NEED OF AN ANTI-DEPRESSION CENTRE?

According to recent survey by WHO, 150milion people in India need care for their mental health condition. We are quick to rush to the hospital if we experience chest Pain; to pop in pills for conditions like high BP, high cholesterol, and diabetes. But we are reluctant to seek treatment for mental health issues. So there has to be a centre where people of any caste, gender, age can be treated.

Main reason for the need of an anti depression centre are:

- According to INDIATODAY news dated October 10, 2018, it was mentioned by WHO that India is the most depressed country in the world
- From 2005-15, cases of depressive illness increased by nearly five times.
- Depression can lead to suicide. Over lac people die due to suicide every year in 15-29 age group
- The economic impact of depression is also one of the driving factor. A though the effects of poor health on poverty are by no means unique to depression .the longer duration of a proportion of depressive illnesses makes their negative impacts greater than for most acute physical conditions. These various impacts increase the risk that house holds will fall into severe economic hardship , with major consequences for the national economy. Such risks are likely to increase during times of economic crisis, making it even more important not to neglect mental health.

- Depression interfers with day to day life activities like working, studying, eating and sleeping. So the centre will help the peoples to tackle with all these.
- The mental hospitals in the current scenario do provide treatment but it does not help the people who are facing problems that can lead to depression. So the center will help such kind of people.
- Till today, there is a research gap on depression. There may be various causes of depression which might not have found yet. So the centre will provide are search facilities to the researchers to research on depression and to its related topics.
- The centers will provide a platform so that doctors and researchers can work in collaboration and .
- Center will prove space to patients to talk to each others and various therapies will be provided including meditation hall community space etc.

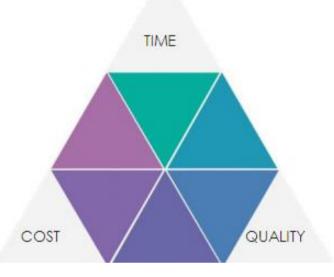




"Believe in yourself and your recovery"

1.5 AIM OF THE PROJECT

- To establish a natural residential atmosphere and facilities to treat persons (for ages 21years onwards) suffering from clinical depression that don't require hospitalization
- To provide a piace so that researchers and doctors can work together



TIME

- Increase efficiency of Mental Health care delivery Systems
- Architecture Legibility

COST

- Diversity in Function
- Locally available materials
- Accessibility

QUALITY

- Meeting Required Standards
- Evaluated & inspected by MCI
- Importance to mental health
- Research on depression
- Improve quality of life

SCOPE

The following aspects of building design are within the scope of the thesis project

- Spatial organization
- Site Study and analysis
- Concepts
- Structural Systems

LIMITATION

- Technical detailing of passive design strategies applied, electrical and plumbing systems, W Structural Systems is beyond the scope of the thesis. Also the project will not cover detailed cost estimate and structural analysis of building structural systems.
- Among all the depression types i.e. BIPOLAR depression, SEA-SONAL depression, PREMENSTRUAL DYSPHORIC depression. CLINICAL depression, PERSISTENT depression, PSYCHOTIC depression, clinical depression will be treated in the centre

why clinical depression only?

- More in women than in men
- Common reason why people seek out mental health services
- Interference with day to day life activities like working, studying, eating and sleeping
- 39% of Depression

PROJECT TENTATIVE REQUIREMENT

- REVIVAL CENTER
- THERAPY ROOM
- INTERACTION ZONE
- PATH LIKE (ONE FOR POWER, ACCEPTANCE ETC.)
- INTERSTICIAL ZONE
- TRAINING CENTER
 GYMASIUM
- THERAPY ROOMS
- SPAS

SWOT ANALYSIS

STRENGTH

A step towards social welfare and to help people and children to talk come out of depression

To educate and train people. To restore their confidence Site is accessible to all. The site is dedicated to all who are

THREATS

The most devastating threat is from the people only, who without understanding its importance will judge it.

Being a sensitive topic it will be a hub of political and media controversy.

- DWELLING UNITS
- HEALTH CARE FACILITY
- DONATION & MANAGEMENT AREA
- COUNSELLING PODS
- CANTEEN
- MEDITATION CENTER

WEAKNESS

It is difficult to break the orthodox thinking of society which will not allow victims to come forward. It will be difficult to change the thinking of people that depression is very serious issue and taking medical help is also normal.

OPPORTUNITY

This center will be first of its kind to restore the strength of victim - The center will help the person to regain confidence and live a normal life The center will be provided with a health care facility. - The main aim will be social mental physical development of the victims.

SITE ANALYSIS

Lucknow Metropolis lies between the coordinates of 260 30' N to 27o10' N latitudes and

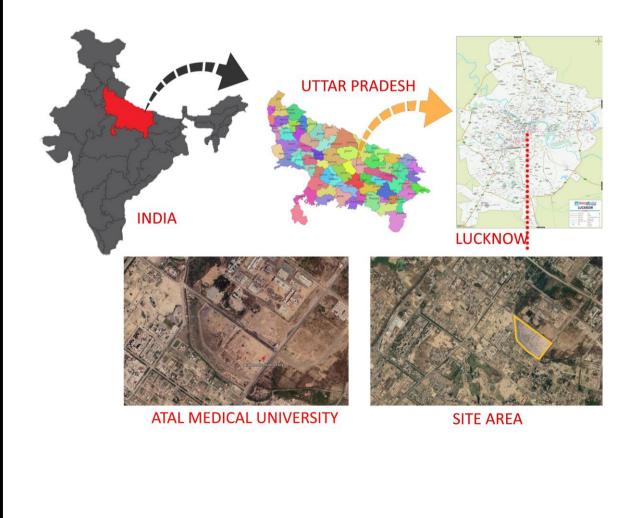
80o 30' E to 81o3' E longitudes. It is the capital city of the most populous state of Uttar Pradesh

in India. Lucknow is situated in the middle of Gangetic Plain and spreads on the banks of the river

Gomati, a left bank tributary of river Ganga. It enjoys a central position in the state of Uttar Pradesh.

It is bounded on the north by Sitapur, on the south east by the Rae Bareli, on the north east by

Barabanki, on the north west by Hardoi and on the south west by Unnao district as represented



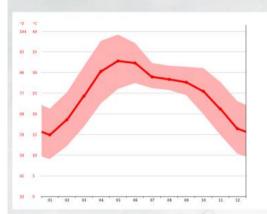
SITE ANALYSIS

The study is focused on Lucknow city the capital of Uttar Pradesh, located between 26.30 & 27. 0 North and 80.30 & 81.13 East at an altitude of approximately 128m measured from the sea level. Lucknow covers an area of 3,244 sq.km.

Lucknow has a composite climate with cool, dry winters with mean monthly minimum temperature of of 5 degree Celsius in winters from mid-November to February and dry, hot summers with thunderstorms from late March to June, marked by mean monthly maximum temperature of 45 degree Celsius in ummers Moreover there are about 4-6 days of heat wave when the maximum temperature of a day rises to 4-6 Celsius above normal values in summer and the temperature may fall to 3-4 degree Celsius for a few days when the cold winds from the Himalayan region makes the winters chilly.

Annual diurnal range of temperature is high i.e. 19.4 degree Celsius a result days are hot and nights are comparatively cold. The rainy season is from July to September when the city gets an average rainfall of 990.1 millimeters from the southwest monsoon winds and about 75% of the precipitation is experienced during the months of June, July, August and September. Therefore humidity is high in monsoon and low in summers. The prevailing wind direction of Lucknow is westerly and the average wind speed is 1.87m/s. The length of the day in Lucknow varies over the course of the year. The shortest day is December 21, with 10 hours, 27 miutes of daylight; the longest day is June 21, with 13 hours, 50 minutes of daylight. (Fig. 4) The annual direct solar radiation in Lucknow is approximately 1646 kWh/m², i.e. the daily average of 4.51 kWh/m². Moreover annual global horizontal solar radiation is around 1814 kWh/m², i.e. the daily average of 4.97 kWh/m².

CLIMATE CHART



	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	Decembe
Avg. Temperature °C (°F)	14.9 °C	18.6 °C	24.3 °C	30.310	32.8 °C	32.3 °C	29 °C	28.4 °C	27.7 °C	25.5 °C	21.2°C	16.4 °C
	(58.9) °F	(65.4) F	(75.7) F	(86.5) F	(91.1) F	(90.2) %	(84.1) *F	(83.1) ⁴ F	(81.8) %	(77.9)%	(70.1) F	(61.6) 19
Min. Temperature *C (*F)	9.1 °C	12.2 °C	16.9 °C	22.6 °C	26.1.10	27.5 °C	26.2 *0	25.8 °C	24.5 *0	20 °C	14.9 °C	10.3 *0
	(48.3) *F	(54) *F	(62.4) *F	(72.6) *F	(78.9) *F	(81.5) *F	(79.2) °F	(78.4) "F	(76.2) *F	(68) *F	(58.8) °F	(50.6) *
Max. Temperature °C	21.3 °C	25.2 °C	31.5°C	37.7 °C	39.2 °C	37.1 °C	32.3 %	317°C	31.4°C	31.1 °C	27.7 °C	23.1 °C
(°F)	(70.3) 'F	(77.4) °F	(88.8) ¹ F	(99.9) 'F	(102.6) °F	(98.9) °F	(90.2) 'E	(69) 1E	(88.5) 'F	(BB) 'F	(81.9) °F	(73.5) 1
Precipitation / Rainfall	19	25	14	9	17	129	310	265	165	34	2	10
mm (in)	(0.7)	(1)	(0.6)	(0.4)	(0.7)	(5.1)	(12.2)	(10.4)	(6.5)	(1.3)	(0.1)	(0.4)
Humidity(%)	67%	60%	44%	30%	38%	54%	79%	82%	80%	66%	58%	64%
Rainy days (d)	2	2	2	2	3	8	18	18	13	2	0	1
avg. Sun hours (hours)	8.4	9.6	10.6	11.5	11.9	10.7	8.4	8.0	8.4	9.6	9.6	9.0

At an average temperature of 32.8 °C | 91.1 °F, May is the hottest month of the year. In January, the average temperature is 14.9 °C | 58.9 °F. It is the lowest average temperature of the whole year.

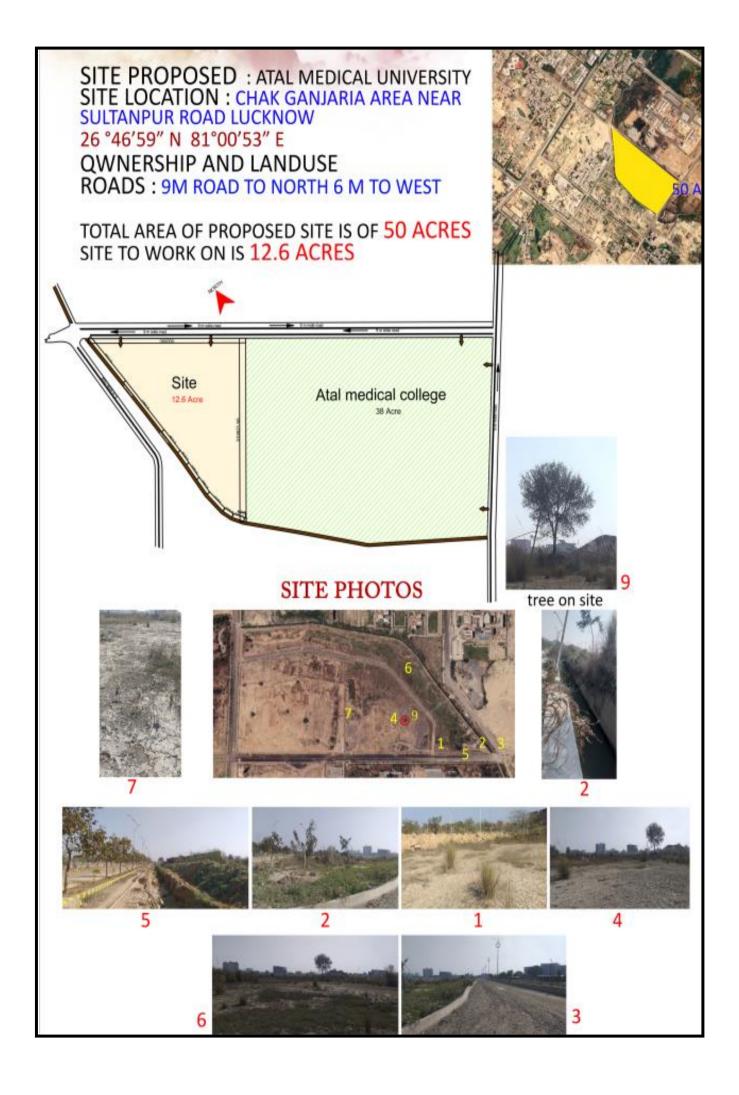


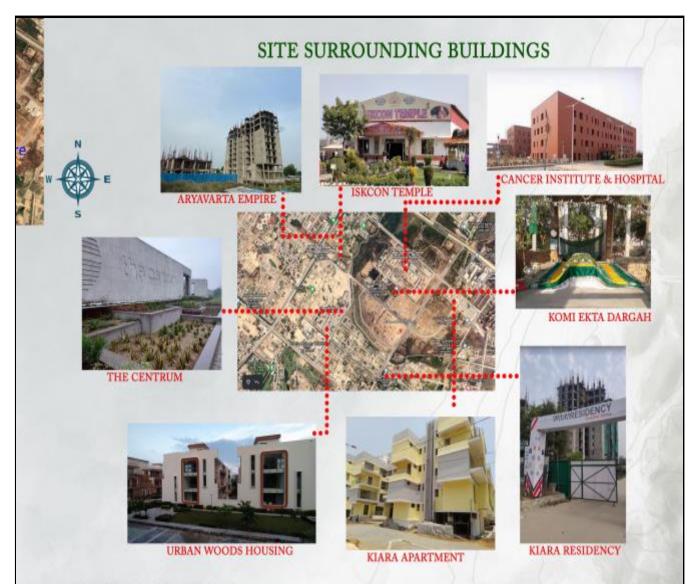
SOIL

Much of the area of Uttar Pradesh is covered by a **deep layer of alluvium** spread by the slow-moving rivers of the Ganges system. Those extremely **fertile alluvial soils** range **from sandy to clayey loam**. The soils in the southern part of the state are generally **mixed red and black or red-to-yellow**



Safe bearing capacity of loam soil ranging between 0.8kg/cm2 to 2.7kg/cm2 (80 – 270kN/m2 depending on alluvial, loam , sandy loam and sandy clay loam.





SITE INTRODUCTION

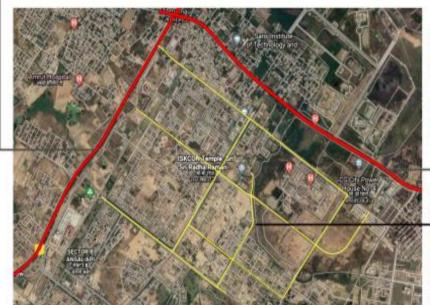
THE SIE IS SITUATED IN CHAK GAJARIA FARM ROAD BEHIND THE CANCER INSTITUTE AND HOSPITAL. IT IS NEARBY THE FAMOUS TEMPLE ISKCON. IT IS SURROUNDED MOSTLY BY APARTMENTS, HOUSING UNBUILT LANDS AND NATURAL VEGETATIONS, WHICH IS GOOD FOR THE PEACE OF PATIENTS. SITE IS PROPOSED AS ATAL MEDICAL UNIVERSITY. TOTAL AREA IS 50 ACRES IN WHICH 12.6 ACRE IS TAKEN FOR WORKING SITE.

AMENITIES

	, m	Â.
YADAV MARKET BEST PRICE PLATINUM MALL LULU MALL SHOPPING SQUARE KULDEEP MARKET	CANCER HOSPITAL CARE MEDICAL STORE MITRA MEDICINE HALL MARKS MEDICAL STORE SAURABH MEDICAL STORE PUSHPANJALI HOSPITAL	ISKCON TEMPLE KOMI EKTA DARGAH YASHODHA SADAN HANUMAN PETH MATA TEMPLE
	YADAV MARKET BEST PRICE PLATINUM MALL LULU MALL SHOPPING SQUARE	YADAV MARKETCANCER HOSPITALBEST PRICECARE MEDICAL STOREPLATINUM MALLMITRA MEDICINE HALLLULU MALLMARKS MEDICAL STORESHOPPING SQUARESAURABH MEDICAL STORE

SITE CONNECTIVITY

Shaheed Path is 23 km long and is a part of the east-west corridor, the Shaheed Path will connect Lucknow-Kanpur Road (NH-25) with Lucknow-Faizabad (NH-28) via Lucknow-Sultanpur Road (NH-56) and Lucknow-Raebareli Road (NH30).



Sultanpur Road in Lucknow is a vital road and a residential locality. Sultanpur Road offers an easy approach to a few localitie of Sushant Golf City, Ahmamau, Bagiamau, and Yusuf Nagar.

Proper Drain running at site



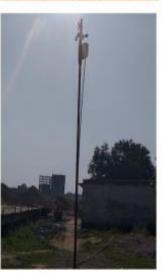
SOIL ON SITE

SOIL REACTION (pH	NEUTRAL (6.75-7.25)
VALUE) TEXTURE	LOAM TO SANDY
COLOUR	LOAM BROWN/YELLOWISH
COLOUR	GREY
STRUCTURE	PLATY
CONCRETION	KANKAR PRESENT
LIME	AVERAGE
SOLUBLE SALTS	AVERAGE/ABOVE AVERAGE
MAGNESIA	MORE THAN LIME
CLAY	MODERATE
DRAINAGE	GOOD
PROFILE	MATURE
DEVELOPMENT	

CCTV CAMERA

PROVIDED ON SITE





5 M WIDE DRAIN

SUMMER LOO WIND

WINTERD

CONNECTIVITY

Site is well connected by 9m wide road in north and 6 m wide road in west .



RDADWAYS Through Shaheed Path road Through Sultanpur road

Chaudhary Charan Singh



RAILWAYS

Badshahnagar railway station 17.2 km Gomti nagar station at 11.5 km Charbagh railway station 13.5 km



AIRWAYS

Airport 17 km



BUSWAYS

Purani Chungi 17.9 km Vijay Nagar Chauraha 7.0 km



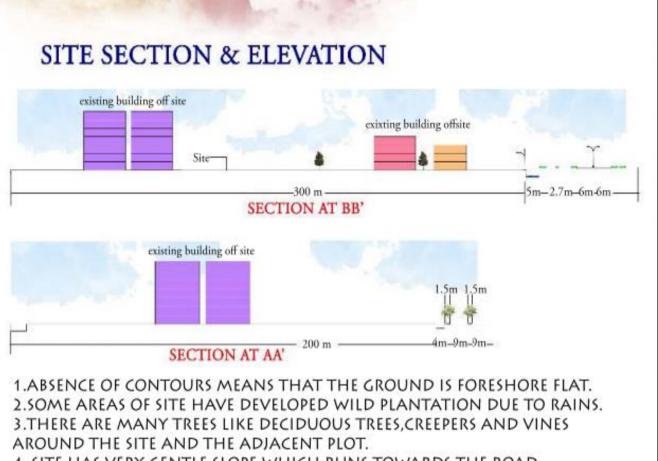
SUNPATH AND WIND DIRECTION

PREVAILING WINDS FROM NORTH-EAST

MONSOON WINDS

WIND IN WINTERS

UNA PATH



4. SITE HAS VERY GENTLE SLOPE WHICH RUNS TOWARDS THE ROAD. 5.THE SITE HAS PROPER ACCESS TO NATURAL VENTILATION AND SUNLIGHT.



HEDGES SHRUBS NATURAL VEGETATION DUE TO RAIN



KANAK CHAMPA Pterospermum acerifolium



POWER THROUGH TRANSFORMER 440V



ELECTRIC POLES ARE PRESENT



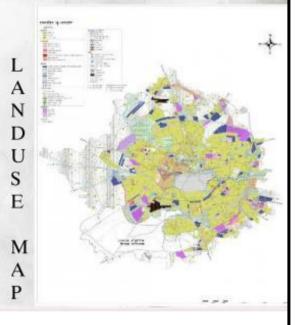


1.SITE HAS ALL THE SERVICES PROVIDED 2.IT IS NEAR BY ISCKON TEMPLE WHICH ATTRACTS TOURIST 3.IT PROVIDES A PEACEFULL ENVIRONMENT

WEEKNESS

1.SITE SURROUNDING HAS VARIOUS UNBUILT LAND WHICH CAN BE UNSAFE.

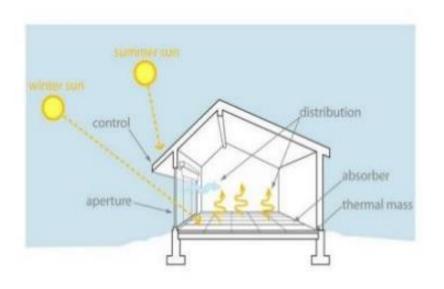
DUULDING OVE L	ALAIT	
BUILDING BYE L	AWS	
-SITE SET BACK		
FRONT	15 M	
BACK	6M	
SIDE 1	6M	
SIDE 2	6M	
-GROUND COVERAGE	55%	
-ROAD	12M	
-FAR	1	
-PARKING	1 ECS	
OPEN ROAD PARKING	235Q.M	
COVERED/STILT PARKING	285Q.M	
BASEMENT PARKING	325Q.M	
-HEIGHT OF BUILDING	12.5 M	



Differentiating Passive vs. Active Design

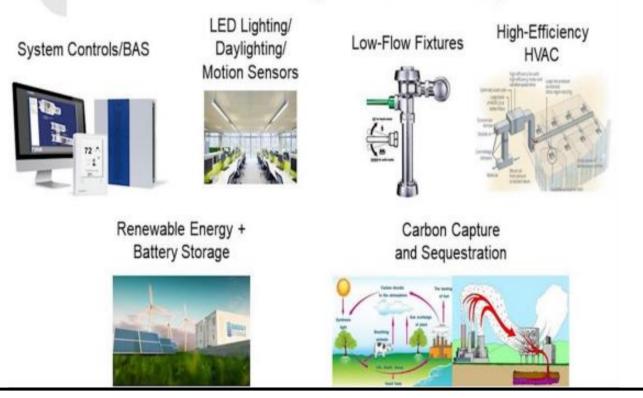
Passive design

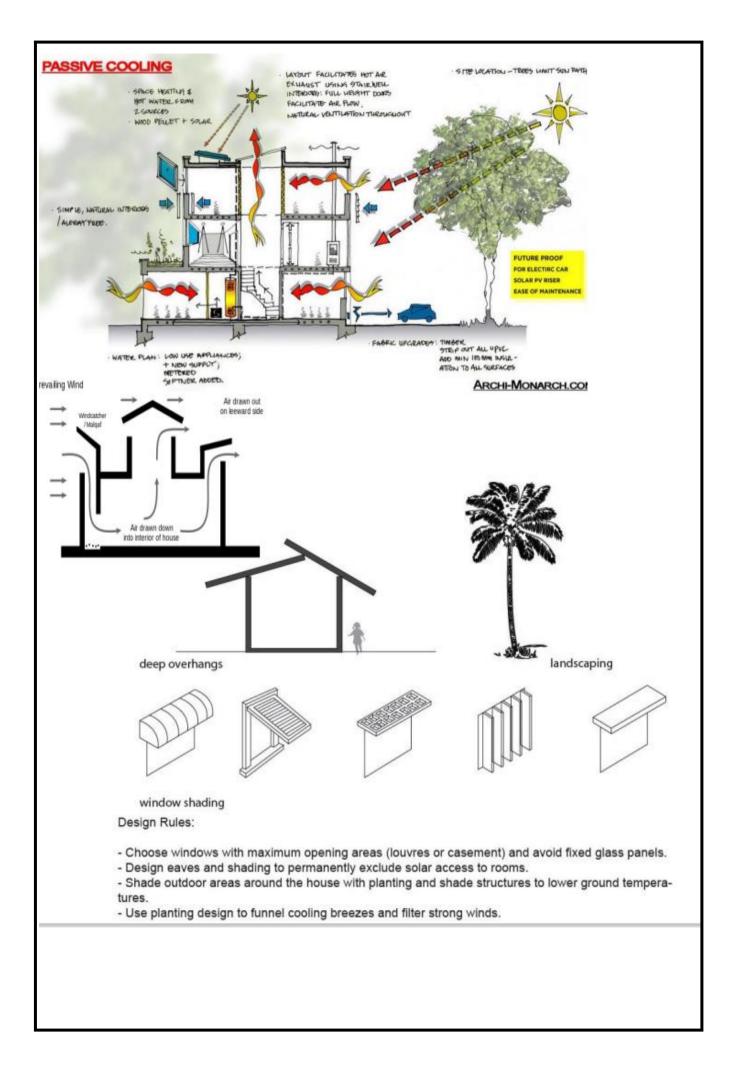
results when a building is created and simply works "on its own". The plan, section, materials selections and siting create a positive energy flow through the building and "save energy".



Active design uses equipment to modify the state of the building, create energy and comfort; ie. Fans, pumps, etc. Passive buildings require active users (to open and shut windows and blinds...)

Sustainable Buildings - Active Design









ning pool, and recreational center to rovide guests healthy and enjoyable ptions to strengthen their mind and Ipha Healing Center resides in Gutrat, India, a beautiful city in Northest India described as the "Land of eritage, economic success, and cuipportunities" for its rich cultural me. facilities include a spa, swim-

ambughoda District

s and doctor's residences in the eastone of the site. The central structure he site for the Alpha Healing Center ne core, recreation, special residencal Architect at Art and Architecture vents. Organic farms and vegetable odara, Gujarat in an untouched reas added by Dharam Patel (Princihe facility has a fully equipped adents in two of the southern petals. or drug and alcohol rehabilitation erve with large old trees. An addiional 5,50,000 sqft of landscaping ninistrative and medical centre at etal, along with lawns for hosting he restaurant sits in the western rn petals, with residences for passociates) around the prevalent rchards lie on the southwestern ay 50 kms outside the city of Vapuilt-up area of 75000 sqft.

ALL NO

circular, with an open to sky court-

 Narukot chillir Near by places

2.Post office 3. Don bosco

center

Location: Jambughoda Dist, Vadodara, Gujarat Latitude & Longitude: 22°23'06"N 73°41'15" Site: 12 ACRES **Designer:** Art & Architecture Associates Category: Health Care

9290 sq.mt.. Built up Area :

tricity consumed from the grid. Organic farming enables 50% of the requirement of vegetables to be grown on the site. Waste water is used for ir--sufficient as possible, without compromising approximately 30KW, supplementing the elecrigation and rainwater is harvested in a catch-Since the site is untouched, the designers hav on comfort levels. Solar panels produce attempted to make the complex as self ment area.

GUJARAT

BUILDING UNITS

0 0

8. PATIENT ACCOMMODATION 3226.3 Sq.mt. 7.DOCTORS ACCOMMODATION 1507 Sq.mt. 763.4 Sq.mt. 294.7 Sq.mt. 2382.4 Sq.mt. 3368 Sq.mt. 592.8 Sq.mt. 1015 Sq.mt. 6630 Sq.mt. 131.8 Sq.mt 44.0 Sq.mt. 843 Sq.mt. 307 Sq.mt. 691 Sq.mt. **12. ENTRANCE LANDSCAPE 13.13. DENSE PLANTATION** 6.ADMINISTRATION AREA 9.RECREATIONAL AREA 11. OUTDOOR SPORTS **4.SERVANT QUARTER** 5.ENTRANCE PORCH LANDSCAPE AREAS **1.MAIN ENTRANCE 14. WATER SCAPE 3.PARKING AREA** 2.RECEPTION **10. CANTEEN**

2824.5 Sq.mt. 1074.7 Sq.mt. 10329 Sq.mt. 1660.3 Sq.mt. 709.4 Sq.mt. 669.1 Sq.mt. 20. POOL DECK LANDSCAPE **17. ORGANIC PLANTATION 15. EXISTING PLANTATION 19. OUTDOOR DINNING 18. YOGA PAVILION 16. LAWN AREA**

by adding another level on top. Needless to say, the foundation has Currently at ground level only, there is scope for future expansion been designed to carry this extra load.

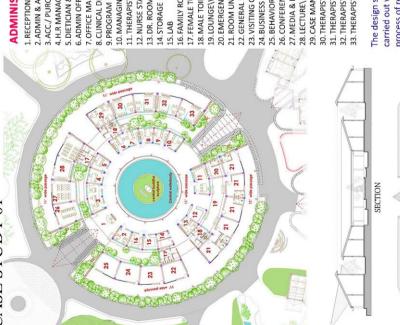
The current pitched roofs are in aluminium moulded roofing tile insulator from the sound of the pelting rain. (The region sees hot coated with sand, minimising heat gain as well as acting as an

content being fly ash. The roofs are also removable and can be reused when an additional floor is constructed, hence minimising wastage 'he underbelly is made of cement boards, 80% of their

by us as part of the landscaping, to add to the visual appeal of the : Waste water is used for irrigation and rainwater is harvested in a ater in the bore wells on the site is echarged, while drip irrigation and spri ment area. The ground the day. am and 4 am at night, to atch



CASE STUDY 01



What makes this project unique?

ELEVATION

dahs has been reinterpreted in a contemporary idiom. The site has architecture. The vernacular architecture of courtyards and veranbeen conserved, local materials have been used, light and ventilanature. The possibility of horizontal as well as vertical expansion has been provided and there is integration of energy saving, agriculture, tion has been optimised and there is a perceptible connect with Recyclable materials have been used to minimise the green foot-"There is an integration of many aspects which are important in recycling of organic waste and water.

"The brief demanded a hospital, but what has been delivered is much print, and the check list of good design has been diligently tick marked, creating a unique space."

more. Physical as well as spiritual and psychological influences of architecture have been tapped, to provide a holistic space. With an understanding that health is not only physical but also mental and spiritual,

8.1m X 5.1m **ADMINISTRATION AREA**

3.9m X 3.7m 3.9m X 3.7m 12.7m X 4.5m 12.7m X 4.5m 12.1m X 4.0m 3.9m X 3.7m 3.9m X 3.7m 3.9m X 3.7m 3,3m X 1.6m 3.9m X 3.7m 3.9m X 3.7m 4.0m X 3.4m 6.3m X 4.5m 6.3m X 6.0m 6.3m X 6.0m 6.3m X 4.5m 4.1m X 3.7m 3.9m X 3.7m 3.9m X 3.7m 3.9m X 3.7m 4.0m X 3.4m 4.0m X 5.0m 6.3m X 4.5m 6.3m X 4.5m 3.9m X 3.7m 8m X 3.7m 8m X 3.7m 6.3 X 4.5m 23. VISITING CONSULTANT ROOM 28. LECTURE\ GROUP THERAPY **19. LOUNGE\WAITING ROOM** 27. MEDIA & HOME THEATRE 6. ADMIN OFFICE MANAGER 25. BEHAVIOR\TECH STAFF 5. DIETICIAN & NUTRITION 22. GENERAL STAFF ROOM 2. ADMIN & ASSESSMENT **10. MANAGING DIRECTOR** 3. ACC./ PURCHASE DEPT. 26. CONFERENCE ROOM 20. EMERGENCY ROOM 9. PROGRAM DIRECTOR 8. CLINICAL DIRECTOR 24. BUSINESS CENTER 7. OFFICE MANAGER **12. NURSE STATION 17. FEMALE TOILET 29. CASE MANGER 16. FAMILY ROOM** 21. ROOM UNITS 4. H.R MANAGER **18. MALE TOILET 30. THERAPIST2 32. THERAPIST 3 31. THERAPIST2 33. THERAPIST4 11. THERAPIST** 13. DR. ROOM 14. STORAGE 15.LAB

The design subtly supports the therapies carried out within the centre, aiding the This level of synergy between the built process of recovery and rehabilitation. form and the intended use of the

design is uncommon in architecture.

2.2m X 1.8m 1.2m X 1.8m L.2m X 1.3m 5.4m X 3.6m 5.4m X 3.6m 1.5m X 2.5m 3.5m X 6.0m 1.2m X 1.3m 3.6m X 4.5m 1.2m X 1.3m 2.9 m X 3.6m 3.65m X 6.0m 1.8m X 6.0m 1.2m X 1.3m 2.9m X 3.6m 9.6m X 6.0m 5.8m X 6.0m 2.6m X 3.5m 1.8m X 6.0m 3.6m X 6.0m 3.6m X 6.0m 2.6m X 3.5m **16. DOCTORS COTTAGE** 13. GENTS MASSAGE **11. SERENITY ROOM** 14. LADES MASSAGE 4. INDOOR SPORTS 5. POWDER ROOM **3. DINNING ROOM** 2. FEMALE TOILET **10. REFLEXOLOGY** 1. LIVING/DINING a. STEAM ROOM **15. SUITE ROOM** a. STEAM ROOM 8. FEMALE TOIET b. LIVING ROOM 2. LIVING ROOM **3. MALE TOILET** 5. MALE TOILET 12. RECEPTION 4.ATT. TOILET 4. BED ROOM 5.ATT. TOILET 6.BED ROOM 9. RECEPTION 2. BEDROOM 6. AEROBICS b. TOILET 1. FOYER 7.GYM 3. DECK

2.1m X 1.06m 3.6m X 5.4m 3.6m X 5.4m 3.6m X 5.4m 1.8m X 2.3m 3.6m X 3.0m

1.6m X 1.72m 1.8m X 1.14m

ACCOMODATION AREA

PATIENT ROOM

8. POWDER ROOM

7. ATT. TOILET

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At the core of the design is the thought that nature is a healing role that flowers have played in some medicinal practices in anpartner for drug and alcohol rehabilitation, combined with the **1. DELUXE ROOM**

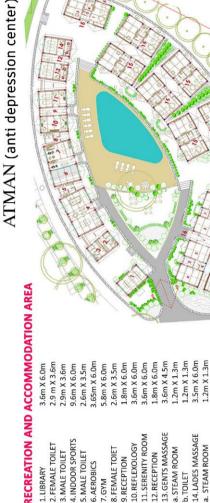
cient India – to address the spirit, mind and body in tandem. To maximise the therapeutic effects of nature and holistic healing, this design strives to create a connection between the patient and the natural environment - integrating a contemporary





3.6m X 6.0m

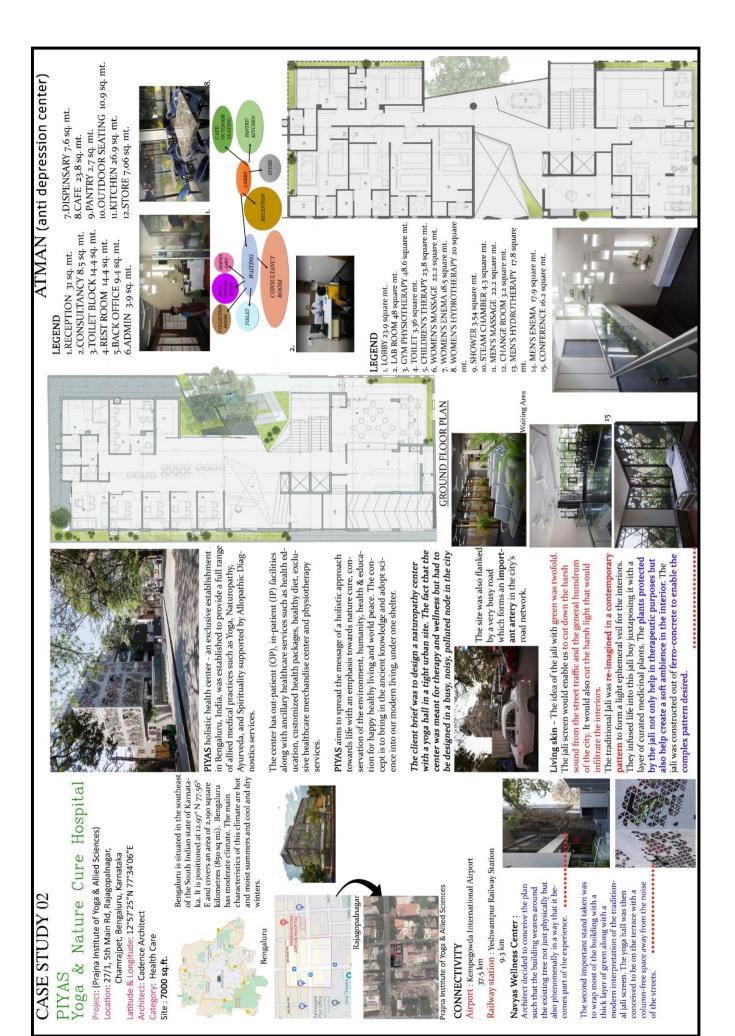
1.LIBRARY

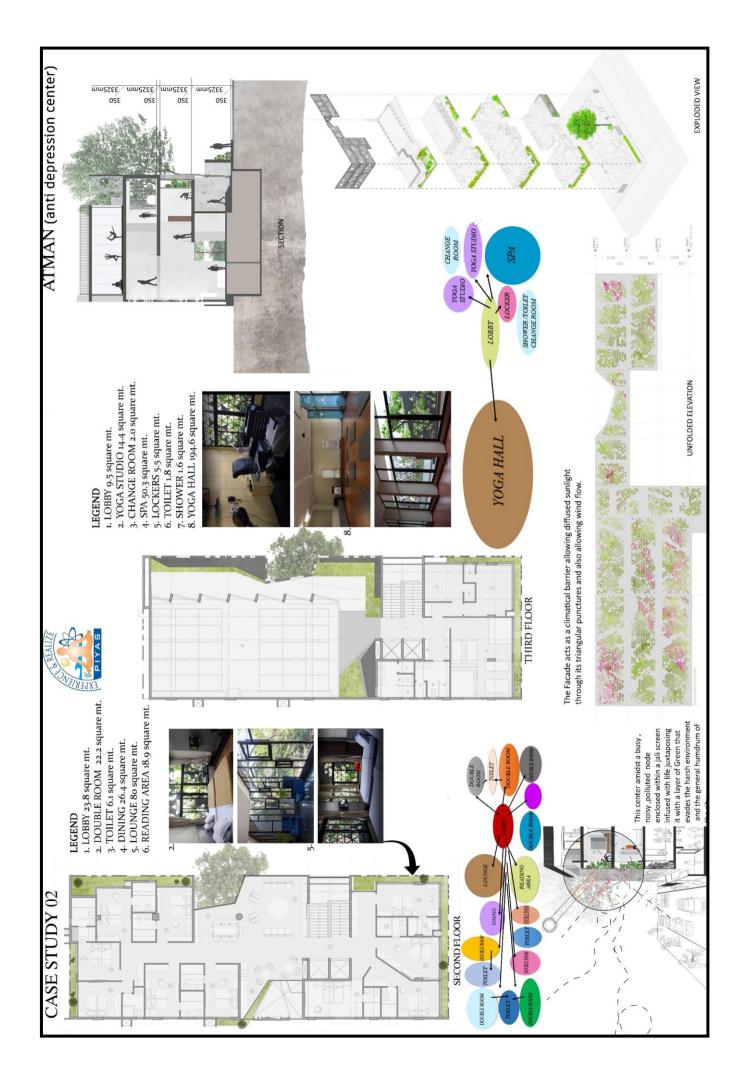


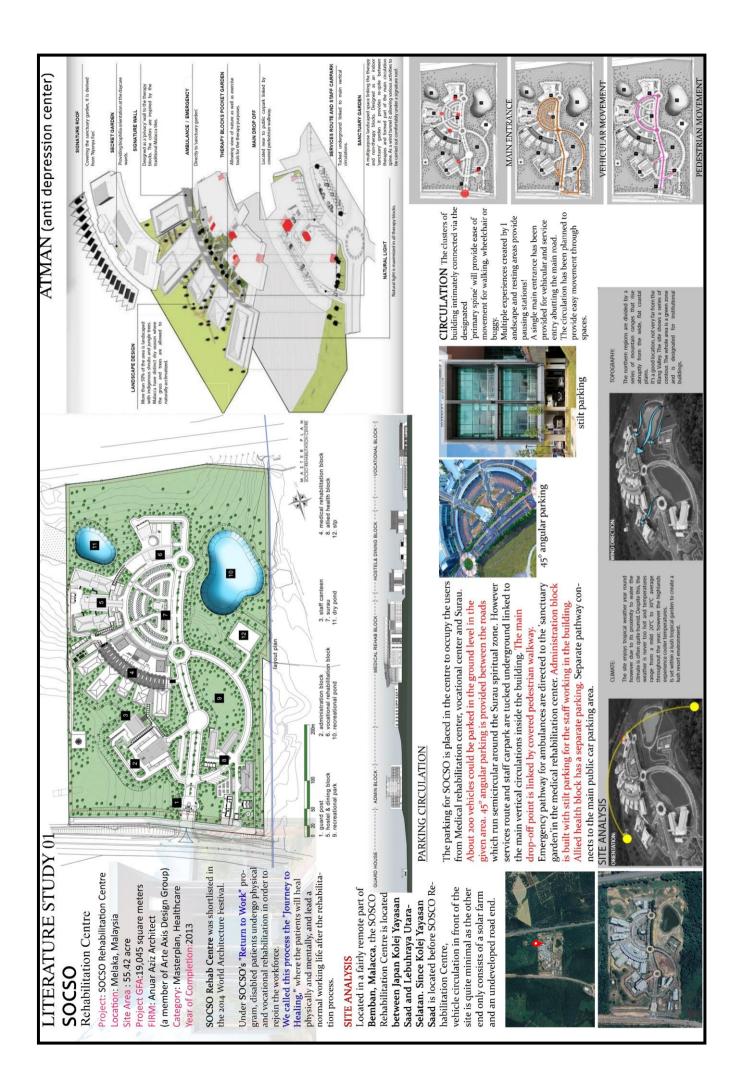
Psychologists, Occupational Therapist, Hypnotherapists, Dietician, Art, and Music Therapist, Yoga Teacher and counselors which makes Alpha Healing Center the best rehabilitation including Psychiatrists, Clinical they have a team of experts enter in India.

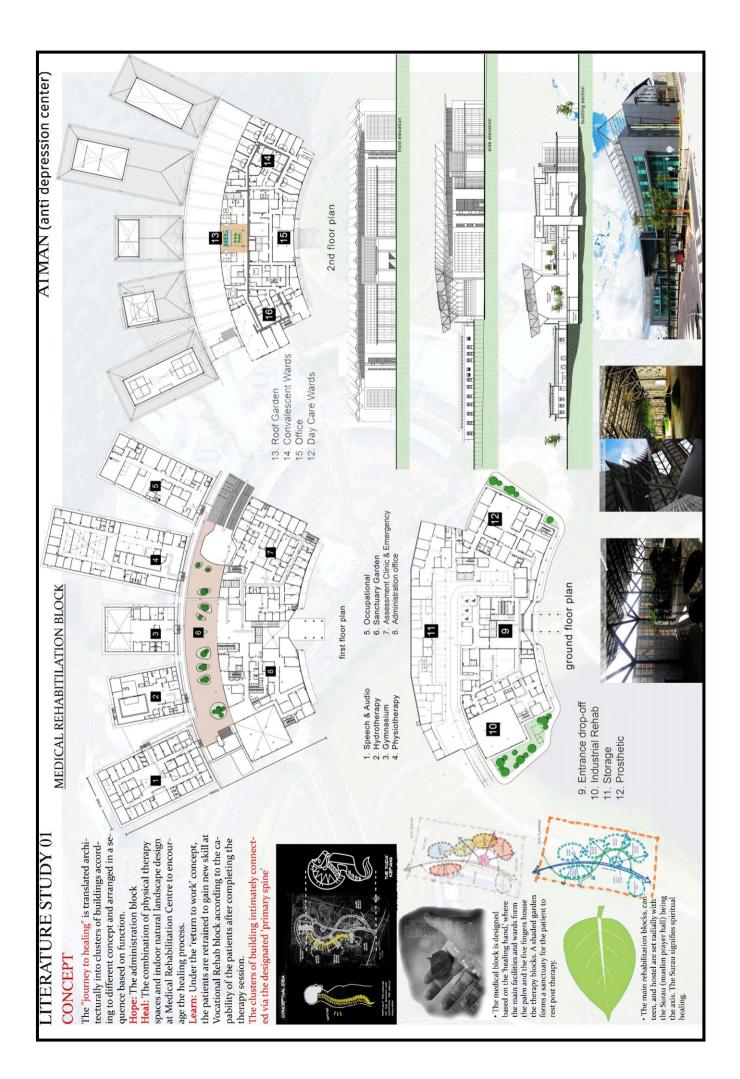
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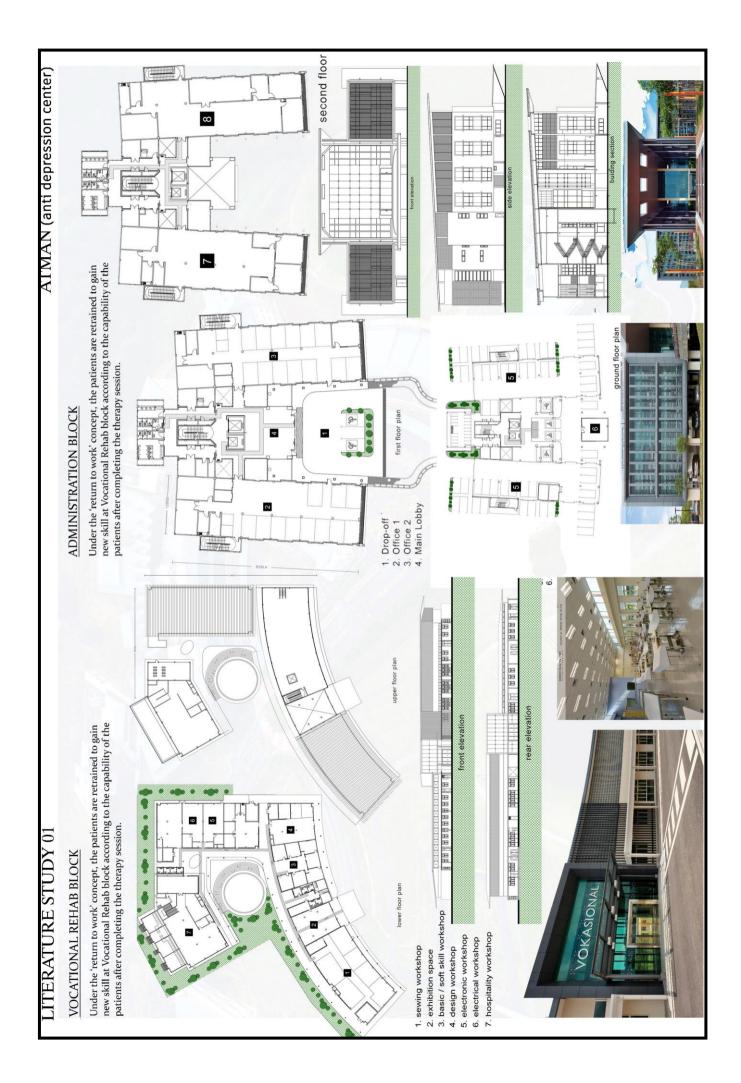




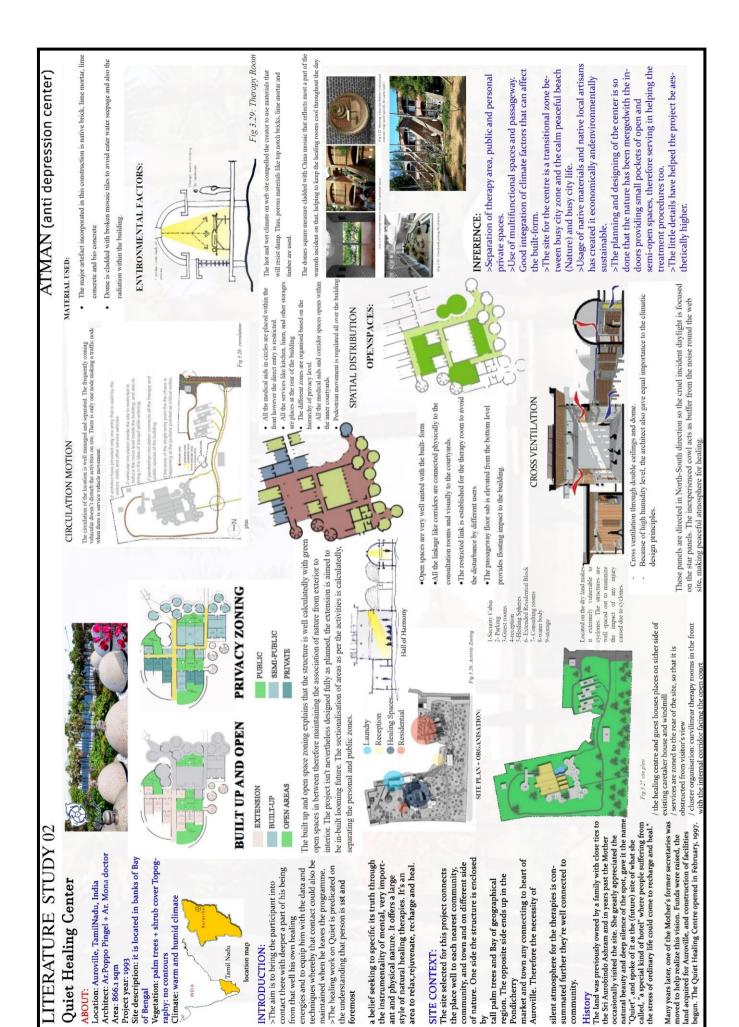




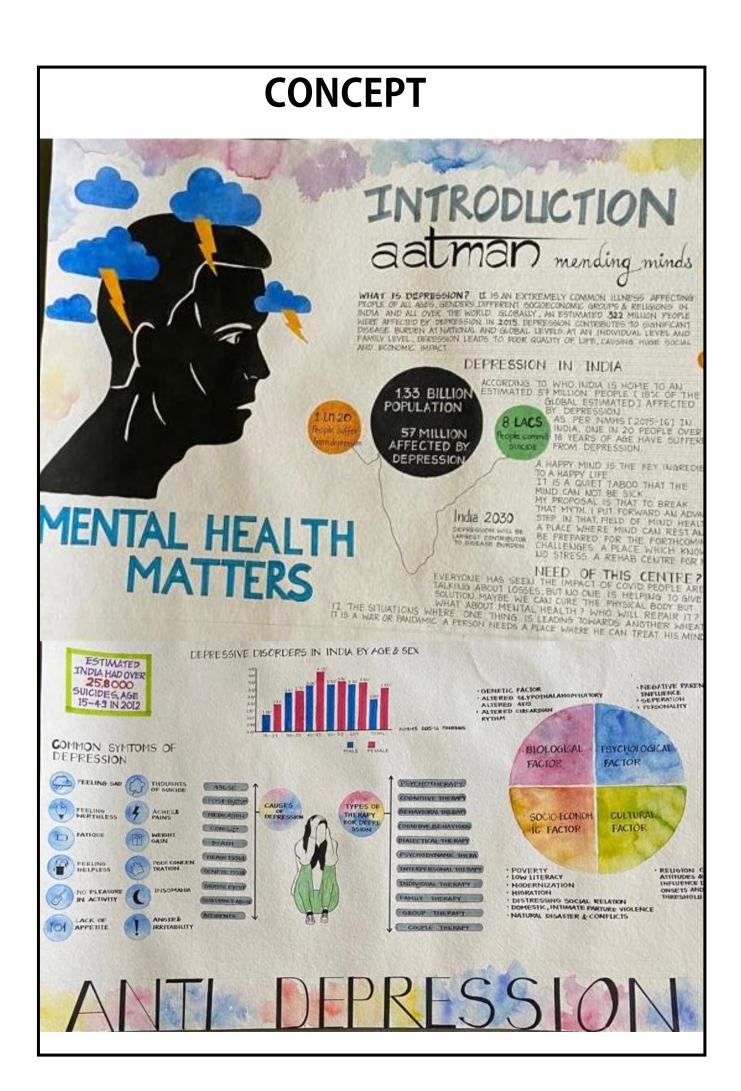


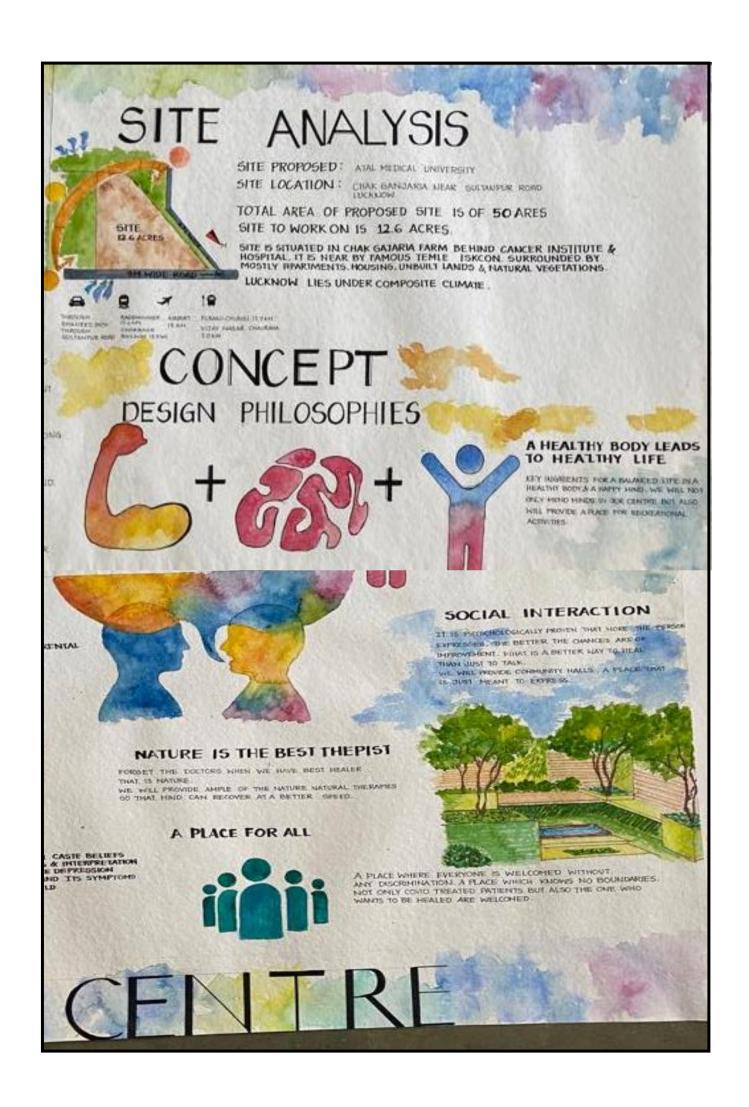


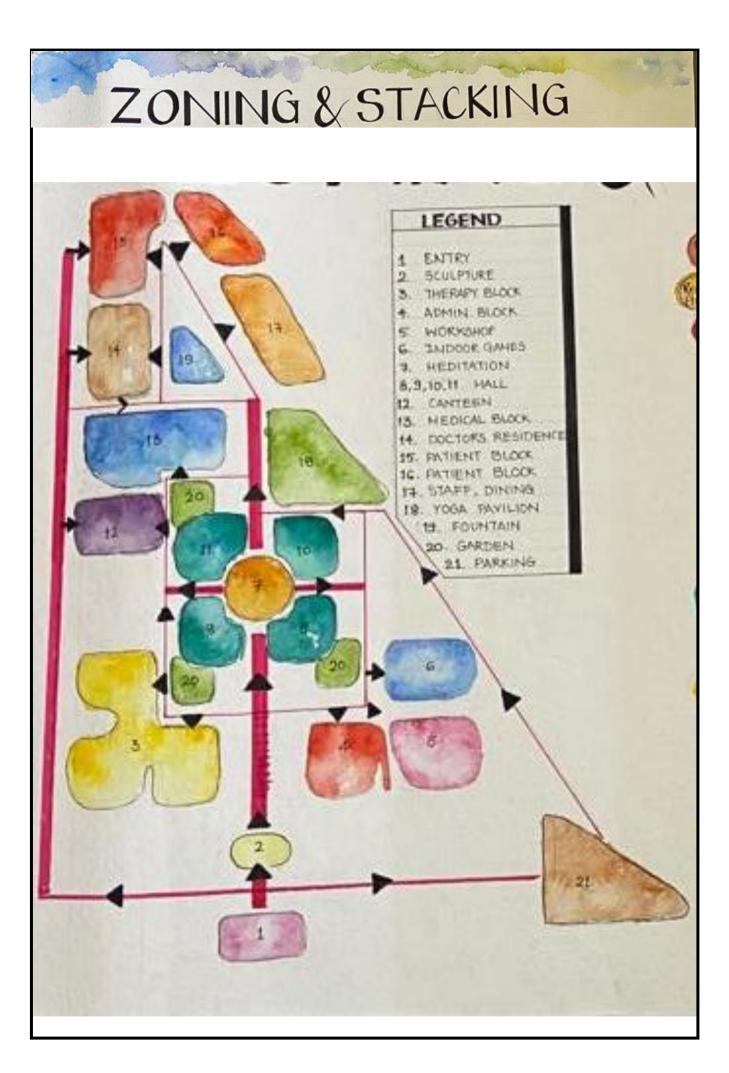
ATMAN (anti depression center) "There is a significant gap in Chinese literature that theoretic scholars suggest using tradition Chinese medicine theories LANDSCAPE nealing garden WATER FEATURE 旧日間 一 Soft and hard landscaping is a very crong element that holds the whole development togeth is intended that the greenery and it is intended that the greenery and spiritual therapy' as part of the heal の日本 1 1 process 3. anatomy & physiology lab marketing department 4. occupational therapy easy access. Independent car parking is given for visiting users rather 6. a&r/student affairs/ Allied health block provides a range of diagnostic, technical, thera-peutic, and support services in connection with health care. It has a 7. physiotherapy lab 2. slinting workshop separate entry and is built in closer proximity to the main road for 5. entrance foyer mock home 7 layout plan elevation . elevation 2 9 ŝ ALLIED HEALTH I than the resting patients. NE З 2 4 -01918 Ш R Data 1. entrance 1 2. entrance 2 3. prayer hall Generally smaller physical structures, its ritual functions are similar A surau is an Islamic assembly building in some regions of Sumatra and the Malay Peninsula used for worship and religious instruction. are used more for religious instruction and festive prayers. front elevation LITERATURE STUDY 01 side elevation to a mosque, allow men and women, and layout plan T П З 8 E SURAU

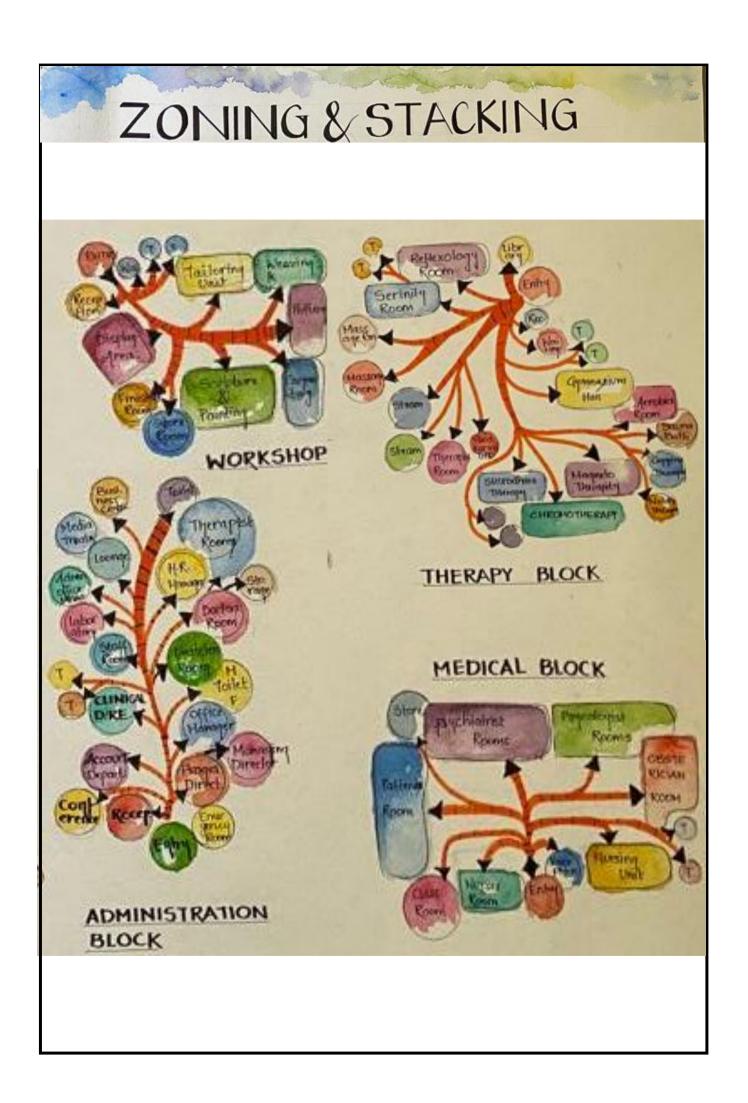


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THERAPY BLOCK	UNITS	OCCUPANCY AREA	EA	MEDICAL CENTRE				WORKSHOP AREA			
LIBRARY	1		250 sqm	NURSING UNIT	10	2	10 sqm	TAILORING AND EMBROIDERY	1	25	75 sqm
TOILET	1		15 sqm	OBSTERITRICIAN ROOM	4	œ	20 sqm	WEAVING AND KNITTING	1	25	75 sqm
TOILET	-		15 sqm	PSYCOLOGIST ROOM	10	2	16 sqm	POTTERY	1	25	75 sqm
AEROBICS ROOM	2		80 sqm	PHARMACY	2		25 sqm	CARPENTARY	1	25	75 sqm
GYMNASIUM	1		200 sqm	NURSES ROOM	S	2	25 sqm	SCULPTURE AND PAINTING	1	25	75 sqm
TOILET	1		15 sqm	STORE ROOM	2		15 sqm	STORE	2		25 sqm
TOILET	-		15 sqm	TOILET	1		20 sqm	ROOM FOR FINISHED	2		25 sqm
RECEPTION	1		40 sqm	TOILET	1		20 sqm	DISPLAY AREA	2		75 sqm
REFLEXOLOGY ROOM	4		18 sqm	PSYCHIATRIST	10	2	20 sqm	TOILET	2		15 sqm
SERENITY ROOM	4		18 sqm	CLASS ROOM	2	50	75 sqm	TOILET	2		15 sqm
MASSAGE ROOM MALE	2		35 sqm	RECEPTION	1	2	40 sqm				686 sqm
MASSAGE ROOM FEMALE	S		35 sqm	PATIENT ROOM	2	2	40 sqm	CIRCULATION			171.5sqm
STEAM ROOM MALE	S		35 sqm				1400 sqm	TOTAL			857sqm
STEAM ROOM FEMALE	2		35 sqm	CIRCULATION			350sqm				
TOILET MALE	1		15 sqm	TOTAL			1750sqm				
TOILET FEMALE	1		15 sqm								
TOUNGE	1		40 sqm	GATHERING SPACE				RECREATIONAL AREA			
CONSULTATION ROOM	10		16 sqm								
COUNSELING ROOM	20		16 sqm	MEDITATION HALL	1		450sqm	INDOOR SPORTS	1		200 sqm
STAFF ROOM	2		30 sqm	MULTIPURPOSE HALL	1		196sqm	INDOOR POOL	2		75 sqm
THERAPIST ROOM	7		20 sqm	COMMUNITY HALL	m		196sqm	TOILET	2		20 sqm
PANCHKARMA THERAPY	2		20 sqm					TOILET	2		20 sqm
SHIRODHARA THERAPY	S		20 sqm				1234 sqm				430 sqm
PHYSIOTHERAPIST	S		20 sqm	CIRCULATION			1542.5sqm	TOTAL			537sqm
MAGNETOTHERAPY	2		20 sqm						_		
CHROMOTHERAPY	S		20 sqm	ACCOMODATION				CANTEEN/ RESTAURANT			
FOOD & NUTRITION	2		50 sqm								
SAUNA ROOM MALE	2		35 sqm	DOCTORS RESIDENCE	1	20	700 sqm (35sqm X 20)	CANTEEN	1	200	300sqm
SAUNA ROOM FEMALE	2		35 sqm	STAFF HOSTEL	1	4	880 sqm (22sqm X 40)	KITCHEN			120sqm
MUSIC HALL (AROMATHERAPY)	1		100 sqm	PATIENTS RESIDENCE M	1	100	1056sqm (32sqm / PR)				
DANCE HALL (CHROMOTHERAPY)	PY) 1		100 sqm	PATIENTS RESIDENCE F	1	100	1056sqm (32sqm / pp)	TOTAL			525sqm
CUPPING THERAPY	4		35 sqm	PATIENTS RESIDENCE	1	50	1100sqm (22sqm/pp)				0
DRY NEEDLE THERAPY	4		35 sqm	KITCHEN	1		60 sqm				1
Visiting V			3189sqm	DINNING HALL	1	50	150 sqm				
25% circulation			797sqm	SERVANT QUARTER			307sqm	PARKING			1250sqm
TOTAL			3986.25sqm	TOTAL			6583sqm (CI)				
								TOTAL AREA			17,849sqm
								TOTAL SITE AREA			50,990sqm
								35% GROUND COVERAGE		17	17,846.50sqm
								F.A.R.			1.5
1										1	